The New-York Times.

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THE FAR WEST.

Campaigning Under Difficulties.

Price's Unsuccessful Campaign in Missouri and Kansas.

A Record of Rebel Pillage, Devastation and Murder.

Military Affairs in Western Arkansas.

THE HOSTILE INDIANS ON THE PLAINS.

From Our Own Correspondent.

LEAVENWORTH, Kansas, Friday, Dec. 9, 1864.

The silence of your correspondent from this region is owing to the fact of his absence with the Army of the Border in the late pursuit of Gen. PRICE to the Arkansas, where active duties in the field and the fatigue consequent thereon precluded the possibility of his writing. Seventy continuous days in the saddle on the Indian expedition and the later campaign, with participation in all but two of the engagements of that pursuit, may be offered as an excuse, and as a reasonable limit to my powers of physical endurance. So much by way of personal introduction and apology.

THE UPRISING IN KANSAS.

The most profound quiet prevails in Kansas at this time. This is but a natural result of the important events which within the past two months have added new lustre to the renowned loyalty and courage of this State. Nothing like this marvelous uprising has been witnessed since the war. When the Governor's call was issued and Gen. CURTIS proclaimed martial law, upon the certainty that the rebel army was advancing to invade us, the entire male population sprang to arms to resist the invasion. Traversing as I did the entire width of the State, returning from the Indian expedition, I can truly say that the response was indeed stirring. It revealed the important fact of the great growth in population Kansas has had since the war. We have sent 12,000 white males to swell the Union army since the President's first call. Yet the call for our militia brought not less than 20,000 armed men to their feet. Of these, about 4,000 were exempts. At least 17,000 were massed at different points along the border, waiting the approach of the foe. Leavenworth was fortified; Wyandotte, Paola, Fort Scott, and other points were put in a posture of defance.

THE KANSAS MILITIA IN THE FIELD.

Gen. CURTIS had a force of not more than 3,500 volunteers all told, besides this militia. They were put under "Rough-and-Ready" Gen. BLUNT and sent to find the enemy. That he did meet, fight and hold that foe in check has become a part of our national history. The militia of Kansas, to the number of 6,000, participated in the battle of Westport, Oct. 23, and acquitted themselves most creditably. At Hickman's Mills, crossing of the Big Blue, about 10 miles from Kansas City, the Second Regiment State Militia, had a severe and unsupported engagement with one of PRICE's main columns, that commanded by Gen. SHELBY, in which the militia lost 26 killed and wounded, one gun, and about 120 captured. Among their dead was the Lieutenant-Colonel and two other officers. The prisoners were afterward paroled at Granby, Mo., by Gen. SHELBY. SHELBY distinguished himself greatly by his courage and skill, as also by his universal kind treatment of all prisoners who fell into his hands. This is the testimony of all those who were paroled or recaptured by us. Gen. BLUNT's division, with which your correspondent served, fought SHELBY four times and FAGAN once during the campaign.

WHAT THE REBELS DID.

The amount of damage done in Kansas was comparatively inconsiderable, aside from that arising out of the total suspension of all business, which resulted under the proclamation of martial law, for a period of fifteen days. The rebel army crossed the State line near the Kansas River, just below the Shawnee Mission, on the evening of the 22d. They were driven back by the First and Second Brigades, under Cols. JENISON and MOONLIGHT, assisted by the Johnson County militia. Again on the 24th, at Coldwater Grove, thirty miles below, a small column attempted to cross the line, but were met by Col. MOONLIGHT, of the Eleventh Kansas, commanding the Second Brigade, and driven back. Near Choteau's trading post, on the Marias des Cygnes, (famous as the scene of the Hamilton massacre of eleven Free State men in May 1858,) the main rebel army entered Kansas.

MURDER AND DESOLATION.

Their first act was the murder of an old man named VERNON, a Northern Methodist preacher. Our forces were some miles in the rear, and after a march of fifty-four miles, had been halted at West Point, two miles from the scene of murder, to effect some changes in the order of march. Every act of the rebel soldiery indicated the fiendish devastation to which they had devoted our State. Where Mr. VERNON was shot, (the house of a neighbor,) everything that could support life was stolen, horses and cattle driven off, hay, fodder and fences burnt, and even a dead horse was thrown into the well, so as to render it unfit for use. This was the course of action throughout. At a house below, a man named WILLIAMS, and his son, (the latter just mustered out of the Sixth Kansas,) were taken and have not since been heard of. Eleven horses were stolen from him. Large quantities of hay were burnt at the trading post, which had been put up for Government use, troops having been stationed here.

The rebel line of march in this section of Kansas will describe in form the arc of a circle, the lower half of which would extend further to the east and south. In all they moved about twenty miles, entering the State at sundown of the 24th of October, and leaving it after dark next evening. In that distance we fought them five times, four of which engagements were quite brilliant and successful, resulting in the capture of eight guns, one hundred and fifty wagons, one thousand prisoners, six hundred killed and wounded, several hundred horses and a large number of cattle, ordnance stores, small arms, &c. Wherever our rapid march left the rebel advance time, they destroyed and murdered as when first they crossed the line. All forage, hay, and fences were set fire to, at least a dozen men were murdered, (that the number was not greater is owing to the fact that nearly all were in the ranks of the militia,) Fort Lincoln was burnt, with several stores and dwelling-houses, and everything valuable carried off. That greater damage was not done, is owing to the fact that our pursuit was conducted with the utmost celerity and success. Yet there was no time when the rebel army did not largely outnumber our own.

THE PURSUIT.

After the battle of Westport, upon the 23d, only three regiments of militia moved in the pursuit, Gen. BLUNT's (the First Division) numbered about 3,000 men; Gen. PLEASONTON's, consisting of Gens. SANBORN's, BROWN's, MCNEIL's, and WINSLOW's (commanded by Lieut.-Col. BENTEEN) brigades, numbered about 6,000 men—in all, 9,000. PRICE had at least double that number of well-armed men, most of them veterans, in addition to about 10,000 recruits and conscripts, only partially armed, yet we defeated them in every encounter.

THE RESULT OF THE CAMPAIGN.

The result of the campaign is well known. A few details may not be uninteresting, as showing the energy of the pursuit and the perfect overthrow of the rebel chieftain.

PRICE'S FORCE—THE BATTLE OF PILOT KNOB.

Gen. PRICE crossed the Arkansas on the 8th of September, with about 15,000 armed and 4,000 unarmed men, with 19 guns, (mostly captured from us on the Red River,) and a train of about 300 wagons—also captured. His unarmed men were equipped by the time he reached Pilot Knob. Much has been said about the battle at this point. Gen. THOMAS EWING defended it most gallantly against odds, but the attacking force has been greatly overrated. Prisoners captured by us, both officers and men, with whom I conversed, affirm that this engagement was fought by a detached column under Gen. CABELL, numbering about 2,000, that their loss was 150 men killed, and as many wounded, that the object was to divert attention from the main rebel column, then moving around St. Louis to the centre of the State. In this they were entirely successful. PRICE moved unmolested to Jefferson City, which was saved from capture by the energetic march from Springfield of Gen. SANBORN. Thence the main rebel army moved to Boonville and Lexington wholly unmolested, living on the country, foraging at will, "gobbling" up all the small posts, conscripting and recruiting leisurely, until when they reached Lexington, the rebel force was not less than 28,000, of whom 20,000 were armed and mounted; twenty pieces of artillery, a train of 600 or 700 wagons, carriages, loaded with all kinds of valuable plunder, an immense herd of cattle, and an excellent and unbroken *morale*. Evidently PRICE was aiming to winter in Missouri, and to this end was moving to Kansas City, a position which would enable him to forage in Kansas.

DISPOSITION OF OUR FORCES.

The position of our forces was at this juncture somewhat of this character: ROSECRANS' base was Jefferson City; Gen. PLEASONTON, with his cavalry, was following slowly and cautiously in the direct rear of PRICE's main army, being, when the latter's advance entered Lexington, about thirty miles south of Cook's store, in the direction of Sedalia. Gen. A. J. SMITH, with the infantry of his corps, was moving by an outer road, on the west flank, toward HICKMAN'S Mills; Gen. ROSECRANS with FISK's command, was behind, directing the movements.

Gen BLUNT, with all the volunteer force (excepting two regiments) belonging to the Department of Kansas, had occupied Lexington, in pursuance of a reconnoissance he was making. At Kansas City, Gen. CURTIS' headquarters were established; while there, on the State line, four miles southwest, and at Independence, twelve miles east, the Kansas militia, to the number of 12,000, were being rapidly gathered and organized. BLUNT fought and held the rebels in check one whole day at Lexington, again another day at the Little Blue, eight miles east of Independence, and then consumed another in resisting their flanking movement, across the Big Blue, whereby they turned the right wing of CURTIS' force, an operation which resulted in the battle of Westport, which was fought by JOE SHELBY, with his own and FAGAN's divisions.

HURRIED AND DISORDERLY RETREAT OF THE REBELS.

By means of this stubborn resistance on the part of CURTIS and BLUNT, Gen. PLEASONTON's advance, commanded by Gen. MCNEIL, was enabled to attack their rear, commanded by MARMADUKE, on the evening of the 22d, at Independence, defeating and driving them out, recapturing two Parrott guns, formerly belonging to the Second Missouri Light Artillery, Col. COLES. It enabled PLEASONTON to join in the rout of the rebels on the 23d, and to follow them until the 25th, when he himself left the chase. At Westport we captured three guns and burst another, a shell from the Colorado Battery entering the muzzle, exploding the gun, killing six and wounding three men and two horses. Hundreds of horses were taken at these engagements. The roads were lined with guns, caissons and wagons.

At the battle of the 25th we captured eight guns at Fayetteville, Ark., another exploded, and four or five others were captured and abandoned before they crossed the Arkansas River. We marched in all, between the 12th of October, the day the First Division left Paola, en route to Lexington, Mo., and the 20th of November, the day we reached Fort Scott on our return, a period of forty days, about six hundred miles, the latter portion in stormy weather, snow and rain; fighting eight different engagements; the latter half of the pursuit being made by a force of only 3,000 effective men—the First Division, Gen. BLUNT, and the cavalry brigade of the Seventeenth Corps, (A. J. SMITH's,) under Lieut.-Col. BENTEEN, of the Ninth Missouri Volunteers. The enemy lost, destroyed and abandoned his entire wagon train, with the exception of about one hundred wagons, his immense herd of cattle, abandoned and had captured at least five thousand horses, while one-third of the remaining animals will perish from want of forage and hard usage. Not less than 10,000 stand of small arms have been lost by him; and his Adjutant-General, whom we found wounded at Cane Hill, Ark., states that their returns showed on the 3d of November, the day PRICE left, a loss in men of 10,556, about one-half of whom were killed, wounded or captured, the balance being deserters, since the battle of Lexington. This loss is mainly in the best part of his army, the Missouri and Arkansas veterans of the trans-Mississippi rebel army.

Have we not reason to be proud of our work, especially when we remember that it was accomplished amid much privation and sacrifice?

Our loss in the campaign will be about 600 killed and wounded, one gun captured, and about 300 prisoners, most of whom were dropped, escaped or were paroled. In addition to our other gains is the great one of having got rid of many of the leading guerrillas and much of their following, from the border counties of Missouri. It is certainly ascertained that QUANTRELL, who has been sick with consumption, was taken South; that GEORGE TODD was killed at the Little Blue; that BILL ANDERSON is dead, STEWART also, and that Col. JACKMAN, a notorious partisan leader, was wounded in one of the battles of Oct. 25, and has since died of his wounds. Their followers have largely left the State, and with sagacious administrative action, civil and military, the incoming loyal and radical Executive can readily crown himself with the magnificent result we all desire—that of *recreating* Missouri, bring order out of chaos, and evolving a free society out of the anarchy and ruin left by the volcanic throes with which, amid the dying agonies of slavery, fierce rebellion has cursed this great central State.

WESTERN ARKANSAS.

Military affairs in Western Arkansas and the Indian Territory are in a rather indifferent state. Mismanagement has endangered what we gained there in 1863. Fort Smith is splendidly fortified, but with a division of 6,000 or 7,000 men, Gen. THAYER has allowed himself to be cooped within his works. Gens. COOPER and GANO, with about an equal number (not more) of Texan and Indian rebels, have occupied all outside of our posts. Nothing was done to prevent PRICE crossing the river, when 2,000 men, with a battery, could perhaps have prevented the passage of his army. No rebel force, except PRICE, was within a hundred miles of Fort Smith. Two thousand men could have held its works against 10,000, and yet with 5,000 or 6,000 men nothing was done by the Commanding-General, except to march a brigade across the river one day, telegraph Gen. STEELE, at Little Rock, that GANO, with 7,000 men, was threatening the post, and then, under orders induced by such information, on the next day marching them back again.

GANO and BROOKS have completely isolated the garrisons of Forts Smith and Gibson. At the former post the troops have for months been on half rations, and for two months previous to our advent had not been able to get a mail through. At Fort Gibson the Indian Brigade were reduced to beef and four ounces of flour per day, and the day we left a battalion started out to meet a train expected from Fort Scott, with 60 ears of corn per company—*all* they had, with the exception of what beef they might kill.

THE HOSTILE INDIANS.

The hostile Indians of the Plains have again commenced their warfare. They have lately attacked several trains on the Santa Fe road, capturing some stock and killing several white men. On the 23d inst. they attacked a large train and herd of cattle belonging to J. L. MCDOWELL, late Mayor of this city and others, at a point 17 miles east of Fort Zarah, and were handsomely repulsed. The Ex-Mayor is a fighting man, and while the United States Marshal here, made himself very useful in pursuing guerrillas who raided in our State. He had command of a company of mounted militia at Westport, and did exceedingly well. Col. CHIVINGTON, commanding in Colorado, reports a successful campaign against the Indian Cheyennes, and the killing of some five hundred warriors.

There is no other way to deal with these savages than to fight them fiercely, thrash them well, and when subdued, remove them from their present location, taking care that they be hereafter fairly dealt with.

OUR PRISONERS.

Conclusion of the Exchange at Charleston—Nearly Eleven Thousand Union Soldiers Released—Additional List of the Dead.

From Our Special Correspondent,

HILTON HEAD, S. C., Saturday, Dec. 17, 1864.

Yesterday the reception of prisoners of war by Col. MULFORD was concluded. Over one thousand were brought down, making the total number received and placed on board the fleet between eleven and twelve thousand.

With the exception of some delay, occasioned by the campaign of Gen. SHERMAN, the exchange has been conducted very smoothly, and with good faith on the part of the Confederate authorities.

At 10 o'clock to-day the truce terminates, due notice having been given to the naval and military Commanders. At this hour, the sharpshooters, who have for some days past strolled and sunned themselves on the crumbling slopes of Fort Sumter, will no doubt become invisible, and the inhabitants of the city leave that portion of Charleston, known as "Shell Town," on the double quick. Even our own men will probably betake themselves to the shelter of the forts, and when again at work with the heavy guns, remember with pleasure the respite from labor (in a siege of 517 days' length) granted by the presence of the exchange fleet.

To Col. MULFORD the greatest praise must be given for his unflagging energy in carrying out even the minutest details of the expedition. Being very short of officers, a much larger share of the business—even to the Quartermaster's and Commissary's Departments—has been transacted by him, than should legitimately have fallen to the lot of one man. To repay him, however, for all this labor, he has the satisfaction of knowing that he has received the heartfelt blessing of each one of the many thousand men released by him from a dreadful captivity.

THE CHARNEL HOUSE AT ANDERSONVILLE.

Some time since, in sending the partial list of deaths at Andersonville, I inadvertently withheld the following:

Wm Wilson, Co F, 4th N H.
J Goldin, Co G, 2d Va Cav.
Corp R Smith, Co H, 10th Iowa.
J Chapman, Co H, 7th Pa.
B S Osterhoudt, Co C, 120th N Y.
O Vish, Co E, 178th N Y.
Wm Deitz, Co H, 53d Pa.
L Dricharme, Co R, 1st Mass Cav.
Wm H Tipton, Co I, 2d Tenn.
R Babcock, Co A, 30th Conn.
A Henderson, Co F, 58th Pa.
A Skinner, Co C, 6th N J.
Allen Scott, Co H, 16th Pa.
Thos Carter, Co H, 16th U S.
J Brenn, Co K, 73d Pa.
Jno Egan, Co D, 125th N Y.
D Gildea, Citizen.
D Hurly, U S Marine Corps.
J Ethlar, Co E, 13th N Y C
W McMann, Co E, 2d Wis B.
Sergt H Baalt, Co E, 18th Pa Cav.
Wm Lyshon, Co I, 2d Va.
F Rhodes, Co E, 79th Pa.
B Davis, Co C, 5th Ky.
Sgt C Painter, Co F, 9th Va.
J Scheingert, Co G, 73d Pa.
Geo Lowd, Co D, 9th Va.
J Smith, Co H, 65th Ind.
Jno Beam, Co E, 76th Pa.
R H Taylor, Co F, 123th N Y.
R McFarlin, Co I, 2d Ohio.
W T Brewer, Co D, 7th Tenn Cav.
C Luff, Co I, 58th Ind.
C W Hunt, Co A, 1st R I C.
P Conner, Co A, 11th Mich.
Thos Perry, Co B, 12th Tenn.
H Bradshaw, U S Marine Corps.
C P Ryan, Co G, 2d Tenn.
Thos Reilly, Co D, 1st K y.
Thos White, Co D, 1st U S.
N Colburn, Co I, 73d Ill.
J Kraill, Co I, 16th Ill Cav.
J O'Dougherty, Co F, 51st N Y.
Corp Wm McGivern, Co B, 158th N Y.
M Turner, U S Navy.

DEATHS JULY 2, 1864.

O O Corry, Co D, 106th Ill
Wm McSpadden, Co E, 22d Mich.
Daniel Ball, Co B, 11th Ky —chronic diarrhœa.
Jas Finlan, Co K, 11th Ohio.
Corp A Marshal, Co H, 96th Ill.
John Pendleton, Co F, 69th N Y.
J Winningham, Co B, 2d Tenn.
W Briggs, Co G, 2d Mass Heavy Artillery.
Asa Moore, bugler, Co E, 22d N Y.
Sergt W B Pursely, Co C, 13th Tenn Cav.
Jas Hendricks, Co C, 2d Ind Cav.
Corp J H Armhalt, Co I, 10th Va.
R Guffy, Co E, 18th Maine.
Wm Ranisay, Co G, 7th N H.
M P Higgins, Co C, 3d Ind Cav.
Jos Sopher, Co F, 132d N Y.
J Little, Co E, 19th U S.
O Halbert, Co H, 14th Ohio.
A Cooley, Co C, 38th Ind.
S Blynn, Co G, 85th N Y.
H H Oliver, Co M, 5th Ind Cav.
S Smith, Co I, 111th N Y.
John Webster, Co C, 137th N Y.
Geo Kline, Co I, 63d Penn.
Wm C Cole, Co C, 13th Ky Cav
R Berfert, Co B, 103d Penn
John Bowman, Co C, 2d O
A J Boley, Co C, 66th Ind
Joseph Wooll, Co B, 15th O
G Swearer, Co H, 13th Penn Cavalry
Simon Rodh, Co E, 9th Ind
J T Pace, Co C, 18th U S
J H Hierman, Co E, 4th U S Cavalry
R Ryan, Co C, 16th Ohio
J Browning, Co F, 2d Tenn
Wm Shroder, Co A, 42d Ind
G Gritton, Co D, 11th Ky Cavalry
H C Bridwell, Co D, 36th Ill
Sergt F J Freeman, Co F, 8th Ky
H Logan, Co E, 6th O Cav
Corp H Richards, Co I, 79th Ill
Wm McCready, Co C, 96th Ill
G Graves, Co C, 16th Ky
C Brannock, Co K, 79th Ill
Jacob Schifert, Co F, 54th Penn
Milton Lukins, Co A, 145th Penn
Patrick Fallan, Co K, 3d N Y Art
Henry Leach, Co D, 16th Mo
H Rusenberry, Co H, 13th Penn Cav
L W Howell, Co M, 1st Md Cav
A Smith, Co L, 1st Mich Cav
Thos Dermody, Co H, 1st Ky
D Leary, Co A, 2d Mass Cav.
Richard Vincent, Co K, 1st U S.
L Skiver, Co B, 31st Ohio.
Daniel Wilson, Co B, Ringgold's Battalion.
Jas Evans, Co H, 17th Mass.
N Hollibaugh, Co C, 67th Penn.
T E Galer, Co B, 17th Mass.
J Ensign, Co B, 11th Mich
W P Cook, Co A, 2d E Tenn.
Whitaker, (colored,) 8th Penn.
J A Skinner, Co A, 13th Penn Cav.
N H Smith, Co H, 1st Ohio.
Corp M J Hodges, Co F, 5th Ind.
J Elliott, Co D, 69th Penn.
B Schennoski, Co A, 170th N Y.
C E Chadwick, Co F, 7th N H.
Sergt Charles Kester, Co G, 141st N Y.
D Maran, Co B, 50th Penn.
Wm Stanchly, Co K, 6th Ind.
J Hastings, Co D, 118th Penn.
Sergt L Golterman, Co A, 16th N Y.
J Turney, Co C, 11th Ky Cav.
Samuel D Rush, Co F, 94th Ohio
Chas Moore, Co H, 19th O
W Conklin, Co B, 121st O
R Schnarr, Co F, 45th Penn
D Harper, Co K, 7th Iowa Cav
B McLaughlin Co I, 90th Ill
J Brown, Co E, 13th Tenn Cav
J D Clemens, Co D, 7th Tenn Cav
John H Johnson, Co D, 98th Ohio
Sergt W Powers, Co A, 7th Tenn Cav
C Gardner, U S Marine Corps
John Stillwell, Co L, 88th Ill
Michael Daly, Co H, 10th Mo Cav
W H Radabaugh, Co A 83d Ohio
Corp J R Myers, Co M, 13th Penn Cav
Geo Buckley Co B, 9th Md
D Wilson, Co H, 48th N Y
J P Willis, seaman
M Sweitzer, Co H, 19th U S
Thos O Whitcomb, Co F, 4th Maine
Geo H Griffin, Co L, 13th Penn Cav
N Hendricks, Co D, 4th Pa Cav
W Priest, Co E, 132d N Y
John V Giles, Co H, 89th Ill
Wm Damm, Co F, 19th U S
George Brumley, Co I, 4th Penn Cav
1st Sergt H H Hoffland, Co K, 15th Wis

DEATHS JULY 4, 1864.

Jno Cameron, Co H, 1st N Y Cavalry.
James Canon, Co C, 4th Penn Cavalry.
P H Egrillim, Co K, 22d Mich
B A Hall, Co A, 2d Tenn.
J Miller, Co K, 1st N J Cav.
Geo Forney, Co F, 13th Penn Cavalry.
J Thorp, Co H, 3d Va.
R F Wolf, Co E, 8th Iowa.
J March, Co C, 22d N Y Cav.
H Norman, Co I, 2d Va Cav.
G W Cooper, Co B, 7th Tenn.
2d Lieut G F Slocum, Co A, 1st R I Cavalry.
W B Thomas, Co C, 89th O.
C Celling, Co I, 2d Maine.
F Gilbert, Co K, 3d Mich.
P L Francis, Co H, 3d N Y Cavalry.
Wm Scott, Co D, 8th Penn, colored.
Jas Dooly, Co L, 16th Ill Cavalry.
A Manning, Co A, 25th Ill.
L H Palmer, Co D, 9th Iowa.
A Bacchus, Co A, 16th N Y.
H H Reed, Co H, 2d Conn Artillery.
L Mases, Co E, 85th N Y.
Jos Moriot, Co K, 5th Ohio Cavalry.
Jno Bowman, Co C, 42d Ind.
J O Burt, Co A, 2d N Y Cav.
N E Northrop, Co H, 4th U S
H Louther, Co K, 69th N Y.
Corp Thos Rees, Co C, 98th Ohio.
G W Vimsout, Co I, 14th N Y Artillery.
Isaac Rumsey, Co I, 86th N Y.
Thos Stevens, Co M, 2d Mass.
D Drecal, Co B, 1st Mich Cavalry.
Jno W Smith, U S G B Southfield.
Samuel Calvan, Co K, 103d Penn.
H Brakinger, Co M, 7th Ill.
J Lintern, Co A, 3d Penn A.
C G Ashley, Co G, 126th N Y.
J W Davis, Co C, 2d Tenn.
Sgt W H Potter, Co F, 85th New-York.
D Ulrick, Co I, 9th Md.
Sgt T Hughes, Co G, 9th Ky Cavalry.
H Haney, Co D, 16th U S.
L Miles, Co I, 4th Penn.
R S Clark, Co E, 62d Ohio.
M Little, Co F, 106th Penn.
Corp G H Fogel, Co K, 85th New-York.
C Kingburg, Co K, 14th Connecticut.
E Duffy, Co L, 1st Wis.
H Lanham, Co C, 8th Va.
A Chase, Co H, 111th N Y.
W Griffin, Co I, 6th Ind.
J Jones, Co C, 147th Penn.
J Barker, Co F, 2d N C.
J Long, Co C, 2d Tenn.

DEATHS JUNE 9, 1864.

Thos Mayer, Co E, 103th Pa.
Sergt J Davis, Co F, 7th Ohio Cav.
W J Woodsides, Co E, 18th Pa—ch diarrhœa.
S Minger, Co D, 1st R I Cav
W Campbell, Co A, 2d Tenn.
Corp Jas Mangur, Co H, 24th Wis.
A Owen, Co D, 2d Tenn.
Sergt T Kinnely Co E, 17th Mass.
J Alexander, Co C, 125th Mass—ch diarrhœa.
J W Walls, Co M, 7th Tenn —died in camp.
M Weaver, Co C, 1st Va Cav—ch diarrhœa.
J Steward, Co H, 11th Mass —debility.
Jno Borra, Co H, 65th Ind —ch diarrhœa.
J Hennessy Co D, 28th Ky —ch diarrhœa.
J W Guist, Co I, 57th Pa—ch diarrhœa.
C Brown, Co D, 16th U S—br anasarca.
J Rei, Co K, 124th Ohio.
B W Jordan, Co D, 84th Ill.
A B Ramsey, Co K 45th Ill —ch diarrhœa.
Wm Harris, Co I, 8th Tenn —ch diarrhœa.
Thos Osborn, Co H, 5th Va.
Robt Holms, Co H, 12th Pa Cav—ch diarrhœa.
Saml Lindsay, Co H, 10th N J—febris typhoides.
N Camp, Co F, 2d N Y Cav.
Lewis Leter, Co D, 22d Mich
Wm Laferty, Ringold's Ind Cav.
Jno Simmons, 22d Ohio Bat —ch diarrhœa.
Jas M Hodges, Co F, 2d Tenn.
F Roach, Co I, 99th N Y—anasarca.
P White, Co C, 2d Ind Cav —ch diarrhœa.
Jno Sitter, Co I, 16th Ill. Cav.
Sergt B F Corlin, 24th N Y Ind Bat.
Sergt T Augusta, Co R, 89th Ohio.
Thos Preso, Co E, 26th Pa.
D Balcom, Co F, 19th Ohio.

DEATHS JUNE 10, 1864.

J F Ralph, Co E, 13th Tenn.
T Snowdale, Co C, 4th Maine.
W H Bullock, Co K, 24th Mass.
H West, Co A, 1st R I.
T Snowdale, Co E, 4th Me.
J F Ralph, Co E, 13th Tenn.
W H Bullock, Co K, 24th Mass.
J H Castle, Co H, 147th N Y.
Sergt Jas Fraser, Co E, 2d Ohio.
Chas Seeley, Co G, 44th Ill.
H West, Co A, 1st R T.
D L Bishop, Co A, 11th Ky Cav.
J D Bitler, Co B, 76th Pa.
Saml Wolf Co A, 77th Pa.
M Miller Co A, 168th Pa.
—Gardner, Co F, 8th Pa.
J White, Co D, 2d Tenn.
Henry Boynton, Co A, 32d Mass.
Chas Ryon, Co G, 5th Iow.
Frank Moon, Co A, 9th Md.
A Anderson, Co C, 16th U S.
H Devereaux, Co I, 99th N Y.
Jas Berry, Co K, 178th N Y.
T Smith, Co E, 17th Mich.
W Large, Co L, 1st Ky Cav.
Sergt A Rhums, Co I, 13th Pa.
D. Finehaut, Co L, 5th Mich Cav.
A A Akers, Co F, 94th Ohio.
J W Castle, Co H, 147th N Y.
Sergt Jas Frasier, Co E, 2d Ohio.
Chas Leely, Co G, 44th Ill.
J Zirphy, Co E, 79th Pa.
Silas Rogers, Co D, 65th Ill.
B Tetter, Co I, 66th Ind.
Jno Kryser, Co I, 32d Ill.
A R Churchward, Co C, 9th Mich
Wm Summers, Co D, 16th Ky Cav.
Eli Wise, Co D, 88th Ind.
R Haines, Co G, 9th Mich Cav.
H Thompson, Co C, 57th Pa.
F Brandiger, Co K, 34th Ill.
J Hurley, Co H, 8th Iowa.
Jas Jackson, Co I, 7th Mich Cav—pnuemonia
Corp J Limeberger, Co F, 16th Ill.
F Smith, Co F, 18th N Y—diarrhœa.
Jno Richardson, Co I, 2d Iowa Cav.
C Dingby, Co A, 1st N Y Cav.
Sergt F Hull, Co E, 21st Ohio.
Francis Forr, Co D, 101st Ohio.
Jas Mage, Co D, 12th U S.
Wm Keple, Co H, 8th Pa.
Jno Temple, Co H, 106th Ill.
D W Darling, Co B, 93d Ill.

DEATHS JUNE 11, 1864.

M Sweeney, Co I, 5th Ky
Jno Leonard, Co A, 21st Ohio.
W Carter, Co K, 101st Pa—pneumonia.
B G Porple, Co B, 85th N Y —typh fever
P German, Co C, 2d Tenn—debility.
Sergt R P Calvert, Co B, 6th Pa.
Jas D Ramsey, Co F, 103d Pa.
N Gilbert, Co K, 111th N Y.
J Barnett Co C, 132d N Y.
Corp W Wilkinson Co D, 89th Ohio
M Ort, Co K, 21st Pa.
O Burk, Co B, 15th Wis.
A K Carden, Co E, 7th Tenn Cav.
M Gretton, Co B, 11th Ky Cav.
Wm Jones, Co C, 26th Pa.
Chas Roach, Co E, 85th N Y
C Pomroy, Co G, 21st N Y Cav.
F Castle, Co E, 103d Ill.
Corp E H Janney, Co F, 19th Ill.
A B Harman, Co A, 4th Tenn.
Wm Brannan, Co F, 2d Tenn
D Connor, Co H, 11th Mass.
Saml Masters, Co I, 17th Ohio—anasarca.
Corp F Glidewell, Co K, 73d Ill.
Saml Thomas, U S S, Southfield.
Wm Higinberg, Co F, 24th Ill.
Sergt E Tindall, Co B 1st N J.
H Harkins, Co F, 2d Va.
Chas Delaney.

LIST OF FEDERAL PRISONERS OF WAR IN RICHLAND JAIL, COLUMBIA, S. C., DEC. 9, 1864.

Col — Ashworth, 1st Ga Cav
C B Amory, Capt and A A G, Gen Bartlett's Staff.
First-Lieut and Adjt E F Affleck, 176th Ohio Inf.
First-Lieut C L Bittinger, 76th Penn Inf.
Second-Lieut Reuben Burton, 9th N Y Heavy Art.
Second-Lieut W F Baker, 87th Penn Inf.
Capt O E Bartlett, 31st Me Inf.
Capt C T Bowen, 4th R I Inf.
Second Lieut C O Brown, 31st Me Inf.
Capt Horace H Burbank, 32d Me Inf.
Second-Lieut H M Bearce, 32d Me Inf.
Second-Lieut Jas W Beller, 2d Penn Art.
Second-Lieut Conrad Boeltzer, 2d Md Inf.
First-Lieut Wm A Barnard, 20th Mich Inf.
First-Lieut R K Beecham, 23d U S Col Inf.
First-Lieut W Baird, 23d U S Col'd Inf.
C H Bell, A D C, Gen Coburn's Staff.
Capt S D Barnum, 23d U S Col'd Inf.
Second-Lieut A M Briscoe, 1st Md Cav.
First-Lieut F S Bawley, 30th U S Col'd Inf.
First-Lieut A I Brader, 54th Penn Inf.
Capt V B Chamberlain, 7th Conn Inf.
Maj Archibald Boyle, 35th U S Col'd Inf.
Second-Lieut Chas P Cramer, 21st N Y Cav.
First-Lieut C D Copeland, 56th Mass Inf.
Second Lieut Jas E Catlin, 45th Penn Inf.
Second-Lieut C G Cowe, 1st Mich S S.
Second-Lieut N B Case, 23d U S Col'd Inf.
Second-Lieut Geo H Drew, 6th M M Inf.
First-Lieut A H Downing, 31st U S Col'd Inf.
Capt J B Dibelar, 45th Penn Inf.
Capt E C Dicey, 1st Mich S S.
Second-Lieut Lemuel C Dobbs, 19th U S Col'd Inf.—escaped from jail Nov. 22, 1864.
Maj John H Filler, 55th Penn Inf—escaped from jail Nov 22, 1864.
Capt W W Fay, 56th Mass Inf.
First-Lieut John Foley, 55th Mass Inf.
Capt Isaac P Fail, 32d Me Inf.
First-Lieut Lewis Faas, 14th N Y Heavy Art.
Capt D P Hogeland, 76th Penn Inf.
First-Lieut H N Hazlett, 110th Ohio Inf.
Second-Lieut J B Hogue, 4th Penn Cav.
First-Lieut L E Hayward, 55th Mass Inf.
Second-Lieut Geo L Hall, 32d Me Inf.
Second-Lieut Sherman P Hand, 43d U S Col'd Inf.
First-Lieut Jno Hopf, 2d Md Inf.
Capt Fred W Hick, 2d Md Inf
Second-Lieut A J Homes, 37th Wis Inf.
Second-Lieut O M Hill, 22d U S Col'd Inf.
Capt and A Q M V H Hill, 7th Conn Inf.
Second-Lieut E C Jordan, 2d Conn Inf.
Second-Lieut J Jaco, 15th West Va Inf.
First-Lieut and R Q M Jones, 50th Penn Inf.
Second-Lieut Rudolph Kost, 6th Conn Inf.
Second-Lieut John King, 6th Conn Inf.
Capt Frank Kenfield, 17th Vt Inf.
Second-Lieut Geo L Kibby, 4th R I Inf.
First-Lieut P H Kempton, 55th Mass Inf.
First-Lieut John Kellow, 2d Penn Art.
Hy Kunitz, 1st Lieut 2d Md Infantry.
Jas F. Kirkhart, 1st Lieut 13th Ohio Cav.
C P Kachall, 1st Lieut 12th Penn Cav.
C H Lang, 2d Lieut 80th Mass.
E C Latimer, Capt 27th U S Col Troops.
Jas McCormick, 2d Lieut 21st N Y Cav.
M H McOhesney, Capt 2d N Y Md Rif.; permitted to go at large in city by the rebels.
Alf J Marsland, 2d Lieut 2d Penn Art.
Hy G Mitchell, 2d Lieut 32d Me Inf.
F J Munzer, 1st Lieut 37th Mich Inf.
Wm H Mix, 1st Lieut 19th U S Col Troops.
S C McEntee, 2d Lieut 2d Md Cav.
R I Millard, Capt 2d Penn Artillery.
F J O'Sullivan, 2d Lieut 67th Ohio Inf.
Lewis S Payne, Capt 100th N Y Inf.
W Pierce, 2d Lieut 17th Vt Infantry.
C O Pendexter, 2d Lieut 31st Me Inf.
Wm B Pierce, 2d Lieut 32d Me Inf: escaped from jail Oct 2, 1864; not heard from since.
Wm B Phillips, Adj 2d Penn Artillery.
Wm S Phillips, 1st Lieut 7th Conn Inf.
W L Riley, 2d Lieut 21st N Y Cav.
John Reade, 2d Lieut 57th Mass Inf.
Wm J Reynolds, Capt 4th R I Inf.
Chas Robinson, Capt 31st U S Col Troops.
C B Sanders, 1st Lieut 36th U S Col Troops.
C O Noyes, Capt 31st Me Inf.
R G Richards, Capt 45th Penn Inf.
W H Randall, 2d Lieut 1st Mich S S.
And J Rayner, 2d Lieut 19th U S Col Troops.
R T Stewart, Capt 138th Penn Inf.
J G Snodgrass, Capt 119th Ohio Inf.
J F Sheahan, 1st Lieut 31st Me Inf.
H R Sargent, Capt 32d Me Infantry.
B F Stanber, 1st Lieut 20th Penn Cav.
Luke D Seely, 1st Lieut 45th Penn Inf.
S B Smith, 2d Lieut 80th U S Col Troops.
Thos D Scofield, 1st Lieut 27th Mich Inf.
J F Shull, 2d Lieut 28th U S Col Troops.
D W Scott, Capt 20th U S Col Troops.
P A Simonson, 1st Lieut 20th U S Col Troops.
Jerome Tourtellotte, Capt 7th Conn Inf.
J P T Tobey, 2d Lieut 31st Me Inf.
Waldo C Vanvelin, 1st Lt 45th Penn Inf.
Elton W Ware, 2d Lieut 9th Me Inf.
Danl J West, 1st Lieut 6th Conn Inf.
Geo Weddell, 1st Lieut 144th Ohio Inf.
Ed F Wyman, Capt and C S V.
Wm Washburn, Adj 33th Mass Inf.
Daniel White, Col 31st Me Infantry.
Geo H Wing, 2d Lieut 14th N Y H Art.
G W Williams, 1st Lieut 43d U S Col Troops; escaped from jail Oct 2, 1864, and not since heard from.

The foregoing list includes all prisoners of war in Richland Jail on the 9th of December, 1864, except Capt. SHADRACK T. HARRIS, of the Third Tennessee (Federal) Cavalry, whom the rebels hold, heavily ironed, under sentence of death as a deserter, though he never was in the rebel service, and four or five officers recently captured from Gen. SHERMAN's command, whose names I had not ascertained.

JOHN BEDEL, Col. Third N. H. Vols.

OUR GREAT NATIONAL ARMORY.

Value of the Armory—Twenty-five Thousand Rifled Muskets per Month—Description of the Buildings—Their Immense Cost—The Process of Manufacturing Muskets.

Correspondence of the New-York Times.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass

ture of the musket is the operation of stocking. A gunstock is perhaps as irregular a shape as the ingenuity of man could devise, and as well calculated to bid defiance to every attempt at applying machinery to the work of fashioning it. The difficulties, however, insurmountable as they would seem, have all been overcome, and every part of the stock is formed, and every perforation, groove, cavity, and socket is cut in it by machines that do their work with such perfection as to awaken in all who witness the process a feeling of astonishment and delight. The entire action of the various machines is regulated and guided by patterns, which are models in iron of the various parts of the stock which it is intended to form.

In this establishment there are employed twenty-six hundred workmen, who complete about one thousand muskets daily. It is under the direction of a principal, who is styled superintendent, and who has the chief management of the business of the armory, and is aided by a master-armorer, who manages the mechanical operations, a paymaster and storekeeper, a numerous corps of clerks; and also a foreman, or assistant master-armorer, to each principal branch of the work, and under him a foreman over every job. Each artisan puts his own private mark on the work he executes, as do the inspectors likewise, when they examine and approve of the various parts of the musket.

Since the establishment of the armory, in 1794, there have been fifteen superintendents, all but three of whom are classed as civilians. The same rules and regulations governing the workmen employed at the armory, as well as the mode of payment, and the manner of doing the work, which were inaugurated by BENJAMIN PERSCOTT, the superintendent from 1805 to 1813, are substantially in operation now, and have continued through all the changes which have occurred during more than half a century.

From the establishment of the armory to the present date, there have been manufactured over one million five hundred thousand muskets, besides several thousand rifles, pistols, carbines, musketoons, cadet's arms, and model muskets, pistols and rifles.

THE CITY GOVERNMENT.

[OFFICIAL.]

BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

STATED SESSION—WEDNESDAY, Dec. 14, 1864.

Present—John T. Henry, Esq., President, in the Chair, and the following members:

Aldermen Fox, Jones, McCool, Shannon, Chipp, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Masterson, Ottiwell, Farley, Long—13.

The minutes of December twelve were read and approved.

PETITIONS.

By the President—

Petition of the Thirty-ninth Regiment New-York State Volunteers for a stand of colors.

Which was referred to Committee on National Affairs.

By the same—

Bill of Richard M. Rush, for fitting up polls for Third District, Eighteenth Ward.

Which was referred to the Comptroller, with power.

By Alderman Jeremiah—

Bill of Alexander Lippman, for fitting up polls for Thirteenth Election District, Seventeenth Ward.

Which was referred to the Comptroller, with power.

By Alderman Shannon—

Bill of John J. Murphy, for fitting up election polls for First, Fifth, Ninth and Tenth Districts of the Fourteenth Ward.

Which was referred to the Comptroller, with power.

By Alderman Masterson—

Bill of Daniel Ferber, for fitting up the polls of the Second Election District of the Twenty-second Ward, amounting to ten dollars.

Referred to Comptroller with power.

MOTIONS.

Alderman Chipp moved to discharge the Committee on Streets from consideration of a resolution from Board of Councilmen, rescinding resolution granting permission to Frederick Lewis to place a show-case in front of his premises, number six hundred and fifty-five Broadway.

Which was carried.

The paper was then laid over.

He then moved to discharge the Committee on Streets from the further consideration of a resolution from the Board of Councilmen, giving permission to Augustus Gebhard to keep a show-case in front of his premises.

Which was carried.

The paper was then laid over.

RESOLUTIONS.

By the President—

Resolved, That permission be, and the same is hereby granted to Wm. O'Brien, to keep a paper stand on the southeast corner of Chambers street and West Broadway, he having obtained permission from the property-owners, said permission to continue only during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was adopted.

By Alderman Chipp—

Resolved, That permission be, and the same is hereby given to Jno S. Grenin, to connect his premises, number seventy-five Greenwich-street, by a six-inch vitrified pipe with sewer in Greenwich-street, about five feet north of his said premises, the work to be done under the direction and supervision of the Croton Aqueduct Board.

Which was adopted.

By the President—

Resolved, That permission be and the same is hereby given to George C. Parker and Brother to receive and deliver goods in front of their place of business, at the northeast corner of Murray and Washington streets, said permission to continue only during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was adopted.

By Alderman Fox—

Resolved, That permission be and the same is hereby given to L. Shaffer to continue a fruit stand at number one hundred and forty-seven West street, during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was adopted.

By the President—

Resolved, That permission be and the same is hereby given to Patten & Samson to receive and deliver goods in front of their place of business, number two hundred and sixty-five Washington-street, said permission to continue only during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was adopted.

By Alderman Hardy—

Resolved, That the Street Commissioner be and he is hereby authorized and directed to cause the sign on the stoop in front of premises number five hundred and forty-nine sixth-avenue, to be removed forthwith.

Which was adopted.

By Alderman McCool—

Resolved, That the Salaries of the Fifth Assistant Clerk and the General Clerk in the Bureau of arrears Department of Finance Comptroller Office, be increased to the sum of fifteen hundred dollars a year each, and that the same are hereby increased, to date from the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four, such increase from said January first, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four, to be paid out of the Fund for City Contingencies, or out of any other city fund having a surplus.

Which was laid over.

MOTIONS RESUMED.

Alderman Ryers moved to discharge the Committee on Finance from consideration of a report of the Committee on Donations and Charities of the Board of Councilmen, in favor of making a donation to Lena Wyman.

Which was carried.

The paper was then laid over.

REPORTS.

The Committee on Assessments presented a report donating five hundred dollars to the New Sailors' Home, in payment of taxes assessed in one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three and one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on Sewers presented a report to build a sewer in Eighty-third-street, between Third and Fourth avenues.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on Sewers presented a report to build a basin and culvert at the northeast corner of Second-avenue and Seventy-ninth-street.

Which was laid over.

COMMUNICATIONS.

A communication was received from the City Inspector informing the Common Council that the contract entered into to remove contents of sinks will expire on the thirty-first instant.

Which was referred to Committee on Public Health.

MOTIONS RESUMED.

Alderman Masterson moved to take from the table a veto message from his Honor the Mayor, of preamble and resolution providing that the printing, indexing and binding of both branches of the Common Council be continued to be performed by Edmund Jones & Co.

Which was carried.

He then moved the adoption of the preamble and resolution, notwithstanding the objection of his Honor the Mayor.

Which was carried by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, Jones, The President, McCool, Shannon, Chipp, McKnight, Ryers, Hardy, Masterson, Ottiwell, Farley, Long—13.

Negative—Alderman Jeremiah—1.

PAPERS FROM THE BOARD OF COUNCILMEN.

Resolution that permission be given to C. W. Tyson to keep a paper stand on the southeast corner of Sixth-avenue and Thirteenth-street, said permission to remain during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was adopted.

Bill of Michael Coffey, amounting to ten dollars, for fitting up poll of Seventh Election District, Nineteenth Ward, for December election.

Which was concurred in.

Bill of James Campbell, amounting to ten dollars, for fitting up poll of Fifth Election District, Sixth Ward.

Which was concurred in.

Bill of N. Houghton, amounting to ten dollars, for fitting up poll of Seventh Election District, Eighteenth Ward, for December election.

Which was concurred in.

Bill of James Riley, amounting to ten dollars, for putting up poll of Sixth Election District, Eighteenth Ward, for December election.

By Board of Councilmen, December twelve, referred to the Comptroller with power.

Which was concurred in.

Bill of James Thompson, amounting to ten dollars, for fitting up election poll of Fifteenth Election District, Eighteenth Ward, for December election.

Which was concurred in.

Bill of Patrick Fitzpatrick, amounting to ten dollars, for fitting up election poll of Tenth Election District, Eighteenth Ward, for December election.

Which was concurred in.

Bill of Peter Lowry, amounting to ten dollars, for fitting up part of Seventh Election District, Sixteenth Ward, December election.

By Board of Councilmen, Dec 12, 1864, referred to the Comptroller with power.

Which was concurred in.

Veto message of his honor the Mayor of resolution, that permission be given to Chas. Byer and Thos. McMahon to erect a stand in Burting-slip, the same to remain during the pleasure of the Common Council.

By Board of Councilmen, Dec 12, 1864, adopted, notwithstanding the objections of his honor the Mayor, two-thirds of all the members elected to the Board voting in favor thereof.

Laid over.

Veto message of his Honor the Mayor of resolution that permission be given to William Churchill to erect a small office on Pier number Fifty-seven East River, said permission to remain during the pleasure of the Common Council.

By Board of Councilmen, December twelve, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four, adopted notwithstanding the objections of his Honor the Mayor, two-thirds of all the members elected to the Board voting in favor thereof.

Which was laid over.

Resolution, that permission be given to John Harley to erect a stand on the northwest corner of Barclay-street and College-place, such permission to remain only during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was concurred in.

Report of Committee on Sewers, with resolution, that a sewer, with the necessary receiving basins and culverts, be built in Monroe-street, between Jackson and Scammel streets, to connect with the sewer now in Jackson-street, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was laid over.

Resolution that a sewer, with the necessary receiving basins and culverts, be built on the west side of Fourth-avenue, from Seventy-first-street, to connect with the sewer in Fifty-ninth-street, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was laid over.

Report of Committee on Finance, with resolution that the Comptroller be directed to draw his warrant in favor of Benjamin H. Brady for the sum of three hundred and fifty dollars, in payment for engrossing, mounting and framing resolution from the Board of Councilmen to the retiring President, Charles C. Pinckney, Esq., and that the same be taken from the appropriation for "City Contingencies."

Which was laid over.

Bill of Sylvester Harper, amounting to fifty dollars, for fitting up election polls of the First, Second, Sixth, Seventh and Ninth Districts of the Nineteenth Ward.

Which was concurred in.

Bill of John Dobson, amounting to sixty dollars, for fitting up polls in the First, Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth and Sixth Districts of the Seventh Ward.

Which was concurred in.

Bill of Garret Demorest, amounting to ten dollars, for fitting up polls of the Twelfth Election District of the Ninth Ward for December election.

Report of committee on Belgian pavement with resolution that Third street be paved with trap block pavement from avenue A to avenue C, and one half the expense to be paid by the city, and one half by the property owners.

Which was laid over.

Resolution that permission be given to J. F. and H. Finch to have stands for the sale of country produce in front of their store corner of Vesey and West streets, the same to remain during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was concurred in.

Resolution that permission be given to Edward L. Carey, number sixty Cherry street to retain a sign across the sidewalk in front of his premises, the same to remain during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was concurred in.

Resolution that permission be given to C. W. Tyson to maintain a paper-stand on the northwest corner of Sixth-avenue and Ninth-street, such permission to remain during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was concurred in.

Resolution that permission be given to W. Sollmann to receive and deliver goods in front of his premises, number four hundred and sixty-five Sixth-avenue, such permission to remain only during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was concurred in.

Bill of John Clark, amounting to ten dollars, for fitting up Fourteenth Election District poll, Eighteenth Ward, for December election.

Which was concurred in.

Bill of P. Leady, amounting to ten dollars, for fitting up Eighth Election District poll, Eighteenth Ward, for December election.

Which was concurred in.

Bill of David Moran, amounting to ten dollars, for fitting up Eleventh Election District poll, Eighteenth Ward, for December election.

Which was concurred in.

Bill of James Burns, amounting to ten dollars, for fitting up of election poll of Sixth District, Fourteenth Ward, for December election.

Which was concurred in.

Bill of David Quinn amounting to ten dollars, for fitting up poll of Second Election District, Fourth Ward, for December election.

Which was concurred in.

Bill of Michael Murphy, amounting to ten dollars, for fitting up poll of Sixth Election District, Fourth Ward, for December election.

Which was concurred in.

Bill of M. Lynch, amounting to ten dollars, for fitting up poll of Third Election District, Fourth Ward, for December election

Which was concurred in.

Report of Committee on Donations and Charities, in favor of donating $1,000 to the Nursery and Child's Hospital.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, Jones, The President, McCool, Shannon, Chipp, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Masterson, Ottiwell, Farley and Long—14.

Subsequently the above action was reconsidered and the paper laid over.

Report of Committee on Salaries and Offices, in favor of raising salaries of Police Clerks.

Which was laid over.

Bill of Richard Lombard, amounting to ten dollars, for fitting up election poll of Fifth Election District, Fourth Ward, for December election.

Which was concurred in.

Bill of John McCabe, amounting to ten dollars, for fitting up election poll of First Election District, Fourth Ward, for December election.

Which was concurred in.

Bill of Meir Mauriheimer, amounting to ten dollars, for fitting up election poll of Sixth District, Twentieth Ward, for December election.

Which was concurred in.

Bill of John Reilly, amounting to ten dollars, for fitting up election poll of Third District, Twentieth Ward, for December election.

Which was concurred in.

Report of Committee on Roads, with resolution that the southerly sidewalk of Fifty-first-street, from the Eighth-avenue, to a point four hundred feet eastward thereof, be flagged to its full width, where the same is not already done, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was laid over.

Report of Committee on Sewers, with resolution that a sewer be built in Fifty-fifth-street, together with the necessary receiving basins and culverts, commencing at Ninth-avenue, to a point about seventy-five feet west of Eighth-avenue, the same to be done under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was laid over.

Report of Committee on Roads, with resolution that the sidewalks on both sides of Broadway, between Fifty-fourth and Fifty-ninth streets, be flagged and reflagged where necessary, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was laid over.

Report of Committee on Roads, with resolution that the north side of Forty-third-street, between the Tenth and Eleventh avenues, be flagged where not already done, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was laid over.

Report of Committee on Streets, with resolution that the Croton Aqueduct Department be directed to continue the bridge stone, on the westerly side of Broadway, from Forty-third-street, on a direct line to a point between Forty-fourth and Forty-fifth streets.

Which was laid over.

Report of Committee on Finance, in favor of making a donation to the German Baptist Church in West Forty-fifth-street, to enable them to pay an assessment.

Which was laid over.

PAPERS HERETOFORE LAID OVER.

Report of Committee on Sewers, in favor of concurring with the Board of Councilmen, in adopting resolution to build a sewer in Seventy-eighth-street, between Third and Fourth avenues.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, Jones, The President, McCool, Shannon, Chipp, McKnight, Jeremiah, Hardy, Masterson, Ottiwell, Farley, Long—13.

Resolution to pay bills of Wannemaker's Band, amounting to five hundred and twenty-five dollars.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, Jones, The President, McCool, Shannon, Chipp, McKnight, Jeremiah, Hardy, Masterson, Ottiwell, Farley, Long—13.

Report of Committee on Finance, in favor of adopting resolution that the Comptroller be directed to draw his warrant in favor of Marx Green and certain other blind persons, each for the sum of fifty dollars, upon their presenting proper and satisfactory evidences to him that they are the persons named in and designated by the resolution, the aggregate amount to be charged to the appropriation for "Donations."

Alderman Ottiwell moved to insert the names of "Charles Torbell and Francis Carroll,"

Which was carried.

Alderman Jones moved to further amend by adding, "and all other blind persons who have been residents in this city for the past year, and who are in needy circumstances."

Which was carried.

The resolution, as amended, was lost by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, Jones, The President, McCool, Shannon, Chipp, McKnight, Hardy, Masterson, Ottiwell, Farley, Long—12.

Negative—Aldermen Ryers, Jeremiah—2.

Subsequently reconsidered and laid over.

Resolution that the sidewalks in front of numbers four hundred and twenty-eight, four hundred and thirty, four hundred and thirty-four, four hundred and thirty-six and four hundred and thirty-eight Tenth-avenue, be flagged the full width where not already done, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, Jones, The President, McCool, Shannon, Chipp, McKnight Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Masterson, Ottiwell, Farley, Long—14.

Bill of Jas. Donoghue, for meals and collation furnished the Eighty-first Regiment.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, Jones, The President, McCool, Shannon, Chipp, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Masterson, Ottiwell, Farley, Long—14.

Report of the Committee on Finance in favor of adopting resolution that the Comptroller be directed to draw his warrant in favor of Charles E. Wilbur, President of the Board of Trustees of the Church of the Covenant, corner Park-avenue and Thirty-fifth-street, for the sum of two thousand four hundred and forty-three dollars, ninety seven cents, as a donation in aid of the funds of the said church, and to reimburse them for moneys expended for assessments for sewer in Park-avenue and Thirty-fifth-street, and for extending Madison-avenue, the amount to be charged to the account of "Donations."

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, Jones, The President, McCool, Shannon, Chipp, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Masterson, Ottiwell, Farley, Long—13.

Negative—Alderman Jeremiah—1.

Subsequently reconsidered and laid over.

Bill of Charles Rorx, for services in distributing report.

Adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, Jones, The President, McCool, Shannon, Chipp, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Masterson, Ottiwell, Farley, Long—14.

Report of Committee on Finance in favor of concurring with the Board of Councilmen to pay William McDonald for expenses incurred in interring the remains of Colonel H. F. O'Brien.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, Jones, The President, McCool, Shannon, Hardy, Masterson, Ottiwell, Farly, Long—10.

Resolution to pay Luke Dempsey for damages sustained by the building of a sewer in First-avenue, One Hundred and Ninth and One Hundred and Eighteenth streets.

Which was lost by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, The President, McCool, Shannon, Chipp, Ryers, Hardy, Masterson, Ottiwell, Farley, Long—12.

Negative—Aldermen Jones, Jeremiah—2.

Subsequently reconsidered and laid over.

Resolution that the Comptroller be directed to draw his warrant in favor of Charles E. Wilbur, short-hand reporter, for the sum of one hundr dadollars, for services in reporting the proceedings of the Special Committe on Retrenchment and Reform of the Board of Aldermen, while examining into the Mayor's charges against the City Inspector, and charge the same to the account of "City Contingencies," or any other appropriate account having an unexpended balance sufficient to pay the same.

Alderman Jeremiah moved to amend by striking out the sum of one hundred dollars, and inserting the sum of fifty dollars.

Which was lost.

The resolution was then adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, Jones, the President, McCool, Shannon, Chipp, McKnight, Ryers, Hardy, Kelly, Masterson, Ottiwell, Farley, Long—13.

Negative—Alderman Jeremiah—1.

Preamble and resolution in relation to the overcharge for ferriage on the Hudson Slip and Hunter's Point Ferry.

Which was laid over.

Resolution that the Comptroller be and he is hereby authorised and directed to draw his warrant in favor of the President of the Board of Aldermen, the President of the Board of Councilmen, and each of the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund, for the present year, for the sum of one thousand dollars, for services rendered, the amount to be charged by the Comptroller to the appropriate account.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Alderman Fox, Jones, the President, McCool, Shannon, Chipp, McKnight, Ryers, Hardy, Masterson, Ottiwell, Farly, Long—13.

Negative—Alderman Jeremiah—1.

Alderman Jeremiah here rose to a point of order and stated it to be that it was not in order for more than twelve of the members present at the time to vote on the paper.

The Chairman, pro tem. decided the point of order to be well taken, and declared the paper lost for the required number of votes.

Subsequently on motion of Alderman Jeremiah the the above vote was reconsidered and the paper was laid over.

The Chairman pro tem. announced that the following papers would be read by their titles, and passed by one vote, if no exception were taken to such a proceeding by the Board, viz.:

Report of Committee on Roads, to flag sidewalks of Fifty-seventh-street, between Third and Lexington avenues.

Report of Committee on Roads, to lay crosswalk at the corner of Fourth-avenue and One Hundred and Thirtieth and One Hundred and Thirty-first streets.

Report of Committee on Roads, to lay crosswalk on the westerly side of Sixth-avenue, between Forty-seventh and Fifty-ninth streets.

Report of Committee on Roads, to curb, &c., Ninety-second-street, from Third-avenue to the East River.

Report of Committee on Roads, to curb, &c., Eighteenth-street, between Second and Third avenues.

Report of Committee on Roads, to fill sunken lots north side of Fifty-seventh-street, between Third and Lexington avenues.

Report of Committee on Roads, to regulate, &c., Fifty-eighth-street, between Eighth and Ninth avenues.

Report of Committee on Roads, to curb, &c., Sixtieth-street, between First and Second avenues.

Report of Committee on Roads, to lay crosswalk in the Eighth-avenue.

Report of Committee on Roads, to flag One Hundred and Twenty-seventh-street, between Fifth and Seventh avenues, concurring.

Report of Committee on Roads, for repairing One Hundred and Twenty-ninth-street, from the Third to the Eighth-avenue, and lay crosswalk in Sixth-avenue and One Hundred and Twenty-ninth-street.

Report of Committee on Roads, to regulate, &c., Seventy-second-street, from First avenue to the East River.

Report of Committee on Roads, to flag west side of Ninth-avenue, between Forty-fourth and Forty-fifth streets.

Report of Committee on Roads, to curb, &c., Seventy-eighth-street, between Second and Third avenues.

Report of Committee on Roads, to regulate, &c., Fifty-third-street, between Fifth and Sixth avenues.

Report of Committee on Roads, to curb, &c., Eighteth-street, between Third-avenue and the East River, concurring.

Report of Committee on Roads, to pave Forty-fifth-street, between Sixth-avenue and Broadway.

Report of Committee on Roads, to pave Forty-eighth-street, between Fifth and Sixth avenues.

Report of Committee on Roads, to curb, &c., Forty-ninth-street, between Eighth and Ninth avenues.

Report of Committee on Roads, to pave Seventy-first-street, from Third to Fourth-avenue, concurring.

Report of Committee on Roads, to curb, &c., Eleventh-avenue, from Bloomingdale road to One Hundred and Thirty-first-street.

Report of Committee on Roads, to regulate, &c., Avenue A, from One Hundred and Fourteenth-street to Harlem River.

Report of Committee on Roads, to pave Fourth-avenue, from Thirty-eighth to Forty-third-street, concurring.

Report of Committee on Roads, to set curb and gutter stones and flag sidewalks in First-avenue, between Sixty-first and Eighty-sixth streets.

In connection with the last-named paper, Alderman Jeremiah presented the following remonstrance:

Remonstrance of property-owners against setting curb, gutter, flagging, &c., in First avenue, from Sixty-first to Eighty-sixth-street.

Which was, together with the paper, recommitted to the committee.

Alderman Ottiwell moved that the above enumerated paper be laid over.

Which was lost on a division, as follows:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, Jones, Chipp, Jeremiah, Ottiwell—5.

Negative—The President, McMahon, McCool, Shannon, McKnight, Ryers, Hardy, Masterson, Farley, Long—10.

MOTIONS RESUMED.

Alderman Jones moved that when the Board adjourns, it do adjourn to meet to-morrow afternoon, fifteenth instant, at four o'clock.

Which was carried.

He then moved that the Board do now adjourn.

Which was carried by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, Jones, The President, McCool, Shannon, Chipp, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Ottiwell, Farley, Long—12.

Negative—Aldermen McKnight, Masterson—2.

And the Chairman pro tem. announced that the Board stood adjourned until to-morrow, the fifteenth instant, at five o'clock P. M.

D. T. VALENTINE, Clerk.

[OFFICIAL.]

BOARD OF COUNCILMEN.

STATED SESSION—WEDNESDAY, Dec. 14, 1864. 4 o'clock P. M.

The board met pursuant to adjournment, in their Chamber, No. 16 City Hall.

Present—James Hayes, Esq., President, in the chair, and the following members:

Councilmen Healy, Keenan, Riley, Brophy, Hagerty, Webster, Heffernan, Ryan, Gross, Repper, Koster, Houghtalin, Haviland, McGrath, Opdyke, Jaques, Schaefer, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald, Joyce—24.

The minutes of meeting held December twelve were read and approved.

The reading of the minutes of the last meeting was dispensed with.

BILLS.

By Councilman Brandon—

Bill of Ignatius Fox, amounting to ten dollars, for fitting up poll of Thirteenth District, Twenty-first Ward, for December election.

Which was referred to the Comptroller, with power.

By Councilman Webster—

Bill of W. W. Wetmore, amounting to fifty dollars, for fitting up polls of First, Second, Third, Fourth and Sixth Election Districts, Tenth Ward, for December election.

Which was referred to the Comptroller, with power.

RESOLUTIONS.

By Councilman McGrath—

Resolved, That permission be and the same is hereby given to Terence O'Connor to place and retain a sign in front of his premises, number seventy West Nineteenth-street, such permission to remain only during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was adopted.

By Councilman Repper—

Resignation of Owen Magra, as a Commissioner of Deeds.

In connection therewith, Councilman Repper offered for adoption the following resolution:

Resolved, That Ernest L. Kurtz be and he is hereby appointed Commissioner of Deeds, in the place and stead of Owen Magra, resigned.

Which was referred to the Committee on Salaries and Offices.

By Councilman Brandon—

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and he is hereby authorized and directed to draw his warrant in favor of the Treasurer of the Northeastern Dispensary, for the sum of five hundred dollars, as the semi-annual donation to the first day October last, and that he pay the like amount (by drawing his warrant therefor) on the first day of April next, and continue the half yearly payments thereafter, until otherwise ordered by the Common Council.

Which was laid over.

REPORTS.

Report of Committee on Finance, relative to petition of James Bonacum, to be remunerated for loss of horse.

Which was laid over.

Report of Committee on Public Health, in favor of filling the low and sunken lots on the block bounded by the Seventh and Eighth avenues, One Hundredand Twenty-first and One Hundred and Twenty-second streets.

Which was laid over.

Report of Committee on Finance, relative to the present state of the fire telegraph.

MOTION.

Councilman Riley moved that the Committee on Salaries and Offices be discharged from the further consideration of resolution that the salary of the Inspector of Fire Apparatus be increased to the sum of two thousand dollars per annum, the said increase to date from March one, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four.

Which was carried.

The paper was then laid over.

PAPERS FROM BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

Resolution, that permission be given to Graham, Dorsets and Company to receive lumber in front of their premises, numbers three hundred and forty, three hundred and forty-two, three hundred and forty-four and three hundred and forty-six Front-street; also, in front of the premises three hundred and eighty-two, three hundred and eighty-three, three hundred and eighty-four and three hundred and eighty-five South-street, said permission to continue only during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was concurred in.

And the same was directed to be sent to his Honor the Mayor for approval.

Report of Committee on Roads, with resolution that the Eleventh-avenue, from Fifty-ninth to Sixty-third-street, be regulated, graded, curbed, guttered and the side-walks flagged a space four feet wide, through the centre of the same, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was referred to the Committee on Roads.

Report of Committee on Streets, with resolutions, that East Twenty-fifth-street, between Madison and Lexington avenues, be paved with Belgian pavement, the property owners to pay one-half of the expense, and the city the remaining half, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was referred to the Committee on Streets.

Report of Committee on Roads, with resolution, that the Third-avenue, from One Hundredth and Ninth to One Hundred and Twenty-ninth-street, be paved with Belgian pavement, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was referred to Committee on Roads.

Report of Committee on Streets, with resolution, that Irving-place, from Fourteenth to Fifteenth-street, be paved with Belgian pavement, the property-owners to pay one-half of the expense and the city the remaining half, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was referred to Committee on Streets.

Report of Committee on Streets, with resolution, that Twentieth-street, from Broadway to Fourth-avenue, be paved with Belgian pavement, the property-owners to pay one-half of the expense and the city the remaining half, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was referred to Committee on Streets.

Report of Committee on Streets, with resolution, that Coenties-slip be paved with Belgian pavement, the property-owners to pay one-half of the expense and the city the remaining half, the same to be done under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was referred to Committee on Streets.

Report of Committee on Streets, with resolution, that the cobble-stone pavement in Washington street, from Cedar-street to the Battery, be repaired immediately, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was referred to the Committee on Streets.

Report of the Committee on Streets, with resolution, to pave Twenty-sixth-street, from Fourth-avenue to Madison-avenue, with Belgian pavement.

Which was referred to Committee on Streets.

Report of Committee on Streets, with resolution, that the Street Commissioner be directed to have sidewalks flagged in front of number seventy-three East Broadway and nine Market-street, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was referred to the Committee on Streets.

Report of Committee on Streets, with resolution that Cliff-street, from Beekman to John streets, be paved with Belgian pavement, the property owners to pay one-half of the expense and the city the remaining half, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was referred to Committee on Streets.

Report of Committee on Streets, with resolution that the sidewalks on the south side of Twenty-fourth-street, from Third-avenue to Second-avenue, be flagged where necessary, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was referred to Committee on Streets.

Report of Committee on Streets, with resolution that West Twenty-fifth-street, between Broadway and Sixth-avenue, be paved with Belgian pavement, the property-owners to pay one-half of the expense and the city the remaining half, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was referred to Committee on Streets.

Resolution that Fifty-eighth-street, between Lexington and Fourth avenues, be regulated and graded, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was referred to the Committee on Roads.

Report of Committee on Sewers, with resolution, that a receiving basin and culvert be built on the southeast corner of Corlears and Cherry streets, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was referred to the Committee on Sewers.

Report of Committee on Sewers, with resolution, that a sewer be built in West-street, from Horatio to Gansevoort-street, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was referred to the Committee on Sewers.

Report of Committee on Sewers, with resolution, that a sewer, with the necessary receiving-basins and culverts be built in Spring-street, between Mercer and Greene streets, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was referred to the Committee on Sewers.

Report of Committee on Streets, with resolution that curb and gutter-stones be set on the southeast corner of Twenty-fourth-street and Third-avenue.

Which was referred to the Committee on Streets.

Report of Committee on Streets, with resolution, that a cross-walk be laid across Greenwich and Sixth avenues, at their junction, opposite Jefferson Market, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was referred to the Committee on Streets.

Bill of Michael Quinn, for fitting up Seventh, Eighth, Ninth, Tenth and Eleventh Districts of the Seventh Ward, and the Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth and Sixth Districts of the Thirteenth Ward, and the First, Second, Third and Fourth Districts of the Eleventh Ward, amounting to one hundred and fifty dollars, with resolution that the Comptroller be directed to draw his warrant in favor of Michael Quinn, for the sum of one hundred and fifty dollars, being the amount of the annexed bill for the fitting up of election polls in the Seventh, Eleventh and Thirteenth Wards.

Which was concurred in.

Resolution, that the Croton Aqueduct Board be directed to lay a crosswalk in Third avenue, north side of Seventy-first street, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted, the work to be done without delay.

Which was referred to the Committee on Roads.

Resolution, that permission be given to William O'Brien to keep a paper stand on the southeast corner of Chambers-street and West Broadway, he having obtained permission from the property owners, said permision to continue only during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was concurred in.

Resolution, that permission be given to Patten and Samson to receive and deliver goods in front of their place of business, number two hundred and sixty-five Washington-street, said permission to continue only during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was concurred in.

Resolution, that permission be given to L. Schaffer to continue a fruit stand at one hundred and forty-seven West-street, during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was concurred in.

Resolution, That permission be given to John S. Grenin to connect his premises, number Seven hundred and Fifty-six Greenwich-street, by a six-inch vitrified pipe, with the sewer in Greenwich-street, about five feet north of his said premises, the work to be done under the direction and supervision of the Croton Aqueduct Board.

Which was concurred in.

GENERAL ORDERS.

Report of the Committee on Salaries and Offices, in favor of adopting resolution, that the salaries of the Police Justices' clerks of the several police courts of the city and county of New-York be increased from two thousand dollars per annum to the sum of three thousand dollars per annum; and the salaries of the Police Court clerks at the several Police Courts be and the same are hereby increased from one thousand four hundred and fifty-eight dollars per annum to two thousand five hundred dollars per annum, such increase to take effect on and from the 1st day of January, A. D., 1864.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Healy, Keenan, Riley, Brophy, Hagerty, Heffernan, Ryan, Koster, Houghtalin, Haviland, McGrath, Schaefer, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald, Joyce—18.

Negative—Councilman Hayes—1.

Pending the call of the roll.

Councilman Webster asked to be excused from voting.

After roll call.

The President put the question, whether the Board would excuse Councilman Webster from voting. Which was decided in the affirmative.

Resolution, that the bulkhead in front of the Ferry-house at the foot of Hoboken-street, North River, be rebuilt, and that portion of the street in front thereof, now impassable, and the intersection of Hoboken-street, east from West-street, be raised and graded immediately, to correspond with the present grade of West-street, under the direction of the Street Commissioner.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Healy, Keenan, Riley, Brophy, Hagerty, Hayes, Webster, Heffernan, Ryan, Gross, Koster, Houghtalin, Haviland, McGrath, Schaefer, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald, Joyce—21.

Report of Committee on Donations and Charities, in favor of adopting to draw his warrant in favor of Elizabeth S. Bininger, First Directress of the Nursery and Child's Hospital, for the sum of one thousand dollars, as a donation in aid of the funds of said Nursery and Child's Hospital, and charge the same to its appropriate account.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Healy, Keenan, Riley, Brophy, Hagerty, Hayes, Webster, Heffernan, Ryan, Gross, Koster, Houghtalin, Haviland, McGrath, Schaefer, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald and Joyce—21.

Resolution, that permission be given to L. Schaffer to continue a fruit stand at one hundred and forty-seven West-street, during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was concurred in.

Resolution, That permission be given to John S. Grenin to connect his premises, number Seven hundred and Fifty-six Greenwich-street, by a six-inch vitrified pipe, with the sewer in Greenwich-street, about five feet north of his said premises, the work to be done under the direction and supervision of the Croton Aqueduct Board.

Which was concurred in.

GENERAL ORDERS.

Report of the Committee on Salaries and Offices, in favor of adopting resolution, that the salaries of the Police Justices' clerks of the several police courts of the city and county of New-York be increased from two thousand dollars per annum to the sum of three thousand dollars per annum; and the salaries of the Police Court clerks at the several Police Courts be and the same are hereby increased from one thousand four hundred and fifty-eight dollars per annum to two thousand five hundred dollars per annum, such increase to take effect on and from the 1st day of January, A. D., 1864.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Healy, Keenan, Riley, Brophy, Hagerty, Hayes, Heffernan, Ryan, Gross, Koster, Houghtalin, Haviland, McGrath, Schaefer, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald, Joyce—18.

Negative—Councilman Hayes—1.

Pending the call of the roll.

Councilman Webster asked to be excused from voting.

After roll call.

The President put the question, whether the Board would excuse Councilman Webster from vo

Supplement to The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, FRIDAY, DECEMBER 23, 1864.

GEN. THOMAS' ARMY.

HOOD ACROSS DUCK RIVER

His Loss Estimated at Twenty Thousand.

The Country Swarming with Deserters

The Rebel Army Hopelessly Demoralized.

Gen. Thomas' Headquarters at Columbia.

DEFEAT OF THE REBEL GENERAL LYON.

Gen. Thomas' Headquarters near Columbia—Hood Across Duck River—Estimated Rebel Loss, 20,000—Roads Bad.

CINCINNATI, Thursday, Dec. 22.

The *Commercial* has a special dispatch from Nashville, dated the 21st inst., which says:

The headquarters of Gen. THOMAS are near Columbia.

Gen. HOOD is across the Duck River. His loss since coming into the State is estimated at 20,000. His force is now believed to be about 12,000 infantry and 8,000 cavalry.

The woods are full of deserters.

The roads are in bad condition.

The Latest from Gen. Thomas' Army—The Country Filled with Deserters from Hood's Army—His Army in a Deplorable Condition.

NASHVILLE, Thursday, Dec. 22.

No official reports from the army have been received. At last accounts, Gen. THOMAS was at Columbia. A portion of the rebel force had crossed the river, and were proceeding southward.

The entire country about Nashville is filled with deserters from the rebel army, many of whom are constantly coming in, voluntarily or otherwise. The report that HOOD had crossed Duck River with sixty-two pieces of artillery is untrue. His artillery was mostly lost between Franklin and the battles before Nashville, and the number of pieces left him on his retreat must have been few. HOOD's army is represented by deserters and prisoners as in a deplorable condition, and their utter extermination is probable.

The weather has been very cold since last night.

The water on the Shoals is seventeen feet deep and rising.

Hood's Forces Completely Panic Stricken.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Thursday, Dec. 22.

The *Journal* has a special dispatch from Nashville, dated the 21st inst., which says:

The situation at the front is unchanged.

Our army is confident of final success, and is still pressing forward.

The rebels are completely panic stricken at the unlooked for defeat they have experienced.

The rebel forces are still seeking safety in flight.

Rebel prisoners continue to arrive in squads, some of them wounded, others sick, and all dispirited.

THE WAR IN KENTUCKY.

Defeat of the Rebel Gen. Lyon—Capture of All His Artillery.

HOPKINSVILLE, Ky., Thursday, Dec. 22.

Gen. E. D. McCOOK struck part of the rebel Gen. LYON's forces at daylight, on the 16th inst., defeated them, and captured all their artillery.

Gen. McCOOK is rapidly pursuing the retreating rebels.

GEN. THOMAS CONFIRMS THE NEWS.

WASHINGTON, Thursday, Dec. 22.

The Government has received a dispatch from Gen. THOMAS, dated Nashville, Dec. 21, announcing that he had received reports that Gen. McCOOK overtook the rebel Gen. LYON on the 17th inst., at a place called Ashbyville, in McLean County, Ky., and after a sharp battle, succeeded in defeating and routing the rebel raider, killing a considerable number of his men, and capturing one piece of artillery. Gen. THOMAS also announces that a portion of LYON's rebel forces were attacked, defeated and routed at Hopkinsville, Ky., on the 16th inst.

Report of Col. Markland.

WASHINGTON, Thursday, Dec. 22.

Col. MARKLAND, special agent of the Post-office Department, reports that the mails were loaded, assorted, and during the afternoon of the 16th inst. were distributed to the entire army of Gen. SHERMAN. In half an hour he sold $2,100 dollars worth of stamps, and could, if he had them, sold double that amount. He brought with him upward often thousand soldiers' letters, which have been mailed here to their respective addresses. The army is in excellent spirits, and their sanitary condition never better.

THE GALE.

Marine Disasters.

BOSTON, Taursday, Dec. 22.

During the storm of last night the schooner *Caroline*, from Rockland for Norwalk, Conn., with a cargo of stone, went ashore on Race Point, Cape Cod, and became a total wreck. Crew saved.

The schooner *Frederick Eugene*, from Rockland for Providence, with a cargo of lime, also went ashore on Race Point, and is a total wreck. Crew saved.

Three other vessels, names unknown, are ashore on Wood End.

The schooner *Arrow* was fallen in with on the 21st inst., off Cape Ann, with bow stove and full of water, and abandoned. She was towed into Gloucester.

PORTLAND, Me., Thursday, Dec. 22.

The schooner *Ellen*, NEWMAN, parted her chain and went ashore at Cape Elizabeth beach. She was but little injured.

A brig is reported ashore on Baney's Island.

Weather at Buffalo, Etc.

BUFFALO, Thursday, Dec. 22.

The weather is cold and cloudy to-day.

Several inches of snow fell yesterday and last night.

No detentions on the railroads are reported.

The International "steam-bridge," of the Grand Trunk Railroad, is on the rocks in the Niagara River, but it is expected that "she" will be got off to-day.

The thermometer is at 13 degrees above zero.

[NOTE.—The "steam-bridge" above alluded to is said to be a "ferry-boat."]

The International Steam Bridge.

BUFFALO, Thursday, Dec. 22.

The international steam bridge has been got off of the rocks, and is now running as usual.

Snow-Storm at Albany.

ALBANY, N. Y., Thursday, Dec. 22.

The snow-storm which set in yesterday continued the greater part of the night, and to-day the snow is from eight to ten inches deep on a level.

All day a strong wind has prevailed from the northwest, driving the snow badly.

Trains on the Central, Boston, Hudson River, Harlem, Northern and Susquehanna Railroads are from two to six hours behind time.

No accidents are reported.

The thermometer is at 18° above zero.

NEWS FROM WASHINGTON.

Special Dispatches to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, Thursday, Dec. 22.

UNEMPLOYED GENERALS.

The Senate Military Committee, after conference with the War Department, decided to report adversely upon the House bill dismissing all general officers not on duty within the last three months. The committee hold that the President and Secretary of War have all authority that is necessary on this subject, and that any additional legislation is useless.

FINANCE MATTERS POSTPONED.

The Senate Finance Committee met to-day, and after informally considering several matters, decided to postpone everything until after the holidays. In the Ways and Means Committee, similar resolutions were adopted.

A VACANCY FILLED.

Hon. AUGUSTUS FRANK has been chosen Chairman of the New-York Union Congressional Delegation, vice Gov. FENTON, resigned.

APPOINTMENTS IN HANCOCK'S CORPS.

The following officers having passed the examination, are appointed to positions in Gen. HANCOCK's corps: Charles B. White, Colonel; Charles Bird, Lieutenant-Colonel: Iran Spiloff, Major; Charles F. Johnson, Major; C. F. Middleton, Major; Lyman G. Wilcox, Major; W. H. Harries, Captain; S. W. Bensall, Captain; William McConibe, Captain; S. Blenllen, Captain; J. Marrs, Captain; Edw. H. Root, Captain; L. Farr, Captain; Wm. Simpson, Captain; A. H. Duganne, Captain; Rollin C. Ward, Captain; C. J. Ilsley, Captain; Geo. R. Connory, Captain; H. N. Smith, Captain; W. C. Pennywell, Captain; P. P. Moriarty, Captain; E. F. Warren, Captain; Gustavus A. Von Crausser, First Lieutenant; David C. Stoddard, First Lieutenant; B. F. Wiekerthan, First Lieutenant; Patrick O Kane, First Lieutenant; J. Ellerdorf, Second Lieutenant; Jos. Klempfield, Second Lieutenant; Jas. Smith, Second Lieutenant; Fred. K. Jackson, Second Lieutenant; John H. Bonham, Second Lieutenant; Simpson D. Stiles, Second Lieutenant; John W. Eckles, Second Lieutenant; W. McLaughlin, Second Lieutenant. These officers are ordered to report by letter to Gen. HANCOCK for instructions. They will be required to furnish veterans for their regiments as follows: Captains 40, First Lieutenants 25, and Second Lieutenants 20. No appointments have been made to this corps from Pennsylvania or Massachusetts, owing to the fact that neither of the Governors of those States have applied to have the officers who might be appointed in the corps from those States sent home to recruit, which has been made by the Secretary of War a pre-requisite of all these appointments.

THE CASE OF COL. BAKER.

Judge WYLIE refused to-day to admit the plea of Col. BAKER's counsel, that he made the arrest of Dr. GWYNNE under the authority of the President, and instructed the jury accordingly. A verdict of guilty was rendered, but the case will be carried to the court above by the defendant, where, it is said, the decision will be reversed.

CANADIAN AFFAIRS.

Two Canadian merchants arrived here to-night, to engineer against the abrogation of the Reciprocity Treaty. They are delighted to learn that the joint resolution has not passed, and declare that Canadians will spare no expense to preserve the treaty.

Dispatches to the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, Thursday, Dec. 22.

BLOCKADE-RUNNER CAPTURED.

The Navy Department has received information of the capture of the schooner *Maderia*, in Mississippi Sound, on the 8th, by the steamers *Jackson* and *Stockdale*. The *Maderia* was loaded with 105 bales of cotton.

Admiral STRIBLING, commanding the East Gulf Blockading Squadron, writing to the Department from Key West, reports the capture on the 10th of the British schooner *Sorts*, with 78 bales of cotton, and the schooner *Peep o' Day*, with seven or eight bales of cotton. The *Sorts* was captured while endeavoring to run the blockade at Auclote Keys.

AN ORDNANCE EXAMINING BOARD.

By special order of the War Department, a board of officers, to consist of Maj. Theodore T. L. Ladley, Ordnance Department; Maj. Henry Maynarder, Twelfth United States Infantry; Capt. John D. O'Connell, Fourteenth United States Infantry; Capt. Joseph Kellogg, First United States Cavalry; Capt. Theodore F. Rodenbaugh, Second United States Cavalry; First-Lieut. J. R. Edie, Ordnance Department, will convene at the Springfield armory on the 4th of January, 1865, or as soon thereafter as practicable, and at such other place or places, and at such time as the Chief of Ordnance or the senior officer of the board may direct, for the purpose of examining, testing and recommending for adoption a suitable breech-loader for muskets and carbines, and a repeater or magazine carbine.

SWISS CONSUL AT CHICAGO.

The President has recognized HENRI ENDERIS as Consul of the Swiss Confederation at Chicago, for the States of Michigan, Wisconsin, Iowa, Minnesota and the northern part of Illinois.

THE ST. ALBAN'S RAIDERS.

The statement that the Governor-General of Canada had given up, or was about to give up, without further judicial proceedings, the St. Alban's raiders, who have again been arrested, must be erroneous, as it is presumed in official quarters that the Governor-General has no such power.

THE DOCK-YARDS OF GREAT BRITAIN.

The Secretary of the Navy to-day transmitted to the House Chief Engineer KING's report on the dock-yards and iron works of Great Britain and France, accompanied with drawings. It appears that the armored ships of Great Britain, built and building, number twenty. Of these, ten are heavy iron vessels and two wooden, cased in iron, besides one iron and one wooden cupola vessel.

MAILS FOR SHERMAN'S ARMY.

The Postmaster-General has issued an order to Postmasters, directing that all mail matter intended for SHERMAN's army be sent by way of New-York. Col. MARKLAND, special agent of the Post-office Department, will leave New-York on Saturday, with the mails for that army.

THE LOANS.

The subscriptions to the Seven-thirty Loan for the week ending Dec. 17 were $4,625,000, and to the Ten-forty Loan nearly $2,500,000. The subscriptions to the former on the 19th, 20th and 21st amounted to $2,500,000, and the latter, $22,596,000. The Ten-forty loan is to be continued in the market.

THE HOLIDAYS ADJOURNMENT.

Additional members of Congress have left Washington for their homes, but a few remain here meanwhile.

ICE IN THE POTOMAC

The steamer *Webster*, from City Point, with mails and passengers, due here early this morning, has not yet arrived, being clogged with ice several miles below the city. Tug-boats have been ineffectively engaged to-day in efforts to afford relief. A ferry-boat in the Government employ, not far off, is in a similar condition. The ice has formed since last night.

SHERMAN'S MARCH.

JOURNAL OF AN EYE-WITNESS.

Description of the Incidents—The Fights on the Way—Thanksgiving Day—Plenty of Turkeys—Entire Destruction of All the Railroads—The Capture of Fort McAllister.

A correspondent of the *Evening Post*, who accompanied the expedition of Gen. SHERMAN through Georgia, gives an account of it in last evening's issue of that journal. After mentioning the movement of HOOD's army north of Atlanta, and into Tennessee, he writes, under date of Atlanta, Nov. 14:

It was at this moment that the grand project of our captain arose in uncertain yet gigantic proportions; the precise point of destination was not known, but all felt certain that it was southward further into the heart of the enemy's country, and the blood bounded into our veins at the thought. Officers and men met each other with proud and glad faces. All were impressed with a consciousness of the truth that the march of Union soldiers to the ocean or the Gulf meant that we were to take the life-blood of the rebellion.

PREPARATIONS FOR THE MARCH.

Gen. SHERMAN had called to him from Atlanta his Chief Quartermaster, Gen. EASTON, and Chief Commissary, Col. BECKWITH—men of great conceptive and executive capacity. In four days all that Rome contained, of sick and wounded, stores and machinery, was removed, and the city evacuated; a few days more, and the vast amount of provisions, forage, machinery, stores of all kinds, with the invalids and incompetents, which had accumulated at Atlanta and along the railroad, the surplus artillery, baggage and other useless wagons, everything, in truth, which would impede the celerity of movement of the army, was gathered up and sent safely to the North.

On the 12th inst., the last train of cars whirled rapidly past the troops moving south, speeding over bridges and into the woods as if they feared they might be left helpless in the deserted land. At Curtisville, the last communications with the North were severed with the telegraph wire. It bore the message to Gen. THOMAS, "All is well." And so we have cut adrift from our base of operations, from our line of communications, launching out into uncertainty, at the best; on a journey whose projected end only the General in command knows. Its real fate and destination he does not know, since that rests with the goodness of God and the brave hearts and strong limbs of our soldiers. The history of war bears no similar example, except that of CORTEZ burning his ships. It is a bold, hazardous undertaking. There is no backward step possible here. Thirty days rations and a new base; that time and those supplies will be exhausted in the most rapid march ere we can arrive at the nearest seacoast; arrived there, what then? I never heard that manna grew on the sand beaches or in the marshes, though we are sure that we can obtain forage on our way; and I have reason to know that Gen. SHERMAN is in the highest degree sanguine and cheerful—sure even of success.

THE ARMY.

As for the army, they do not stop to ask questions. SHERMAN says "Come," and that is the entire vocabulary with them. A most cheerful feature of the situation is the fact that the men are healthful and jolly as men can be, hoping for the best, daring to do the worst.

Behind us we leave a track of smoke and flame. Half of Marietta was burned up, not by orders, however, for the command is that proper details shall be made to destroy all property which can ever be of use to the rebel armies. Stragglers will get into these places, and dwelling-houses are leveled to the ground. In nearly all cases these are the deserted habitations formerly owned by rebels, who are now refugees.

Yesterday, as some of the men were marching towards the Chattahooche river, they saw in the distance pillows of smoke rising along its banks—the bridges were in flames. Says one, hitching his musket a bit on the shoulder in a free and easy way, "I say, Charley, I believe SHERMAN has set the river on fire." "Reckon not," replied the other, with the same indifference. "If he has, it's all right." And so they pass along, obeying orders, not knowing what is before them, but believing in their leader.

BURNING OF ATLANTA.

ATLANTA, Night of the 15th of November.

A grand and awful spectacle is presented to the beholder in this beautiful city, now in flames. By order, the Chief Engineer has destroyed by powder and fire all the storehouses, depot buildings and machine shops. The heaven is one expanse of lurid fire; the air is filled with flying, burning cinders; buildings covering over two hundred acres are in ruins or in flames; every instant there is the sharp detonation or the smothered burning sound of exploding shells and powder concealed in the buildings, and then the sparks and flame shoot away up into the black and red roof, scattering the cinders far and wide.

A brigade of Massachusetts soldiers are the only troops now left in the town. They will be the last to leave it. To-night I heard the really fine band of the Thirty-third Massachusetts playing "John Brown's soul goes marching on," by the lights of the burning buildings. I have never heard that noble anthem when it was so grand, so solemn, so inspiring.

THE MARCH TO MILLEDGEVILLE.

MILLEDGEVILLE, Monday, Nov. 24.

We are in full possession of the capital of the State of Georgia, and without firing a gun in its conquest. On Friday last the legislature, which had been in session, hearing of our approach, hastily decamped without adjournment. The legislative panic spread among the citizens to such an extent as to depopulate the place, except of a few old gentlemen and ladies and the negroes, the latter welcoming our approach with ecstatic exclamations of joy: "Brees de Lord! tanks be to Almighty God, the Yanks is come; de day ob jubilee hab arribed;" and then accompanying their words with rather embarrassing hugs, which those nearest the sidewalks received quite liberally.

Gen. SLOCUM with the Twentieth Corps, first entered the city, arriving by way of Madison, having accomplished his mission of destroying the railroad and valuable bridges at Madison. The fright of the legislators, as described by witnesses, must have been comical in the extreme. They little imagined the movement of our left wing, hearing first of the advance of KILPATRICK on the extreme right toward Macon, and supposed that to be another raid. What their opinion was when HOWARD's army appeared at McDonnough it would be hard to say; and their astonishment must have approached insanity when the other two columns were heard from—one directed toward Augusta and the other swiftly marching straight upon their devoted city.

It seemed as if they were surrounded upon all sides except toward the east, and that their doom was sealed. With the certain punishment for their crimes looming up before them, they sought every possible means of escape. Private effects, household furniture, books, pictures, everything was conveyed to the depot and loaded into the cars, until they were filled and heaped, and the flying people could not find standing room.

Any and every price was obtained for a vehicle. A thousand dollars was cheap for a common buggy, and men rushed about the streets in agony of fear lest they should "fall victims to the ferocity of the Yankees."

Several days of perfect quiet passed after this exodus, when, on a bright sunshiny morning, a regiment entered the city with a band playing national airs, which music had many a day since been hushed in the Capital of Georgia.

WHAT SHERMAN DID AT MILLEDGEVILLE.

But few of the troops were marched through the city. Some two or three regiments were detailed under the orders of the engineers to destroy certain property designated by the General-Commanding. The magazines, arsenals, depot buildings, factories of one kind and another, with storehouses containing large amounts of government property, and some seventeen hundred bales of cotton, were burned. Private houses were respected everywhere, even those of noted rebels, and I heard of no pillage nor insult to the inhabitants. One or two of the latter, known as having been in the rebel army, were made prisoners of war, but the surgeons at the hospitals, the principal of the insane asylum and others, expressed their gratitude that such perfect order was maintained throughout the city.

It was near here that the most serious fight of the campaign occurred to this date. Gen. WOLCOT, in command of a detachment of cavalry and a brigade of infantry, was thrown forward to Griswoldville, toward Macon, for demonstrative purposes merely. The enemy, some five thousand strong, advanced upon our troops, who had thrown up temporary breastworks, with a section of a battery in position. The cavalry fell slowly back on either section of the brigade, protecting them from attack in flank and rear. The rebels are composed of militia chiefly, although a portion of HARDEE's old corps was present, having been brought up from Savannah.

A FIGHT.

The roads each column was to follow were carefully designated, the number of miles each day to be traveled, and the points of rendezvous were given at a certain date. All of these conditions were fulfilled to the letter. SLOCUM, with the Twentieth Corps, arrived at Milledgeville on the 22d inst., preceding DAVIS, with the Fourteenth Corps, one day. On the same day, KILPATRICK struck the Macon and Western road, destroying the bridge at Walnut Creek. The day following, HOWARD, with the Fifteenth and Seventeenth Corps, arrived at Gordon, and began the destruction of the Georgia Central Railroad.

General SHERMAN is at the Executive Mansion, its former occupant having, with extremely bad grace, fled from his distinguished visitor, taking with him the entire furniture of the building. As General SHERMAN travels with a *ménage*, (a roll of blankets, and haversack full of hard tack,) which is as complete for a life out in the open air as in a palace, this discourtesy of Governor BROWN was not a serious inconvenience.

General SHERMAN's opening move in the present campaign has been successful in the highest degree. At first, moving his army in three columns, with a column of cavalry on his extreme right, upon eccentric lines, he diverted the attention of the enemy, so that he concentrated his forces at extreme points, Macon and Augusta, leaving unimpeded the progress of the main body. In this campaign—the end of which does not yet appear—it is not the purpose of the General to spend his time before fortified cities, nor yet to encumber his wagons with wounded men. His instructions to KILPATRICK were to demonstrate against Macon, getting within five miles of the city.

With that ignorance of danger common to new troops, the rebels rushed upon our veterans with the greatest fury. They were received with grape-shot and musketry at point blank range, our soldiers firing coolly while shouting derisively to the quivering columns to come on, as if they thought the whole thing a nice joke. The rebels resumed the attack, but with the same fatal results, and were soon in full flight, leaving more than three hundred dead on the field. Our loss was some forty killed and wounded, while their killed, wounded and prisoners are estimated to exceed two thousand five hundred. A pretty severe lesson they have received. It is said, "*C'en'est que le premier pas qui coûte.*" This first step has been a most expensive one, and judging from the fact that we hav not heard from them since, they seem to have interpreted the proverb otherwise than in the recognized sense.

MARCHING ON.

NEAR TONNILLE STATION, ON THE GEORGIA CENTRAL RAILROAD, Nov. 27.

Since writing the above the army has moved forward all along the line. The rebels seem to have understood, but too late, that it was not SHERMAN's intention to make a serious attack upon Macon. They have, however, succeeded in getting WHEELER across the Oconee at a point below the railroad bridge. We first became aware of their presence in our front by the destruction of several small bridges across Buffalo Creek, on the two roads leading to Sandersville, over which were advancing the Twentieth and Fourteenth Corps.

We were delayed but a few hours. The passage was also contested by the rebel cavalry under WHEELER, and they fought our front all the way, and into the streets of Sandersville. The twentieth Corps had the advance, deploying a regiment as skirmishers, forming the remainder of the brigade in line of battle on either side of the road. The movement was executed in the handsomest manner, and was so effectual as not to impede the march of the column in the slightest degree, although the roll of musketry was unceasing. Our loss was not serious, twenty odd killed and wounded.

NEAR THE OCONEE.

As the Twentieth Corps entered the town they were met by the Fourteenth, whose head of column arrived at the same moment. While these two corps had met with the obstructions above mentioned, the army under Gen. HOWARD was attempting to throw a pontoon across the Oconee at the Georgia Central Railroad bridge. Here they met a force under the command of Gen. WAYNE, which was composed of a portion of WHEELER's cavalry, militia, and a band of convicts who had been liberated from the Penitentiary upon the condition that they would join the army.

The most of these desperadoes have been taken prisoners, dressed in their State Prison clothing. Gen. SHERMAN has turned them loose, believing that Gov. BROWN had not got the full benefits of his liberality. The rebels did not make a remarkably stern defense of the bridge, for HOWARD was able to cross his army yesterday, and commenced breaking railroad again to-day. In fact, all of the army, except one corps, are engaged in the same work. MORGAN, with his army, was hardly able to reach this point when he met Gen. HARDEE, who has managed to get around here from Macon. Our troops struck the railroad at this station a few hours after the frightened band escaped.

THANKSGIVING DAY KEPT.

We have been told that the country was very poor east of Oconee, but our experience has been a delightful gastronomic contradiction of the statement. The cattle trains are getting so large that we find difficulty in driving them along. Thanksgiving Day was very generally observed in the army, the troops scorning chicke. s in the plentitude of turkeys with which they had supplied themselves.

SUPPLIES ABUNDANT.

Vegetables of al kinds, and in unlimited quantities, were at hand, and the soldiers gave thanks as oldiers may, and were merry as soldiers can be. In truth, so far as the gratification of the stomach goes, the troops are pursuing a continuous thanksgiving.

In addition to fowls, vegetables and meats, many obtain a delicious syrup made from sorghum, which is cultivated on all the plantations, and stored away in large troughs and hogsheads. The mills here and there furnish fresh supplies of flour and meal, and we hear little or nothing of "hard-tack"—that terror to weak mastication. Over the sections of country lately traversed I find very little cultivation of cotton. The commands of DAVIS appear to have been obeyed; and our large droves of cattle are tarned nightly into the immense fields of ungathered corn to eat their fill, while the granaries are crowded to overflowing with both oats and corn.

We have also reached the sand regions, so that the fall of rain has no terrors; the roads are excellent, and would become firmer from a liberal wetting. The rise of the river will not bother us much, for each army corps has its pontoon, and the launching of its boats is the matter of an hour.

THE COUNTRY PEOPLE

all through this section were found to be extremely ignorant. Rich men there are, whose plantations line the roads for miles; men and women who own, or did own, hundreds of slaves, and raised every year their thousand bales of cotton; but their ignorance is only equalled by that twin sister of ignorance, intolerance. I can understand, as I never did before, why it was that a few persons, who every year represented the South in Congress, were able to wield that influence as a unit. Many of the people claim to have been Unionists from the beginning of the war. It seems hard sometimes to strip such men as clear of all eatables as do our troops, who have the art cultivated to the most eminent degree; but, as Gen. SHERMAN often says to them: "If it is true that you are Unionists, you should not have permitted JEFF. DAVIS to dragoon you, until you are as much his slaves as once the niggers were yours."

HOWELL COBB'S PLANTATION.

Just before his entrance into Milledgeville, Gen. SHERMAN camped on one of the plantations of HOWELL COBB. We found his granaries well filled with corn and wheat, part of which was distributed and eaten by our animals and men. A large supply of syrup made from sorghum, (which we have found at nearly every plantation on our march,) was stored in an out-house. This was also disposed of to the soldiers and the poor decrepit negroes, which this humane, liberty-loving Major-General left to die in this place a few days ago. Becoming alarmed, COBB sent to that place and removed all the able-bodied mules, horses, cows and slaves. He left here some fifty old men—cripples, and women and children—with clothing scarce covering their nakedness, with little or no food, and without means of procuring any. We found them cowering over the fireplaces of their miserable huts, where the wind whirled through the crevices between the logs, frightened at the approach of the Yankees, who, they had been told, would kill them. A more forlorn, neglected set of human beings I never saw.

Gen. SHERMAN distributed to the negroes with his own hands the provisions left here, and assured them that we were their friends, and they need not be afraid that we were foes. One old man answered him: "I spose dat you'se true; but, massa, you'se 'll go way to-morrow, and anudder white man will come." He had never known anything but persecutions and fears from the white man, and had been kept in such ignorance of us that he did not dare put faith in any white man. The negroes were told that as soon as we get them into our clutches they were put into the front of the battle, and we killed them if they did not fight; that we threw the women and children into the Chattahoochie, and when the buildings were burned in Atlanta, we filled them with negroes, to be roasted and devoured by the flames.

Near Covington, one Judge HARRIS has a large plantation; before we arrived it was well stocked; I can't answer for its condition afterward. A jollier set of negroes I never saw than his were when the blue-coats came along. Horrible stories of their cruelty to the negroes were also told by their masters to frighten them, but the negroes never put one word of faith in them.

In other parts of the South the negroes I have seen seem to understand there is a man named LINCOLN, who had the power to free them, and had exercised it.

Gen. SHERMAN invites all able-bodied negroes (others could not make the march) to join the column, and he takes especial pleasure when they join the procession, on some occasions telling them they are free; that Massa LINCOLN has given them their liberty, and that they can go where they please; that if they earn their freedom they should have it—but that Massa LINCOLN had given it to them anyhow. Thousands of negro women join the column, some carrying household truck; others, and many of them there are, who bear the heavy burdens of children in their arms, while older boys and girls plod by their sides. All these women and children are ordered back, heartrending though it may be to refuse them liberty.

But the majority accept the advent of the Yankees as the fulfilment of the millennial prophecies. The "day of jubilee," the hope and prayer of a lifetime, has come. They cannot be made to understand that they must remain behind, and they are satisfied only when Gen. SHERMAN tells them—as he does every day—that we shall come back for them some time, and that they must be patient until the proper hour of deliverance comes.

THE MARCH TO THE OGEECHEE.

NOV. 29, NEAR JOHNSON'S, ON THE SOUTH SIDE OF THE GEORGIA RAILROAD.

We have not heard from the army on the north side of the railroad since it left us at Sandersville; nor from KILPATRICK until to-day, and then indirectly through a negro, who reports that the son of his master rode all the way from Louisville in great haste, reporting that WHEELER was fighting the Yankees, who were advancing on Augusta. Gen. SHERMAN's second step in this campaign will have been equally successful with the first, if he is able to cross the Ogeechee to-morrow without much opposition. DAVIS' and KILPATRICK's movement has been a blind, in order to facilitate the passage over the Ogeechee of the main body of the army, which for two days past has been marching on parallel roads south of the railroad.

Thus far we have reason to believe that the rebels are ignorant of our principal movement, and are trembling with the fear that Augusta is our objective.

KILPATRICK is doing the same work which he accomplished with such high honor when covering our right flank in the early days of the campaign. His column now acts as a curtain upon the extreme left, through which the enemy may in vain attempt to penetrate. He has a yet grander aim in view. If he succeeds, his name will not only stand at the head of our great cavalry Generals, but it will be uttered with the prayers and blessings of the wives and children of the prisoners whom he may liberate at Millen, which is the point he aims for, and where have been incarcerated many thousands of our brave comrades. KILPATRICK started on the same day that our army left Milledgeville, the 25th inst.

ON THE MARCH.

All day long the army has been marching through magnificent pine woods—the savannahs of the South, as they are termed. I have never seen, and I can't conceive, a more picturesque sight than the army winding along through these grand old woods. The pines rise, naked of branches, eighty and ninety feet, and then are crowned with a tuft of pure green. The trees are wide apart, so that frequently two trains of wagons and troops in double colums are marching abreast. In the distance may be seen a troop of horsemen, some general and his staff, turning about, here and there, their gay uniforms and red and white flags contrasting harmoniously with the bright, yellow grass underneath and the deep evergreen. War has its romance and its pleasures, and nothing could be more delightful, nor can there be more beautiful subjects for the artist's pencil than a thousand sights which have met my eye for days past, and which can never be seen outside the army.

STATION OF GEORGIA CENTRAL RAILROAD, Wednesday, Nov. 30, 1864.

With the exception of the Fifteenth corps, our army is across the Ogeechee, and without fighting a battle. This river is a line of great strength to the rebels, and they might have made its passage a costly effort for us, but they have been outwitted and outmanœuvred. I am more convinced than ever that if Gen. SHERMAN intends taking his army to the seaboard, it is evidently his policy to avoid a battle, or any contest which will delay him in the establishment of a new base of operations and supplies; if he is able to establish this new base, and at the same time destroy all the lines of communication from the rebel armies, with the great cities, so that they will be as much isolated as if those strongholds were in our hands, he will have accomplished the greatest strategic victory in the war, and all the more welcome because bloodless.

We have heard to-day from KILPATRICK and from Millen. KILPATRICK made a splendid march, fighting WHEELER all the way, to Waynesboro, destroying the railroad bridge crossing Briar Creek, between Augusta and Millen. It is with real grief that I write he was unable to accomplish the release of our prisoners. It appears that for some time past the rebels have been removing our soldiers from Millen; the officers have been sent to Columbia, S. C., and the privates further south, somewhere on the Gulf Railroad.

THE PASSAGE OF THE OGECHEE.

We have had very little difficulty in crossing the Ogechee. The Twentieth Corps moved down the railroad—destroying it to the bridge. The Seventeenth Corps covered the river at this point, where a light bridge was only partially destroyed. It was easily repaired, so that the infantry and cavalry could pass over it, while the wagons and artillery used the pontoons. The Ogechee is about sixty yards in width at this point. It is approached on the northern or western side through swamps, which would be impassible were it not for the sandy soil which packs solid when the water covers the roads, although in places there are treacherous quicksands which we are obliged to corduroy.

This evening I walked down to the river. A novel and vivid sight was it to see the fires of pitch pine flaring up into the mist and darkness, the figures of men and horses looming out of the dense shadows in gigantic proportions. Torchlights are blinking and flashing away off in the forests, while the still air echoed and reëchoed with the cries of teamsters and the wild shouts of the soldiers. A long line of the troops marched across the foot bridge, each soldier bearing a torch; their light reflected in quivering lines in the swift running stream.

IN A FOG.

Soon the fog, which settles like a blanket over the swamps and forests of the river bottoms, shut down upon the scene, and so dense and dark was it, that torches were of but little use, and men were directed here and there by the voice.

AN ORIGINAL CHARACTER.

At this station we came across an old man named WELLS, who was the most original character I ever met. He was depot-master in the days when there was a railroad here. He is a shrewd old man, and seemed to understand the merits of the war question perfectly. He said:

"They say you are retreating, but it is the strangest sort of retreat I ever saw. Why, dog bite them, the newspapers have been lying in this way all along. They allers are whipping the Federal armies, and they allers fall back after the battle is over. It was that ar' idee that first opened my eyes. Our army was allers whipping the Feds, and we allers fell back. I allers told 'em it was a d—d humbug, and now by —— I know it, for here you are right on old JOHN WELLS' place; hogs, potatoes, corn and fences all gone. I don't find any fault. I expected it all."

"JEFF. DAVIS and the rest," he continued, "talk about splitting the Union. Why if South Carolina had gone out by herself, she would have been split in four pieces by this time. Splitting the Union! Why d—n it, the State of Georgia is being split right through from end to end. It is these rich fellows who are making this war, and keeping their precious bodies out of harm's way. There's JOHN FRANKLIN went through here the other day, running away from your army. I could have played dominoes on his coat tails. There's my poor brother, sick with smallpox at Macon, working for eleven dollars a month, and hasn't got a cent of the d—d stuff for a year. 'Leven dollars a month and eleven thousand bullets a minute. I don't believe in it, sir.

"My wife came from Canada, and I kind o' thought I would sometime go there to live, but was allers afraid of the ice and cold; but I can tell you this country is getting too cussed hot for me. Look at my fence rails burning there. I think I can stand the cold better.

I heard as how they cut down the trees across your road up country and burn the bridges; why, (dog bite their hides!) one of your Yankees can take up a tree and carry it off, tops and all; and there's that bridge you put across the river in less than two hours—they might as well try to stop the Ogechee as you Yankees.

The blasted rascals who burnt this yere bridge thought they did a big thing; a natural born fool cut in two had more sense in either end than any of them.

"To bring back the good old times," he said, "it'll take the help of Divine Providence, a heap of rain, and a deal of elbow grease, to fix things up again."

SHERMAN'S MANŒUVRES.

SCARBORO, Ga., Saturday, Dec. 3.

Pivoted upon Millen the army has swung slowly round from its eastern course, and is now moving in six columns upon parallel roads southward. Until yesterday it was impossible for the rebels to decide whether or not it was Gen. SHERMAN's intention to march upon Augusta. KILPATRICK had destroyed the bridge above Waynesboro, and falling back and again advanced, supported by the Fourteenth Army Corps, under Gen. DAVIS. South of this column, moving eastward through Birdsville, was the Twentieth Corps, commanded by Gen. SLOCUM. Yet further south the Seventeenth Corps, Gen. BLAIR in command, followed the railroad, destroying it as he advanced. West and south of the Ogechee the Fifteenth Corps, Gen. OSTERHAUS in immediate command, but under the eye of Gen. HOWARD, has moved in two columns.

Until now DAVIS and KILPATRICK have been a cover and shield to the real movements. At no time has it been possible for HARDEE to interpose any serious obstacle to the advance of the main body of our army, for our left wing has always been a strong arm thrust out in advance, ready to put in chancery any force which might attempt to get within its guard.

The rebel councils of war appear to have been completely deceived, for we hear it reported that BRAGG and LONGSTREET are at Augusta, with 10,000 men, made up of militia, two or three South Carolina regiments, and a portion of Hampton's Legion, sent there for one month. It is possible, now that the curtain has been withdrawn, and as it may appear that we are marching straight for Savannah, their Generals, with their ten thousand, may attempt to harrass our rear; but they can accomplish nothing but the loss of a few lives, without checking our progress.

The work so admirably performed by our left wing, so far as obliged the rebels in our front constantly to retreat, by threatening their rear, now becomes the office of the Fifteenth Corps, our right wing on the right bank of the river. Its two columns are moving one day's march in advance of the main body of the army, marching down the peninsula between the Savannah and Ogeechee Rivers. The necessity and value of these flank movements first of the right wing with KILPATRICK's cavalry then of DAVIS and KILPATRICK on the left, and now of HOWARD on our right, is because we cannot run over and demolish any and all the rebel forces in Georgia. They could not for a moment stand before this army upon any ordinary battle-ground, but a very small force of infantry or cavalry at a river could delay a column half a day, and perhaps longer, and as our soldiers have got tired of chickens, sweet potatoes, sorghum, &c., and have been promised oysters on the half shell, oysters roasted, stewed, &c., in short, oysters, they don't care to be delayed.

The railroad, which has been receiving our immediate attention within the last week, is altogether the best I have seen in the State, though the rail itself is not so heavy as the Trail on the Augusta and Atlanta Road.

We daily traverse immense corn-fields, covering from one hundred to one thousand acres. These were once devoted to the cultivation of cotton, and it is suprising to see how the planters have carried out the orders or wishes of the rebel government in this respect. There has been a large amount of cotton destroyed in this campaign, but it must have been but a small portion even of the limited crop raised, as the destruction has chiefly been away from the railroads. As near as I can learn two-thirds of this cotton has been sent over the Georgia Central Railroad to August by way of Millen; from thence a limited amount has been transported to Wilmington for trans-Atlantic shipment; the balance yet remains in the vicinity of Columbia, S. C.

One thing is most certain, neither the west nor the east will draw any supplies from the counties in this State traversed by our army for a long time to come; our work has been the next thing to annihilation.

CONCENTRATION AT OGECHEE—A FIGHT.

OGECHEE CHURCH, Wednesday, Dec. 6.

The army for two days past has been concentrating at this point, which is the narrowest part of the peninsula. Gen. HOWARD is still on the west side of the Ogechee, but is within supporting distance, and has ample means of crossing the river should it be necessary, which is not at all probable. KILPATRICK has again done noble work. On Sunday last, while marching toward Alexander, for the purpose of more thoroughly completing the destruction of the railroad bridge crossing Briar Creek, we found WHEELER on his way near Waynesboro. He fought him several times, punishing him severely in each instance, driving his infantry and cavalry before him through Waynesboro and beyond the bridge, which was completely destroyed. He rejoined the main body of our army then marching south

LIST OF LETTERS

Remaining Unclaimed in the New-York Post-office, Friday, Dec. 23, 1864.

☞ To obtain any of these letters, the applicant must call for "*advertised letters*," *give the date of this list*, and pay one cent for advertising.

☞ If not called for within *one month*, they will be sent to the Dead Letter Office.

LADIES' LIST.

A

Abbott Abram Mrs
Abeck Pauline
Aberle Albertina Mrs
Adams K Francis Mrs
Adams H F Mrs
Adams Mary Ann
Adams M C Mrs
Allen Franky
Alexander Susan M Mrs
Alconorack Augusty
Allgor Mary R
Albert Elizabeth
Ambler Emily
Amos Margret
Anderson John J
Anderson H Mrs
Anderson Bessy
Antony Mary Ellen
Armitage Annie D—5
Armstrong Agnes V
Arnold Nellie A
Ardebert Josephine Mrs
Ashton Ella
Atkinson Mary Mrs
Atkinson Mrs, 19th-st
Avizzana Mrs, 43d-st

B

Bagnell Margret Mrs
Baily Sarah Jane Mrs
Baily Mary Mrs
Baily Louisa Mrs
Baker Chem Mrs
Baldwin Elia T
Banks Ann Mrs
Banon James Mrs
Blaney Mary A—2
Brackett Helen L Mrs—2
Brady Ellen
Brady Mary
Brady Mary Mrs
Bradford Catharine
Bramoon Mary
Brannigan Margt
Barke Richard Mrs
Barron Ann
Barringer Bell
Barsour L
Barny Eliza Mrs
Barry Emma
Barton Caroline
Bascome Mary Ann
Bates R H Mrs
Bauder Emilie Mrs
Bauman Margarena
Baumann Maria
Baxter Elizabeth Mrs
Beatch Amelia
Beach Marietta E
Beebe Elsie M
Beck Annie Barbury Mrs
Beck Lissy
Beck Pega Mrs
Beck Helena Mrs
Bedford Ellen
Bedell Kate
Beigle Sophia Bell Anna Mrs
Bently Elisa A Mrs
Bennett Ruff Mrs
Bennett Elisa
Bennett Mary Mrs
Bennecke Mrs
Thompson st
Bernadt Mrs, 36th-st
Berth Katharine Mrs
Bermingham Rose Mrs
Besler Johanna
Breese Hellen Mrs
Bready Mary
Brennen Mrs
Crennen Margaret Mrs
Bierse Emilie
Bigsby Emily
Bilcrist Bessy
Bi Hugham Mrs, 18th-st
Birscha Pearso Mrs
Bishop Anna J Mrs
Birtne Margrite Mrs
Bilasmade S L—2
Britt Alia—3
Briggs Mary
Brown Jennf
Brown Eliza Jane Mrs
Brown Wm H Mrs
Brown Elise
Brown Hattie
Brown Abby
Bogan Mary A Mrs
Bonheur Stella Mrs
Roles Mrs, 5th-st
Booth Mary L
Booth Mary Mrs
Bosher Charity
Bottom Mary L
Bottomley Mary Mrs
Bowden Elisa Mrs
Bounemburg Susannah Mrs
Bowers Hattie
Boyle Mary Mrs
Boyle Mrs, 11th-st
Boyle Grace
Boyle Bridget
Block Ciclile
Bradley R O Mrs
Bradley M Mrs
Bunce Helen
Bumrill Jane Mrs
Buntdrecher Lissy
Burdick Hattie R
Burroughs W H
Burch Catharine Mrs
Burns Ann
Burnes William Mrs
Barrus Annie
Burrus Mary
Burke Johanna
Burk Joseph
Butts Anney B
Butra F Mrs
Buttman Mrs, 20th-st
Butler Mary
Butler Margret—1
Butcher Mrs, Houston-st
Buzzelle H M Mrs
Byxbee Mary
Byrnes Sarah Mrs
Byrns Margret Mrs
Byrns Ellen
Blue Margret Mrs
Bruchard A M Mrs
Bryant Eden

C

Caffrey Ann Mrs
Cahill Maria
Cahill Maria
Cahill Mrs, 5th-st
Cain Julia Mrs
Callahan Margret
Clancy Mary Mrs
Clancy Jane Mrs
Clap Cath
Camar Dora
Capless Margret
Chapman Bertha W
Chapman Martha
Clahain Mary
Carroll Ellen Mrs
Carrill Margret
Carroll Annie
Carroll Bridget Mrs
Carr Allen Mrs
Carr Hannah
Carrigan E Mrs
Carry Marcella Mrs
Carry Marie Mrs
Carry P Mrs
Carey Hannah
Carter Mary E Mrs—2
Carter Eugene Mrs
Carter Nellie A
Casey Mary Mrs
Casey Mary A
Cassidy Ann
Catlett Mrs, 4th-st
Charles M Mrs
Closson Mrs, 9th-st
Clayton Mary E
Clark James Mrs
Clark Emmy
Clark Julia
Clark John Mrs
Clark T S Mrs
Clark Annie
Clark Kate—2
Clandning Sarah
Cellher Mary Mrs—2
Cheney Mary M
Clifford Ida
Clifford Nellie
Clifford Hellen—2
Clinton Mary
Clinton Mary
Cochram Kate
Coddington C
Coffin Lucy M Mrs
Cogan Bridget Mrs
Cohen Yette
Colsin Mary
Collins Mary Mrs
Coleman Eliza-beth
Coleman Francis P
Colgan Ann
Commes Mary
Cornnys M Mrs
Connor A Mrs
Conant Anna Mrs
Conklin Catharine Mrs
Conley Bridget
Connely Bridget
Conell A
Conly Rosanna
Cronin Cath Mrs
Cook Ann R Mrs
Cook Sophia
Cook Lois Mrs
Cook Joseph S Mrs
Coout Lizzie Mrs
Coate Margaret Mrs
Copple Ellen Mrs
Coray Elisha A Mrs
Carnell Mary Mrs
Carnell Lathan Mrs
Cornelius Mary J Mrs
Carrigan Bridget
Corcoran Julia
Cosgrove Ann
Courier W
Cropey Ellen
Crooks Mrs, Elizabeth-st
Crouther Jennie
Cuans Mary Mrs
Cuick Kate
Cummings Mary
Cully Kate
Cullen Catharine Mrs
Cullen Sarah Mrs
Cullin Ann
Cumming Mary E Mrs—2
Cunningham Catharine
Cyrkes Mrs, Grand-st
Church Frederick E Mrs

D

Dalley Anne
Dalley Romalda
Dake Maggie
Dalton B
Danes Miss, Madison-av
Darlington Maria Mrs
Daschler Mrs, 11th-st
Davenport Martha J
Davenport Harriet
Davy Mary
Davy Mrs, 10th-st
Davis Lissy
Davis Mary L
Davis Anna Mrs
Davis Mary L
Davis Julia Mrs
Davis Eliza L
Davis Mary Mrs
Davis Wm R Mrs
Dean Ellen
Dean Emma
Dean Kate
Deakon Celina
Delmotia M J Mrs
Delegantry Mary
Deming M E
Dennis Mary
Dennis Julia
Derby Charlotte
Desmond Kate
Deuchmar —, 3d-st
Dechart Annie J
Devine Mary Mrs
De Cesnola Mrs
De Graff Julia
De Mumble Victoria
De Brainard Adelaid Mrs
Dibbiee Francis J
Dillon Anna
Disturnell Mrs
Dixon Alice A
Divine Eliza A
Dri.oll Mary Mrs
Dennim Bridget
Dockstatter Jennie
Dolan Bethe
Dolan Mary
Dolan Ann Mrs
Donnohoe Ann Mrs
Donaley M A
Donegan Margret Mrs
Dollard Annie
Dorr Eva
Dowey M M
Dowey M M
Desmond Kate
Douers Chis Mrs
Doyal Annie
Dude Michael Mrs
Duffy &
Duff Mary A Mrs
Duglass Elizabeth Mrs
Duleghen Alles Mrs
Dunken Mrs—3d-st
Duncan Charles
Dunn Eliza
Dunne Jane Mrs
Dunne Alicia Mcdim
Dunleary Elizabeth Mary Mrs
Dupuy Eliza
Durland Anna
Durnell A A Mrs
Durham Ann
Dustin Mary
Duwann Ann
Drummond Agnes Mrs

E

Ellis Maggie
Ellis Annie W Mrs
Eckley Harriett
Einoll L Mrs—2
Eggeling Bertha Mrs
Egan Mrs
Eaton E F
Eltinger Wilhelmene Mrs
Eisenhamer Mrs
Eisald William Mrs
Ebert Josephine
Mrs—2
Edwards A M Mrs
Elids Maggie—2
Edgecomb Maria Mrs
Eastmann Minnie
Eitzberger Jane
Escott Catharine Mrs—2
Escalorme Mrs—Bridway
Evelon Cath
Eustice Bridget
Elliott Margret

F

Faber Sarah M Mrs
Farrell Anne
Farrall Mary
Fanning W Mrs
Fargie Sarah Mrs
Francis Mrs—35th-st
Francis Ellen
Francis Martha V Mrs
Frankenberger Miss
Francois Delphine
Fraher Anne
Feldman J Mrs
Ferall E
Ferry Ellen
Fletcher Mary Mrs
Fleming Maria Mrs
Freeman Patience Mrs
French Cath Mrs
French Roretta
Freeborn Sarah
Freaney Winfred
Finch Phœbe Mrs
Field Kate Mrs—2
Fisher Kate
Fitzpatrick Margret
Fitzpatrick Miss
Fitzpatrick Mrs—5th-st
Fitzpatrick M Mrs
Fisher Thomas Mrs
Firscher Katarina
Fiedler Anna
Finland Sarah Mrs
Flint Mary K
Forrest Edward —2
Fox Ellen Mrs
Foster James D
Foreman A M
Foley Bridget
Fallon Mrs
Foran Maria
Foley Catharine
Fogerty Julia
Fox Mary
Foster Mary
Foster Annie
Fobler Phebœ Mrs
Fobley Dorcas Mrs
Foley Mary
Foley Eliza
Fonda Per Lee Mrs
Flood Fannie Mrs
Frost Sarah E Mrs
Furer Caroline Y
Fuick E Mrs
Funstead Bridget
Flyn Mrs—Oak-st
Flynn Elizabeth
Flynn G W Mrs
Frye A W Mrs

G

Gallagher Mary
Gallaghar Bernard
Gallaher Eliza Mrs
Gallagher Mary
Gahagan Minnie
Gardiner Kate
Gagan Julia Mrs
Ganzert Catharine Mrs
Gaubraut Della
Galvin John Mrs
Gambon Mrs
Gardiner Catharine Mrs
Gray N Mrs
Graham Ellen
Granger D K Mrs
Gebhardt Henrietta Mrs
Glessen Emelie
Glen Annie Mrs
Green Letitia
Greis Katy
Gregory Rosent
Greenwall Philippina Mrs
Girling Robt Mrs
Gineman Mathilde
Gibbs Martha Mrs
Gilmore Kate
Gibbons I
Gillan Elizabeth
Gillis Catharine
Gilick Mrs
Gibbs Imogene
Gilbert Henry V Mrs
Gliesmann Annie
Griffen Nelly O
Goldsmith Mrs
Golden Minnie Mrs
Golden Cath Mrs
Gover Emeline—2
Goodell Elsie Mrs
Groes Emma
Groneke Mary Mrs
Gunn Hugh Mrs
Gurnee Margt
Guidman Ell Mrs
Guffy Bridget
Gutney Alex Mrs

H

Hale Eliza Mrs
Hale James Mrs
Hahn Louise Mrs
Halleran Jennie
Haley Maria L Mrs
Halsey Libbie
Hager Mrs—14th-st
Hadley W H Mrs
Hallock Mary
Haight Samuel Mrs—2
Haisler Mrs—Grand-st
Hansotter Eliza
Harkett Margret Mrs
Hayward Thomas
Hound Murthy
Howard Mary
Hooley Margret
Hog Margret Mrs
Hoyter N Mrs
Hollinsworth Mary A Mrs
Huntemann Laura
Hulme Patti D
Hueston Kate
Hunter Ida
Hunit Maria
Hurley Sarah Mrs
Hunt L J
Hummel Kate
Hughes Kate
Hyde Mrs
Hyde W D Mrs
Hynes Julia
Hyde Caroline Mrs
Hawkins Theresa Mrs
Hausman B
Harden A Mrs
Hartnett Hannah
Harned S W Mrs—2
Hayward Anna E
Hayward Millie
Howe Hannah
Howell A Mrs
Howsell Isabella Mrs
Holden H Hosey A
Holden Lucy Mrs
Holmes Mrs
Holmes Chas Mrs
Hairing Mrs
Hopkins Hattie
Holbrooke Adelaid Mrs
Hoyt Maria I
Hofmaster Emma
Hogan Elizabeth
Howe Martha
Howell A Mrs
Howsell Isabella
Holden H Hosey A
Hayes Julia
Hyde Caroline Mrs

I

Ida Heline Mrs
Irvens Agnes Mrs

J

James Mary
James Paul Mrs
Jackson Mary
Jackson Mrs
Jackson B L
Jennings Hannah
Jewell Maria
Jemson Jamina Mrs
Jillson A L Mrs
Jones Elisa Mrs
Jones J H Mrs
Jones Mrs—2d-av
Jones Mary A
Jones Bridget
Jones M A Mrs
Jones S Mrs
Jones Margret
Jones Libbie
Jones Jane E Mrs
Johnson Martha Mrs
Johnson Mary
Johnson Sarah Mrs
Johnson Henrietta
Joice Ellen
Justh E Mrs

K

Kule Mary Ellen
Kennedy Mrs
Keith Kate
Kaufmann Mary Mrs
Kasson Archie Mrs
Knapp Julia W Mrs
Kapprell Katharina
Kane Margret
Kelly Ann
Kelly Maria S
Kelly Miss
Kelly Eliza Mrs
Kelly Ellen Mrs
Kelly Mary
Kelly Ellen
Kennedy Margaret
Kennedy Kate
Kenny Peter Mrs
Kenny Kate
Kenny B
Kervan Julia Mrs
Kerkwood Hannah
Keane Sally G Mrs
Keeting M A Mrs
Keneally Annie E Mrs
Kearney Kate
Kearny D M Mrs
Kelly Alice
Keefe Mary
Kernan Bessie
Kelvy T Mrs
Knox Matilda
Kemp Rosa Mrs
Kiddy Annie
Keys Catharine Mrs
Kost Ida
Kremer Sophia
Kirk Mrs
King Louisa Mrs
King Ellen S Mrs
Kinney Vaney Mrs
Kiefer Mary Mrs
Kinkead Alexander Mrs
Kinderlin Ann
Kirschel Marco Mrs
Knight Herm Mrs
Kries Sobina Mrs

L

Lawler Eliza
Lawlen Julia
Lane Ann C
Lagris Mary
Lavan Mary
Lawrence Ann
Lampkin Hiram Mrs
Langenbacher Miss
Lasimer Mary
Laurence Miss, 18th-st
Landlaw Mrs, 14th-st
Lakeman Maggie E
Lake Harriett
Laverty Geo Mrs
Latson Allen Mrs
Lawless B Mrs
Layton Louise
Leowenfeld Ida
Levell Ellen
Levy U P
Lewis Mrs, Forsyth-st
Lee Saml W Mrs
Lee Mary
Lees Mrs, 10th-st
Lenon Jane Mrs
Lewis Love A
Leonard Ellen
Leroy Cath
Lenox Margt J
Leihner D
Lewis Daney Mrs
Lenon Madam
Leonard Ellen
Lewis Addie A
Lacro Maria
Leslie Pessie
Lengebusch Wilhemina Mrs
Littleton Jane E
Litchtenstein Esther
Capt Mrs
Capt
Lillis Emma
Lindental H Mrs
Livingston Minnie
Linhum Mary Mrs
Loya Elizabth S Mrs
Long Lizzie
Lows Haty
Lotsher Chas Mrs
Lowery S Mrs
Loughlin Thos H Mrs
Love Margt
Loughry Edward Mrs
Loton Ellen
Lynch Cath
Lyons Cath
Lyons E Mrs Jr
Lyon Adeline S
Lynch Mary
Ludlow Fitzhugh Mrs

M

Magram Bridget
Malherb Mad
Magowen Miss
Manly Winslow Mrs
Magrane Mrs, 6th-street
Mahony Margt Mrs
Mahan Margt
Macaner Rosy
Maggure Hannah
Mac Enma
Mack, Cherry-st
Mack Mrs, Wooster-st
Mattern Sophia
Mathews E Mrs
May Elizatta
Mathew Elyabth
Massy H A Mrs
Merle Lissie Mrs
Meire Dina
Meglaughlin Mrs
Merges Maretta Mrs
Meriarty B M
Mecolough Rosana
Mitchell Molys
Miller Nellie
Mershaugh Margt
Miller Barbara
Miller Mrs, 2d-st
Mills Susan E
Miller Harry Mrs
Mires Dueatha
Moffatt Maria Mrs
Morrisey Mary Mrs
More Margt
Moffat Eliza C
Montgomery Annie W
Mosher Charity
Moran Sophia
Montofion Mrs
Moore Mary
Moore Sarah Mrs
Moor Mary Mrs
Montgomery Eliza
Moore Ed Mrs
Moore Sarah
Moony Jane
More Anna
Mor Amelia
Moran Mary
Mully Mrs
Mullin Cath
Murray Sarah
Murphy Julia
Muller Cath
Murtan Kate
Murphy Mary
Murphy Sally
Murnser Mary M
Mulligan Ann Mrs
Murphy Josephine
Murrie Mrs, 18th-st
Murphy John Mrs
Murry Emma
Mullen Anna
Murphy Julia
Munn Kate L
Murphy Mary
Mundey Miss
Mugly Mrs, Av C
Murphy Elisha
Myrick M W Mrs
Murphy Ellen
Myer Anna
Morgee Rosaltha Mrs
Norstrand CT Mrs
Noble S B Mrs
Noscomore Mrs
Norton Ellen Mrs
Noine Eliza
Nolan Ellen
Nutting Geo W Mrs
Nunes Maja

N

Nash Amelia
Nager Mrs, 19th-st
Nappy Bridget
Nalligun Magdalena
Nadinc Robt Mrs
Nathan Rebecca Mrs
Nevins Ella Mrs
Netter May
Newman A
Newman Henretta
Neal Flora V
Nevill Hellen C
Neagle Cath
Nelson Phebe
Newton Hattie E
Negun Adele
Nelala Mary Mrs
Nieler Enma

O

O'Brien Mrs
O'Brien Julia
O'Brien Hannah
O'Brien Bridget
O'Connor Margt
O'Hara Cath
O'Rielv Anna
O'Keefe Mrs
O'Hare Ann Mary
Owens Miss
Ollias Mrs
Osterman Mary
Odell Mary
Obertenffer R M Mrs
Odames Thurston Mrs
Ostrander Susan
O'Mally Mary A
O'Shaunessy Nora
O'Doherty Cath
O'Toole J Mrs
O'Grady Mary
O'Neal Bridget
O'Keefe Ann Mary

P

Patten Mrs
Patterson Mrs
Patten G J
Place Nellie
Partridge Margt Ann
Palmer Jennie
Pratt T R Mrs
Parker Mrs
Passy Mary
Parker Irama
Prange Ida
Parsons Thos Mrs
Parsons Jane Mrs
Pany Rachel M
Parker Mary R
Parker A M Mrs
Pangborn David S
Della
Panton L A
Pamboke L
Peckham Edd Mrs
Peale M N Mrs
Pennell Mary H Mrs
Preston Adeline S
Pearsall Mary W
Peterson Johana Mrs
Phelan Honer
Peekear Mrs—16th-st
Peylon Mrs
Peck Sarah E
Pedancot Mrs
Peterson Sarah
Pinkham C Mrs
Phillips M M Mrs
Phipps, Thos W Mrs
Phillips Rachel
Phillips Jane
Pinder Emily
Phillip E
Phillip F A
Porch Elizabeth Mrs
Power Mary H
Power Ella
Powell S Mrs
Powel A J Mrs
Pomroy Mary E
Pomroy Elizabeth
Power Jas Mrs
Porter Miss—14th-st
Potter Mary E

Mc

McArdle Bridget
McAller Rose
McAlister Georgie
McAlister Mary
McAndrew Mrs—7th-st
McCarty Mary
McCartney Sarah
McCann Margt
McCann Maria
McCloud Ann Elizabeth
McCanly Bridget
McConner Cath
McCanna Jane
McConnell Margt
McCabe Sarah Mrs
McCulby Ellen
McCabe Bella
McCollough Eliza
McCarthy Rellen
McGill Mrs
McCarthy Mrs
Munroe-st
McEnery Mich'l
McDougal Mrs—6th-st
McDonnel Bridget
McDonnell Ann
McDonnell Margt
McDonnell Ann
McDonnell Sarah
McDermott Mrs—30th-st
McDonald MA Mrs
McEnroe Ann
McErvy Miss
McFarland Mrs—12th-st
McGinely Mrs—Greenwich-st
McGraw Ann Mary
McGrath Mary
McGraham R
McGowan Susan
McGuire John Mrs
McGuire Margt
McGuinness Rose
McCarthy Mrs—Crosby-st
McGowan Martha
McGinness Julia
McGrath Sara
McLoughlin Mary Jane
McLelan Mrs
McKanley Elizabeth
McKenzie Isabell
McIntosh A Mrs
McKinley Eliza
McLaughlin Mrs
McKeon John Mrs
McKey Mrs
McLean Jane
McInness Mary Ann
McKeon Mary
McKenzie Margt
McLenor Mrs
McMahon Mary
McManus Mary
McMahan Margt
McManus Ann
McMane Mary
McManus Augusta
McMahon Mrs—Mott-st
McMahon T Margie Mrs
McQueny Mrs
McQuaid Mary
McQuin Ellen
McQuackenbush Emma
McQuinn Frances Mrs
McQurk Elizabeth

R

Regan Mrs, 18th-st
Reidy Rose
Renoud Josephine
Renoud Joseph Mrs
Remand Hannah
Renolds Nellie
Reeve Sarah
Renshler Agnes
Rogers Maria
Rogers C M
Rooney Julia
Rowlt Mrs—Oakdale B
Richardson Margie
Ritter Betsy
Rily C Mrs
Rielly Cath M T
Riley Ellen
Richards Maggie
Rinver Margt
Riely Eliza
Richards Hellen
Reid Miss
Rogers Mrs
Rogers Mary
Robinson Cornelia
Ross Bella
Rogger Bridget
Rowley Delia
Roundbush Clinton
Ross Cath
Rouse Margt
Robinson Kate
Rosenthal Josephine
Rothchild Sophia
Rogers Maria
Rogers C M
Rooney Julia
Rowlt Mrs—Oakdale
Roberts Elias E
Rosendale Rae
Rowland H W Mrs
Rose E Mrs
Rosenthal Madam
Roll Louisa
Roby Eyra
Rohie Johnna
Ruquett Emily Mrs
Ryan R
Ruth Emma
Ruder Anna
Runge C C F Mrs

S

Schafer Maria
Schaffer Louisa W
Sandford Mary Ann
Stanton Louisa N
Stanly Emma
Sanders Mary F
Sanborn Clara P Mrs
Saxton Hannah
Sargent Sarah
Sharp Anna
Schwartz Margt
Sparks Margt
Sawyer Annie M
Sharky Ann
Shaw Bell
Snell Libbie
Spencer C L Mrs
Spencer M Mrs
Shelly Margt
Sheu Mary
Steinbener S phia
Steenback E Mrs
Schill Mrs, 2d-st
Stearns E M
Seelig M
Sweeny Cath
Spencer Carrie B
Sheeler Mary
Selover A A Mrs
Stemler Maria
Spence A M
Steel Hatt e
Severs Kate E
Stewart Helen
Sheran Mary Ann
Stephens H S
Sweet Mrs, Greenwich-st
Stewart Ela Eliza
Sterling Rebecca
Seofield Mary E
Shensky Mrs
Sewell Mina
Sherwood Carrie
Sewell S M Mrs
Smith A B Mrs
Smith Margt
Smith Mary A
Smith Bridget
Smith Lizz e
Smith Adison P Mrs
Smith Margt
Smith Sarah L
Smith Mary
Smith Jennie
Smith Kate
Smith Elizabeth
Smith J Gilbert Mrs
Simonds Emma
Springer Louisa
Shofler Cath
Short Ella
Stowbridge Martha
Seonera Nina
Stockman Annie
Snowden A S J Mrs
Sloun Thos E Mrs
Stothard Susanah
Scott M
Sunbart Amelia C
Strong Naomi
Stodart H Mrs
Shoper Elizabeth
Scott Eliza
Stover Lydia Ann
Sullivan Cath
Sullivan Ann
Stuyvesant Helen Mrs
Sutkamp B
Syme D Mrs
Schumaker Bertha
Sullvan A
Sutton Sarah M
Sullivan Cath
Sullivan E
Sullivan Mary
Sullivan Ann, 16th-st
Sullivan Johana
Sulivan Jane
Stuart Annie
Smyth Bridget
Smith Bridget

T

Trainor Mary
Titus Elizabeth
Tinker Lizzie
Trilsh Eliza
Tins n Mrs
Timions Thos Mrs
Ternan Matilda Mrs
Titus Clarissa
Tier Louisa
Tilt-ington Isabel a
Tieuman Claus
Tiff Addele
Thomas Elizabeth
Tomey Mary
Thomas P L
Thorn Marcel'et
Thompson Mary A
Towler Maria
Tomas Rosana
Thompson Maggie
Thompson Mary Ann
Tomon Bridget
Thompson Jane
Thompson Sarah
Thompson Ellen T
Thompson Diana E
Thompson Jane E
Thorn Ettie
Tucker J M Mrs
Trutman E M Mrs
Tuly Cath
Tultan Eliza J
Tyrall Elizabeth
Tyler R D
Tyle Mrs

U

Underman Nelly
Ungam Mrs

V

Vagin Mrs
Velser Geo Mrs
Vanes Carrie
Van Brunt C A
Vannigen Miss
Wallace Mrs
Walker M
Valentine S T
Vogan Anny
Vardele Susan
Vanwait Fanny
Vinton Alice
Edward
Varlet Clara
Vandecoe Mary A

W

Wheelan Lilly
Wheeler Amelia
Willson Jennie
Wright Susan
Wallace Wm Henry Mrs
Walsh Bridget
Walsh Mary
Waldran Maggie
Walters Cornelia
Wall Mrs
Wagner Emilie
Wallace Rose
Whaley John P Mrs
Wade Mary
Ware Fanny
Warner R A
Waters Hattie M
Watts W Susan
Warren S A Mrs
Wartes Marth Ellen
Watson Wm Mrs
Watson Bulah
Warroner Mrs
Warner Clara
Washburn Cath
Weed Addie
Weingardner Margaret
Welsh Mrs
Welsh Margt
Weg Ann D
Welsh Fanny
Weiger Miss
Weber Eva
Weyrich Cath
Weks Margt
Werner Julia
Weeks Ann Maria
Whely Lizzie
Wheeler Sarah L
Welton Ann E
Wetseb Mary
Willis Ann
Wilson Mary Ann Mrs
Wilson Annie
Wilett Mrs
Wiley M E
Wilson Esther
Wills Mary I Mrs
Wills John Mrs
Willson Aggie
Williams Mary A
Wilson Mary
Wiggins Cornelia
Wright A M
Williams Mary A
Wood Ida
Wilson Susan A
Williams E
Wilson Harriet
Wiebold D Mrs
White Ellen E
White Louisa D
White Susie
Wright J W
Whitney Hellen M
White P R Mrs
Wright Henrietta
Wicks Josephine
Whittisay Sarah H
Whitten Annie E
Whittenbach Elizabeth
White Kate
Woolridge Helena B Mrs
Woods Margt
Wood Minnie
Wood Mary
Woodhull Yte
Woodruff Lucy E
Worren S A
Wooles Margt
Wood Mrs
Wood Susan C
Wood Ida

Y

Yates Kate
Young S Mrs
Young Mary A
Young Augusta

Z

Ziegenfus Mrs
Oliver Zimmerman Margt
Zimmerman Mary

GENTLEMEN'S LIST.

Adams Benj
Adams Charles
Adams Henry
Adams W m P
Allen Alfred
Allen Andrew F
Allen Davis
Allen Ethan A
Allen Jas
Allen J H
Allen John J
Allen L S
Allen & Sons Wm
Allen Wm F
Allen Wm K
Allen & Co
Abert John
Abbott Jno S
Abbott Mason
Adair Dr James
Adler Martin
Adler S
Adler S J
Agerre Geo
Aggler Tobush
Agnew Peter
Albens Jas
Allendolph Andrew
Alden Aaron L
Allerburg & Co
Allen Jason & Co
Albig Chas
Alling Geo
Absterdam Jno
Ames Jno
Amerman Geo
Amory Arthur
Amelung Henry A
Angel W P
Anderson & Co JC
Anderson Robert
Andrews & Ambrose
Andrews P
Andrews John
Andrews Joseph
Andrews T W
Andrews R
Andrews W
Andrewsartha
Appleton Chas M
Apsten S
Archer O P H
Arkins Robert
Armon Anthony
Arnold L M
Armstrong T H
Armstrong J H
Armstrong T rear
Aston S F
Archer & Wolf
Alkin Frank C
Atkins ——
Atchison ——
Artimor A
Atkinson J F
Attix T F
Attwood Chas
Atwood Geo E
Atwood Capt G C
Atwood J E
Aner Frederick
Augur J B
Augur John B
Avery J M
Avery James T
Ayres Wm
Azel Nathan
Babenkison ——
Babbet Asher T
Black Bros
Bach Alexander
Blackall T E
Backman L
Blackman Jas S
Backard Nathan
Blackwell Edward
Bachenheiner H
Bacon W H
Bradey John
Bradley Nelson
Bradley Will S
Bradford Wm
Bradford T Dwight
Bradbury Fred
Brady Thos
Brady Thos H
Bagley Owen
Brahmes Capt J B
Baillard M I
Bailey F Leslie
Bailey Samuel
Bailey Wm H
Bailey W H
Bailes Bernard
Brainard Capt A T
Baird John
Blake R H
Bader Abbot M
Baker Chas C
Baker Horace
Baker Jos T
Baker Watson E
Baker & Co
Ball Edward A
Ballard Thos E
Ballheimer Leonhard
Baldwin & Co B
Baldwin Henry
Ballinger John
Balfour Thos
Brenet Wm R
Bangs Eli T
Bangs & Eaton
Brannagan John
Brannagan & Co
Bamenberg Franz
Brandhorst C
Ban Jas A
Barnes Chas
Barnes Chas
Barnes H
Barnes John
Bartram Brot
Bamant A
Barnard Gates H
Barnard James M
Barden W F
Bardenheiner Dr.
Barber W H
Barser Wm
Barnet Alfred
Barrett R F
Baron John
Barton Wm
Barmore A
Barlow L A
Barlow Edward E
Barrow John
Barrows H W
Barton Thos E
Barnum Geo
Barnum R T
Barry Scott
Barry John
Barry Sons & Co
Bassett Geo T
Bassett Frank
Bassett & Dayton
Bates Jas S
Bates Wm W
Bathgate Wm
Battersby J C
Braum I T
Baum G W
Baum H D
Bauer Anton
Bauer & Co J
Blauss John
Baxter Harry
Baxter J B
Bayer Henry
Baylies Edmund
Beach Theodore
Beaudour —
Becker Alex
Becker Edward R
Becker Franz
Becker L
Becket Wm H
Bleidorn Henry
Beckel & Co
Beebe Wm
Breed Daniel
Beerd G M
Beers Col L P
Bregen P M
Behrens & Co
Breitonbon Franz
Beker Wm
Bell C
Bell Joseph
Bell Wm
Bell, Pane, Lavender & Co
Bellamy, Bradley & Co
Belknap & Boynton
Belden Jas L
Benda R & M
Brengan James
Brenhan Thos
Brennan & O'Brien
Benard B
Benedict L M
Brenning H
Brenner W
Bennett Geo
Bennett Morris
Bennett Thomas
Benson E J
Bernard Wm
Bernard J Frank
Berristein S
Bentiling T
Bersbey Henry C
Best John
Bless Geo
Beewick Thos
Brett Chas
Betts Wm
Brewster & Allen
Brick & Co A A
Bickwell David
Buckley John
Biddle E R
Bridgers John D
Bridwell Hudson
Bidwell & Co
Briggs Daniel D
Briggs J D
Briggs Wm
Bingham Maur
Biggers John
Bill H nry
Brilles Samuel
Billot J B
Brink Samuel V
Brinkman G
Bingham R L
Brinkley R C
Birmingham —
Bliss ——
Bussel Dr C R
Bristol Geo H
Bishop W
Bishop & Couch
Button Geo F
Broaderich Jas
Boardman & Powell
Broas John H
Buckway
Bochler Joseph
Boland Daniel
Bolt Harry
Boiden John
Brown L B
Bronson F
Brooks Chas D
Broddey Gill
Brooks J P
Brooks Shadrach
Bloom Fred
Booss Fredk
Booth Chas
Boehm Chas
Bordwell A & A W
Brown Alexander
Brown A C
Brown Augustus J
Brown Chas E
Brown Chas F
Brown Chas W
Brown Christopher
Brown Eber
Brown Edward J
Brown Elisher
Brown Henry G
Brown Isaac T
Brown Jas
Brown Jas E
Brown J B
Brown Capt J M
Brown & Williams
Brown Joseph
Brown Philip
Brown R R
Brown Stephen
Brown T F
Brown Wm H
Brown & Co Wm H
Brown H A
Brown Wm P
Brown & Brother
Brown, Sherman & Brown & Williams
Bossange —
Boswell ——
Bostwick Amos
Bostwick C C
Brosnihan Dan
Bottcher J
Brotherton & Co J R
Bostford Brothers
Boudreaux Hercules
Boult & Co Thos
Bloum Chas
Bouten L W
Bowen S M
Bowen Wm
Bowden F H
Bowley Geo H
Boyd Francis
Boyd Jas
Boyd R
Boyd Wm A
Boyd Robt
Boylan Thos
Boyer Edward H
Boyer H
Bruce Geo
Buck Albert G
Bruckman & Co L
Bruckman Henry
Buchard Dr L
Buckley David
Bruen Wm O
Brinns John H
Bruer Jas H
Bruce Wm
Bufford & Son
Bugnall Henry
Bull & Partington
Bullard E P
Bullen F H
Blumauer S
Bundte Ferdinand
Bruns John E
Bunnels Wm B
Bunton ——
Burke Michael
Burke Thos
Burke Walter
Burns John
Burns Wm C
Burrey J R
Burleigh John L
Burnell Strong
Burdett Geo
Burdett Will F
Burtnett W
Burkley Chas
Burnley Samuel
Burdick Addison S
Burdick Capt C
Burdick John
Burlingham Rev A H
Burnside Forister
Burton Claude
Burton Thos L
Bush J & H
Busher John L
Buschens Otto
Butler J H
Butrand C
Butler E J
Butler Martin
Butler Ormand
Butler Thos
Butler Wm
Butterworth Geo E
Brutord Thos
Bruyers, Luers & Fink
Byer M L
Byer Wm F
Byer y Edward
Byron A G
Cable F & Co
Cadwell Wild S
Cady A M
Cahill Andw
Cahill Minchel
Crsig Thos
Cain Joseph
Calvert Doctor
Callery James
Calkins J S
Calkins Lyman D
Campbell Charles
Campbell Cha H
Campbell David
Campbell John
Campbell N H
Campbell Robert James
Camarden D Frederick
Cramer Thos
Chamberlain C H
Chamberlain Joseph A
Chamberlain W R
Chamberlain & Benson
Carney Michael
Champney S T & Son
Champlin Clark
Cane Patk
Cane Park
Crane A P
Crane Peter
Crane Seymour
Chandler Dr C F
Cannon Owen
Clapp Geo M
Clapp Hawley D
Chapman Albion P
Chapman W
Capin C
Carr Kaw
Carr Geo
Charlen-John
Carpenter J
Carreno Bros & Co
Carter D K
Carver B F
Carples Charles
Carret C T
Carey Jno
Carey Michael
Carey Wm H
Carney Michl
Camp L P
Carroll Arthur
Carroll E
Carroll Jno
Carroll Thos
Carson Jas
Carson Jos & Co
Carson Timothy
Carton Jno
Carton Thos
Charlotte John
Charlotte Jno A
Carty James
Clarke, Keenan & Co
Clarke Mr
Clarke Judge
Clarke Doctor
Clarke Albert H
Clarke Albert M
Clarke Alex
Clarke Chas
Clarke Chas & Co
Clarke Chas S
Clarke Cyrus H
Clarke Daniel W
Clarke Eugene
Clarke Hy V
Clarke John
Clark J B & Co
Clark John S
Clark J W
Clark Lafayette
Clark Patk
Clark S M
Clark Wm
Clark W J
Clark Z Edwd
Chase Yank
Case E
Case & Van Ness
Chase Geo K
Chase James
Castle Robert
Caswell Horace T
Caswell Isaac G
Casley Wm K
Casey & Yale
Cland A
Caskin Geo
Cason W
Casson Jno A
Catton Edwd
Cayanagh Edwd
Craw A M
Clayton Hy
Creamer James T
Cleary Laurence
Crehore Edwd
Clement & Co
Clement H H
Clement Hawks & Co
Cremer Edwd
Chrestenkins
Clews
Clifford & Co
Clifford A
Chase
Cristman Peter
Coad Hy
Cloher Shanley S
Colmon Daniel
Cochrane Rich
Coddington S F & R
Cropett G F
Coggeshall Thos J
Crohan & Winterson
Cohen J
Cohen S
Cohen & Myers
Cohn Hy H
Cole C N
Cole Hiram W
Cole James
Cole Jno D
Cole Norman
Colt Anson T
Coldham Dr James
Coleman Jno H
Coleman & Co
Collen Simon
Colwell Jno
Collins W A
Collins Isaac
Collins Raymond
Coman T C
Comstock & Cushing
Conlan James
Conran Thos S
Conway Capt Wm
Connell Hy
Connolly Patk
Connolly Wm
Conner Edwd
Conner Philip
Connerin J
Conklin Willey
Conoly Thos
Conor Jessee
Connors Jno
Conboy James
Coogan Patk
Cook Geo K
Cook H H
Cook Jno
Coon Geo L
Cooney Jno W
Cooper D F
Cooley J J
Cooper Geo
Cooper Jno P
Cooper Thos B
Copland Jno M
Coquerel Wm
Correa D A
Corrigan Cornelius
Corcoran And

84—De Canas Balbino
85—Decomb Joseph Mennis teur
86—Delemosne V
87—De Mora Angel H & Co
88—De Salles Augier Freres
89—De Frespalsero (ou De Trespalado)
90—De Zaldueer Jose Mad
91—Diaz Augustin
92—Dodibon Charles
93—Doslado Manuel
94—Dodera Andreas
95—Doherty Jo Marie
96—Estrache Juies
97—Espinosa Francisco
98—Echeverria Heranos
99—Elozua Ramos
100—Fernandez Martin
101—Ferrera Sebrino M
102—Ferlo Roque
103—Fernandez Antonia
104—Flores P
105a—Gautier Hippolyte
105b—Greeg J
106—Garcia Joaquin
107—Godoy Jose A
108—Guichard A
109—Guzman Capitaine Y Artillerie
109a—Gutierrez Domingo
109b—Ismere A L
110—H L Eulalie

73—Narvaez Pascual
74—Nongaret N
75—Ornelagne Valentine B
76—Ojinaga Jose Ma
77—Ojeda Ysidoro J
78a—Palacios Juan F
78b—Palo Pietro
79—Prieto Pedro
80—Pierine Francesco
81—Poizat J R
82—Poiret Ch
83—Rastarii Marcus
84—Riener Mad Sare
85—Riquelme Ygnacio
86—Rivera Jose Y Rio
87—Rueda Jose
88—Sans Mariano
89—Salgar Euseropio
90—Santacilia Pedro
91—Savone Antonio
92—Soteldo A M
93—Tanpin Caroline
94—Usponich Guilermo A
95—Valleumgo (ou Valle-limgo) Giacomo Feglio di Vavamie
96a—Viesca Eluteris Alvs
96b—Vignet Ambroise
97—Vela Francisco
98—Zannoni Giovanni
99—Zuberia Nicolas
100—Zannini Giovanni
101—Z — —

Ships' Crews' List.

A S Willard schooner
Capt Samuel Mitchell
Agra bark
Chas Currie
Wm Marshall
Hester Munroe
Alfred Partridge schooner
Capt Richard Rhodes
Albion brig
John McDonald
James Boyce
Joseph Owens
Frank Smith
Atmosphere ship
Philip Colett
Bedford ship
Alex Door
Starling
Breeze brig
John Denning
Bridgewater ship
Dr Monent
Clara Brown brig
Capt P W Brown
Charles Edwin bark
Henry V Thomas
Mary Gorwith
Centenay bark
Peter Ferris
Christianna ship
B Tillman
City Montreal ship
John Young
Cornelia schr
Ironton Dunn
Master of the
Cambria S S
Geo Robinson
Derill brig
Albert McIntire
Diamond State steamer
Jacob Bush Jr
Edith bark
R J Packham
Capt M Lidney
Emily Fisher brig
George E Gray
Robert Reed
Empire steamer
Lauretta N Shadd
Fanbiana bark
John Hawkins
Golden Rule steamer
Patterson Purser
Golden State ship
Thomas Sigley
H A Demming schooner
Daniel R Arnold
G L Arnold
Hudson ship
Captain of the
Wm Andrews
Illinois steamer
Capt E F Pendleton
Train Smith schooner
Benj Simmon
J C Chew schr
Capt Andrew Daring
J J Southard ship
T B Lewis
J W Daisks brig
Eleazer R Brickman
James Neilson schr
Capt Hiram Barr
Kenterbick str
James McKensay
Liberty str
Lieut W E Holloway
Logan ship
Capt C S Cotton
Luzon bark
John Caughie
Madonone schr
Capt Otis F Combs
Mariaban ship
Thomas Bradley
James Boyd
John Dutton
James Graham
Wm Price
Maria L Davis schr
Capt Geo M Fielin
Marcus Hunter schr
Capt Edgar Orr
Mary brig
Capt Jas P Ardon
Mat Kinney schr
Bradford Greene
Metropolis bark
H J Eddy
Montezuma S S
John Harney
Edward Perkins
N J Bigley str
Capt John Wood
Nancy B Heagen schr
Samuel E Haynes
Nicholas ship
Nathan F Putnam
Ocean Ranger schr
Arad Lawton
Octavia schr
H Hauton Davis
Pilgrim Br bark
Capt Alex McDougal
John Christie
John Dunne
Portsmouth brig
C Carlberg
Randolph brig
Chas C Dowdell
Regalia schr
George Greenleaf
Roslyn Castle ship
J Steele McLellan
Salon ship
John McDonald
Stanford str
Wm Graham
Sarah schr
Albert A Blanchard
S T Garrison schr
A B Caswell Jr
Southampton ship
John Williams
T A Darrell brig
Geo F A Avery
Thames
A J Thornkill
Thames str
S T Febey
Thames bark
M Gorton
Edward Jarlit
A Seal
Tantamar brig
Capt G Anderson
Victor S S
Samuel D Robinson
Virginia S S
Thomas Parle (or Park)
James Woodman
Watchman schr
Isaac A Bridges

Navy List.

Commanding Officer U S Receiving Ship N Carolina
Arey A Ensign David B, late U S ship Horace Beal
Brand Robert, U S S Nipsic
Bennett Geo U S Str Nipsic
Billings A A, Paym L G Bortol James D
Browning A A Paym O T
Carter, Comr J C
Coon Albert, Rec ship New-Hampshire.
Cooper Frank B, ship New-Hampshire
Corkish Richard, late U S St Canada'gua
Donohoe James, ship Casco
Dugan Daniel, U S st Constellation
Durand Comr Geo R, U S st Paul Jones
Edwards Thomas, U S nval sloop
Hartwell Engr S N, U S S Circassian
Heath A Mast N B, U S S Augusta
Hogan James, U S St Kearsarge
Holloway A Engr Geo W, U S St Casco
Hoodless A A Paym W J, U S S Gilancus
Hurd Francis L, US S Kensington
Kinyon Philander M, US Str Grand Gulf
Jackaway Capt Wm
Macmahon, A A Paym, of Paym Eldridge
Martin Paym Geo R, U S St Albatross
Meier Henry, U S St Nereus
Meyers Wm U S St Galatea
Mullin Patrick
Monson John, US S Florida
McDarby Elizaeth, care of Surg Eversfield
Nelson Charles, U S S Mohican
Olsen Peter, U S St Vanderbilt
Payne, Albert M, U S St N Carolina
Rider Sam F, U S S Constellation
Rourke John, U S St Newman
Switsch Henry, U S Rec Sh N Carolina
Southworth Paym Edw, U S S Grand Gulf
Sullivant Ensign
Walker Joseph, U S Rec Ship "Nantucket"
Williams, U S S Kearsarge
Wilson Wm Henry, U S Sh Vermont
White A Ensign John
Whitaker Geo William, late U S sloop-of-war Saratoga
Witham A Ensign Thos A
Young J, US Str Kearsarge

Army List.

Commanding Officer Co C 77th N Y N G
Allen Capt D A 39th Rgt N Y V
Bracket Capt Geo F, 79th S Infy, col
Baker Capt R M
Brisbele Merander, 20th N Y Battery
Bochwicke Geo E, 12th N, Y Cav'y
Chanley Capt John, 17th N Y V
Chasman Capt E D, A Q M
De Forres Col O
Drew Maj F M, 15th Me Vols
Drew Reuben G, Co F 5th N Y Arty
Dison Capt John H, Co D 7th N Y Home G'd
Galman Capt, late Gov Isl, 20th Battery
Gilvey James, Co H 5th N Heavy Art
Goodrich Lieut-Col E R
Hall Hillegers, N Y V Cav Co A
Hall, Capt Norman P, 5th U S Art
Halsey Lieut Wm F, late of 60th N Y Vols
Hamblin Col E, 65th Rgt N Y V
Hanna Venna, 1st N Y Rifles
Harris Lieut A S, 98th N Y Vols
Harmon Edwin D, Battery Park (20th) Battery
Henny Lieut Rob, 131st Reg N Y V
Illingworth Thomas, U S Ordnance Dept
Jackson Charles, Co K, late Hart's Island
Jameson Geo W, Invalid Corps
Kelly Capt Michael, 69th Regt N Y V
Landun Lieut L Z, 6th U S Infantry
Laughlin Lieut Josep
Marsh Hiram, Co E 8th U S Infantry
Moses Surgeon I
Murphey Lieut D, R Q M, 13th N Y Cav
Murphy Lieut Robt, Co B 77th N G S N Y V
Platt, Capt Saml K, A Q M
Reynolds W H, Ord Dept
Rives Capt Dright
Roberts Adjt John
Stack Capt James, 162d Rgt N Y V
Stanton Lieut D H, 98th N Y V
Sturdevant Lieut-Col S H
Van Letten Lieut-Col J B, 160th N Y Vols
Van Tarlof Capt Ivan, 65th

Miscellaneous Letters.

American Journal of Education, Editor of
American Oil and Mining Co
American Petroleum Co
American Rantan Co
American Theological Review
Arthur's Home Magazine
Astor Burning Spring Oil Co
Banner of Liberty, editor of
Brazilian R R or Telegraph Co, Agent
Brevoort Oil Co, President of
Broadway Letter Office
Board of Domestic Mission of R D Church
Board of Inquiry, Franklin-st
Blood Farm Oil Co
Buchanan Farm Oil Co
Caledian Club, Chief of
Cart No. 4086, owner of
Clifton Oil Co
Christian Herald
Christian Press
Columbia Mowing Machine Co
Commercial Petroleum Co
Commonwealth Petroleum Oil Co
Excelsior Oil Co
Flowing Well Oil Co
Great Eastern Petroleum Oil Co
Green's Patent Slates. Manufacturer of
Good Samaritan Medical Office
Hammond Oil Co
Highgate Petroleum Oil Co
Home Petroleum Oil Co
Hose Co No 5, Foreman of
Indian Petroleum Oil Co
Island Petroleum Oil Co
Journal & Messenger
Knickerbocker Oil Co
Manhattan Hosiery Co
Merchant's Gargling Oil Co
New-York Pickayune
New-York Novel, Editor of
North American Review, Editor of
Old Colony Ins Co
Portland Glass Co
Protestant Churchman, Editor
Putnam's Magazine, Editor
Sanitary Review, Publisher of
Seventh National Bank
Taylor's Photographic Saloon
Unadilla Mfg Co
Union Oil Co, President of
Union Steam and Water Heating Co
Watson's Weekly Journal

List of Letters Remaining in Station H, Yorkville, Dec. 24, 1864.

LADIES' LIST.

Barry Mrs
Brewer Mrs Sarah
Buckbee Mrs S H
Brennan Miss Emma
Barter Mrs Jane
Dorman Miss Isabella
Devine Miss Ellen H
Freize Hannah
Flynn Mary A
Goodrich Horace
Gilbert Mary Francis
Hyde Mrs Sarah
Hays Annie
Haley Mrs
Jones Esther
Kelley Mrs
Myers Jane
Monroe Mary A
Merivain Mrs Sarah
O'Brien Miss Bridget
O'Leary Angeline
Ryan John
Splane Mrs John
Snowden Miss G M
Thompson Mrs
Teppins Mrs E O
Webb Mrs Francis
White Miss Agnes
Worrel Mary Jane
Weaver Miss F

GENTLEMEN'S LIST.

Anderson J D
Barker George A
Barny William
Burns John W
Cokely Officer
Crowley James
C W H—4
Cooper William
Griffiths Daniel
Greenall Wm
Hogan Thos
Hunt Wm H
Heran Michael
Kaiser Ferdinand
Lawrence J C
Livingston Chas
Ryne Richard
Robinson Alex
Ring Timothy
Ryan Andrew
Robinson Capt W H
Roberts L A
Ryan Edward

Carpenter Chester
Cuddiby Patrick
Dunn Michael
Donovan John
Ennis Anton
Fitzgerald M W
Fleming Patrick
Foote F W
Murphy John
Martin Joseph
Murphy Wm
Moore Joseph
Mourdony P
Nelson George M —3
Ryan Michael
Rartler Wm H
Stein F
Stuart J J
Scott Chas W—2
Turnbull P W
Woodman John
West J W
White John

Letters Remaining at Station J, Dec. 24.

GENTLEMEN'S LIST.

Burck Anton
Bracken Michael
Berurck Abram
Cecher Garret
Denblin A
Denenay E
Foster H James
Ferguson W Ken-ry
Gallagher Robert
Gilbert F E & J Robert
McGuin Lawrence
M'Govern Nabby
McCormick James
Conners John
Page Texas
King C R
Ruppert J Capt
Stoll Laurant
Shules Jacob

LADIES' LIST.

Anchor Eliza
Cullen Mary
Cannell Catherine
Groug r Loung
Grogu Zoung
Grogan Mary
Henly H
Hill Andrew
Howard Carrie
Kearing G A
Klyn D
Kady Catherine
Loulnger Lizzie
Muggy Sophia
Malley O Annie
McLeod Norman
Nethy Jane
Roach —
Schafer Lina
Shaw F
Schules Barbara
Schafer Lina
Van Hauten Annie
Georgie
Voss Henry
Walton James
Wull A Mary
Wall A M

JAMES KELLY, Postmaster.

THE OPDYKE-WEED LIBEL SUIT.

Supreme Court—Trial Term.

Before Hon. Judge Mason.

George Opdyke vs. *Thurlow Weed.*—The trial of this cause was resumed yesterday.

The cross-examination of Wm. C. Churchill was reserved until after the examination of his brother.

Samuel Churchill, sworn.—Examined by defendant's counsel. I live in this city.

Q.—State the Government contracts you had that Mr. Opdyke at any time became connected with, or had anything to do with? A.—In the Spring of 1862 I had a contract with the Government to furnish them 16,000 army coats, made of piece-dyed blue cloth; it was made with Quartermaster Crossman, at Philadelphia; that was the only contract I had in which Mr. Opdyke was concerned; when I sold that contract to Mr. Opdyke I, at the same time, negotiated a sale to Mr. Opdyke of the contract which Mr. Hitchcock had for 12,000 coats, of the same kind; when my brother and I took the contract for 16,000 coats, we designed filling it ourselves; but my brother communicated to me that he could not find the goods the contract called for. [Objection to what his brother had told him.] Mr. Opdyke had the goods, and we could not buy the goods of Mr. Opdyke at a price that would answer our purpose; I went to Mr. Opdyke and negotiated the sale of the contract directly to him.

Q.—Why did you sell your contract to Mr. Opdyke? [Objected to. There was no allegation in the libel that Mr. Opdyke had all the cloth. Objection sustained.]

Q.—What was the sale and agreement with Mr. Opdyke? A.—I simply sold the contract, or caused the contract to be assigned to Mr. Opdyke, for which he was to pay me a consideration of one shilling a coat on the 16,000; on the other 12,000 coats he was to pay the same price; I received from Mr. Opdyke a written obligation to pay me; my brother had an unsettled account with Mr. Opdyke; my brother took the claim from me, and paid me for my interest.

Q.—Do you know whether Mr. Opdyke carried out these two contracts with the Government? A.—To the best of my knowledge and belief, he did, or caused it to be done; the contract was filled to the Government; the delivery was made in Philadelphia; I had nothing to do with the completion of the contract.

Q.—Do you know about any other contract that Mr. Opdyke had with the Government? A.—No, Sir; nothing more than hearsay.

Cross-examined—Q.—You say the cloth to be used for filling these two contracts with the Government could not be found in the market. Did you seek to had them yourself? A.—My impression is that I did; but not to the extent my brother did. He made the inquiries chiefly; we abandoned the idea of getting the cloth; can't say if I inquired of two establishments in New-York for the cloth; Mr. Opdyke had piece-dyed cloths; I don't know whether I got the information from seeing the goods or from conversation with Mr. Opdyke; can't say that I had a conversation with Mr. Opdyke about purchasing the goods, or that I asked him to sell them; my brother informed me that he could negotiate the contract with Mr. Opdyke, but as it was in my name, he wished me to consummate it. I have had other contracts with the Government for clothing; I did not manufacture the garments myself, but ordered them to be filled by arrangement with clothing merchants; I took contracts, then made arrangements to furnish the cloth to tailors to be made up, and I delivered them in Philadelphia and got paid for them; I made contracts with others to make them up at so much a garment; always carried out such contracts by means of sub-contracts with others.

Re-direct—Q.—Did you carry out the contract you sold to Opdyke in the way you carried out the others? A.—No.

Wm. C. Churchill, recalled: My brother negotiated the sale of this contract with Mr. Opdyke.

Cross-examined—I do not manufacture clothing myself; have had a good many contracts with Government for clothing; in one contract for 40,000 pair uniform pants, I joined Mr. Carhart in the contract, for the purpose of making them, and divided profits after expenses; in all other contracts I had with Government, I sub-let or hired the garments made by contract; in the contract sold to Opdyke for 28,000 coats, the transfers were made to Mr. Carhart and Mr. Smith; no transfer to Mr. Opdyke; there was a mistake made in making the transfer; Mr. Opdyke requested me to go to Philadelphia and have the 16,000 coats transferred to Mr. Carhart, and the 12,000 to Smith; either through my mistake, or the mistake of the clerk there, the 16,000 was transferred to Smith, and the 12,000 to Carhart; I don't know who made the excess of 4,000 coats; I suppose it was Mr. Smith; almost all the contracts I had with Government were made with Quartermaster Crossman; I had one from another Quartermaster; Mr. Weed did not have anything to do with those contracts, or with my getting them; I did not know Mr. Weed at that time; my acquaintance with him has been made since.

Q.—Did you know anything about an effort made to remove Quartermaster-General Meigs, and have Col. Crossman appointed in his place?

[Objected to. Offered to show the witness' relations with Mr. Weed. Admitted.]

A.—No, Sir, I never heard anything about it; I know there was dissatisfaction with Mr. Meigs, but I never heard of any effort to put Col. Crossman in his place; after we transferred the contract for coats to Mr. Opdyke, I felt we had no more to do with it; I did nothing more; but when in Philadelphia I urged the goods being passed through.

Henry F. Spalding sworn: (Examined by defendant's counsel:) I am a commission merchant, of the firm of Spalding, Hunt & Co., commission merchants in woolen goods; have been in the cloth business thirty years; am familiar with it; I know Mr. Opdyke; in the Autumn of 1861 I sold to Mr. Opdyke a quantity, somewhere about 50,000 yards of doeskins, in the white or gray prepared for dyeing, but not dyed; Mr. Opdyke made a contract in my presence with a man named Scott, of Paterson, N. J., to have them dyed in indigo blue; they were not dyed in indigo blue; judging from some of the goods I had occasion to look at after they were dyed, they were dyed with a composition; there might have been indigo in them, but they were not according to the contract; this dye is very inferior to indigo blue; I judge it was a very bad dye, from the fact that Mr. Opdyke claimed from me a dollar a coat on 4,000 that were rejected; I guaranteed that the merchandise I sold Opdyke was capable of taking a good indigo blue; the goods were made up by Carhart & Smith; Mr. Opdyke said the goods were not capable of taking the dye, and that was where the controversy arose between us; Mr. Opdyke told me 4,000 coats were rejected, and made a claim on me for one dollar a coat, because they had been rejected, and did not pass.

Q—Do you know whether these were the 4,000 coats that were attempted to be got in at Philadelphia? A—I do not; it takes about three and a half yards to a coat; in the condition I sold the cloth it was 85 cents a yard.

Q—Did you pay this claim of $1 a coat to Mr. Opdyke? A—No; Mr. Opdyke withheld the money that was due to me on the cloth, and I endeavored to do as I generally do in such cases—to get out of it with a compromise; I consented to adjust it, by allowing $1,700.

Cross-examined—The goods I sold to Mr. Opdyke were my own; I bought them of the manufacturer after having sold them to Mr. Opdyke; I sold them by sample, and then went to Burlington, Vermont, and bought the goods; did not tell Mr. Opdyke that they were goods consigned to me; the contract I made with him was for 50,000 yards; I can't say how much I delivered; the contract to dye the cloth was made with Mr. Scott in my store; Mr. Scott said he could dye the goods; I introduced him to Mr. Opdyke; Mr. Scott had been a dyer of cotton goods, one of the best cotton dyers; it was discussed whether he could dye woolens; I thought he could; the goods I sold were not defective, in my opinion; Mr. Opdyke claimed that they were; he told me some of the goods were afterward sent to Staten Island dyeing establishment, to be dyed over; I know they were not indigo-dyed by Scott, because I sent strips to the manufacturer, and they came back to me, stripped of color, and nearly in the state in which they were delivered to Mr. Opdyke, which is proof that they were not good indigo-blue; my impression is that what was afterward sent to Staten Island was indigo-dyed, but the goods were so bedeveled before that by Scott that they could not be made a good color.

Q.—Did not Mr. Opdyke make the compact with Scott to dye the goods before he told you he would take them? A.—Mr. Opdyke told me he would take the goods, provided he could get them dyed; there were so many transactions of the same nature, it was difficult to get them dyed; I suggested Mr. Scott, and he conversed with him.

Q.—How much did you deduct from your bill, in consequence of this alleged imperfection? A.—Not a penny; I deducted $1,700, to avoid a controversy that would lead to law; Mr. Opdyke claimed nearly $10,000; I allowed $1,700, because I could not get my money without a loss; I thought it was kept unjustly; I take my hand out of the lion's mouth whenever I can.

Thomas Smith, sworn.—Examined by Counsel for defendant. I am in the clothing business in this city, corner of Canal and Broadway and in Fulton-street; I formerly had two stores in Fulton-street; I had a contract for the State of New-York for making 4,000 or 5,000 soldiers' garments, in conjunction with Geo. Opdyke & Co; I think Opdyke got the contract—I am not positive—from Gov. Morgan; it was for 2,000 overcoats, 1,000 jackets and 1,000 pantaloons; the coats and pants were to be light blue and the jackets dark blue; I thought I could do better by dividing profits with Opdyke & Co., rather than buying the goods from them, if I got them at cost; our agreement was to divide the profits; they furnished the goods and trimming at cost; the arrangement was mutually satisfactory, and the goods were made, delivered and paid for, and I got my portion of the profits; I also got a contract from Opdyke & Co., to make infantry frock coats; I was first offered 20,000, but it was reduced to 16,000 and I accepted it; Opdyke was to furnish me the goods at cost and advance all the money to manufacture them that I wanted, giving me credit on the goods, and we were to divide the profits equally; after I had made some 12,000, I found that instead of getting the contract for 16,000, that was given to Carhart; but I had cut out 16,000 and I made them up and sent them to Philadelphia; 12,500 were taken and paid for, the others were returned, being in excess of the contract; I stored them in my loft about two years, and at last sold them to Opdyke in the settlement; I lost on the whole contract between $4,000 and $5,000 on account of the excess and the delay in having these passed; I do not know what Opdyke did with the garments left over; I understood he sold them; he named what he thought he could get for them—$2 50 I think; the Government price was $6 87½; the cloth came from the warehouse of Spalding; I got a part of it from Opdyke & Co.; it was piece-dyed doeskin; my contract called for that; I know nothing about Carhart's contract, except that Opdyke, I think, told me it was on the same terms as mine; I had better terms with him than Carhart; at first Opdyke proposed to deliver the cloth to me at a certain price; I declined; afterwards he made me a better proposition, by which the price of the goods was reduced; I was not interested with Opdyke in any contract for sky-blue kersey pants; no man takes a Government contract but what he has more or less rejected; there were some of Cahart's infantry frock coats rejected on account of rotten pockets; they were afterwards repaired and accepted; they amounted to some thousand odd.

Q.—Do you know anything about a contract for flannel blouses? (Objected to, the libel being "shoddy blankets.")

Mr. Evarts—The answer sets up in justification "either blankets or clothing."

The Court—The evidence must be addressed to the publication as made; I will allow you to prove any contracts, however.

A.—I do not know anything about any contract for blouses, in which Opdyke was interested; the prices of the garments I have spoken of were, for the jackets, $4 50; for the pants, $3 25 to $3 75; for the overcoats, $9 50; in the Philadelphia contract the price was $6 87½, of which 12½ cents was to go to W. C. Churchill.

Cross-examined: That was the price for which they were sold to the United States; it was too low; there was a profit on it for a large contract, which would have paid very handsome; the price charged to the State was about fair; I bought a portion of the cloth outside, of others for the United States garments, the 16,000, but Opdyke furnished the majority of the goods; one-third were not the Spalding goods; I bought on my own credit alone; some of the garments were injured by delay in inspecting them in Philadelphia; by Churchill's advice I sent a young man with the goods, and they were put in the arsenal; and when I found I could not get a receipt I went and discovered them covered with canvas lying in three inches of mud and water; they said each contractor had to take his turn, and come at a particular time, according to notice; so I took them out and hired a room for them, apprising the officer of the fact; he assured me I should not lose the goods, and a portion of them were taken, and he would have taken the excess, but Capt. Cruser would not accept them, because he would not have any more piece-dyed goods; they were worth very little, if anything, when they came back; I do not know any clothing manufacturer who would give over a dollar apiece for them in consequence of the injury they had sustained; infantry frock coats are worth nothing if the Government don't accept them; Opdyke carried out every agreement he made with me fair and square.

Q.—(By Mr. Evarts.)—To your satisfaction? A.—No, I cannot say to my satisfaction.

Q.—You had a difference with him? A.—I certainly did.

Redirect. On the State contract we made about 75 cents to $1 on each on the 2,000 coats, 50 to 75 cents a pair on the pants and the same on the jackets; on the United States contract in the settlement I gave Opdyke the coats that were left over, and gave him my check for $4,550, being that amount out of pocket; the difficulty was about the settlement; what Opdyke lost I do not know.

Seth C. Keyers sworn.—Examined by Counsel for defendant.—In 1861-2 I was Inspector of clothing, blankets and army equippage for the United States in the office of Col. Vinton, the only office in the city; Opdyke furnished between fifty and sixty thousand blankets in 1861-2, amounting to from $175,000 to $200,000, which were inspected by me and issued to the army.

No cross-examination.

Frederick E. Bacon sworn—Examined by Counsel for defendant.—I was Inspector of Clothing, piece goods, for the U. S. Government, under Col. Vinton; there were received from Opdyke about 20,000 yards of three-quarter dark blue coat cloth, and 50,000 three quarter dark blue flannel; the price of the coat cloth was $1 12½, and the flannel, about fifty cents per yard.

Cross-examined—The goods were passed according to contract, made in pursuance of proposals issued by the Government.

Redirect—Some goods were rejected, as is always the case.

Thomas F. Carhart sworn—Examined by counsel for defendant.—In 1862 I was a clothier; the plaintiff was interested with me and other parties in Government contracts. Witness here exhibitted a memorandum of numerous contracts in which the plaintiff was interested with him, commencing with the 24th of September, 1861, and ending with the 4th of May, 1863, amounting in the aggregate to about $4,800,000; Opdyke's interest in one portion was half the profits, in another one-sixth, and in another one-third; the contracts were procured in the witness' name, Opdyke going security for performance; Opdyke's share of the profits on the whole was $172,000.

MEMORANDUM PUT IN EVIDENCE.

List of Contracts for Clothing Made and Filled by Thomas F. Carhart, in which George Opdyke & Co. had an Interest,

WITH THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT.

Date.		Quantity—Article.	Price.	Total.
1861.				
Sept.	26....	30,000 Cavalry jackets	$6 12½	$183,750
	24....	30,000 Infantry frocks	6 87½	206,250
Nov.	4....	3,000 Overcoats	7 00	21,000
	22....	5,000 Cavalry overcoats	8 50	42,500
	22....	16,000 Frocks	6 87½	110,000
Dec.	11....	36,000 Frocks	6 87½	247,500
	21....	25,000 Frocks	7 00	175,000
	27....	50,000 Frocks	7 00	350,000
1862.				
April	23....	3,400 Yds. green cloth	2 75	9,350
July	28....	25,000 Knit drawers	91½	22,916
	23....	9,000 Canton flannel dr'w'rs	67	6,030
	28 ..	25,000 Blue flannel drawers.	1 11	27,750
Aug.	4.	9,000 Blouses	2 91	264,600
	29....	50,000 B1 uses	2 45	122,500
	29....	50,000 Blouses	3 02	151,000
	29....	50,000 Infantry trowsers	3 60	180,000
Sept.	1....	75,000 Infantry frocks	7 00	525,000
	1....	40,000 Blouses	3 02	120,800
	8....	30,000 Overcoats	9 75	292,500
	19....	6,400 Overcoats	9 75	62,400
	19..	8,500 Overcoats	9 50	85,140
	26....	5,000 Overcoats	9 00	45,000
	....	20,000 Cavalry trowsers	4 70	94,000
	....	10,000 Infantry trowsers	3 70	37,000
Oct.	13....	15,000 Infantry frocks	7 00	105,000
	15....	30,000 Infantry overcoats	9 75	292,500
	16....	10,800 Infantry trowsers	3 40	36,720
	21....	15,000 Blouses	2 80	42,000
	21....	8,000 Frocks	7 37½	59,000
	29....	30,000 Shirts	1 47	44,100
Nov.	13....	5,000 Cavalry overcoats	11 75	58,750
Dec.	11....	40,000 Blouses	3 20	128,000
	22....	100,000 Shirts	1 55	155,000
1863.				
Feb.	23....	10,000 Shirts	1 55	15,500
	23....	2,500 Cavalry trowsers	4 62	11,550
April.	6....	10,000 Blouses	3 12½	31,250
	13....	25,000 Shirts	1 75	43,750
May	4....	5,000 Blouses	2 90	14,500
Total				$4,419,606

WITH OTHERS THAN THE GOVERNMENT.

Parties.	Quantity. Article.	Price.	Total.
Smith Bros...	3,732 Infantry overcoats	$7 75	$28,923 00
Smith Bros...	852 Cavalry overcoats	9 75	6,357 00
Smith Bros...	362 Cavalry overcoats	9 75	2,944 50
Read & Co....	1,933 Grey overcoats	7 50	37,147 50
Read & Co....	3,088 Blue overcoats	8 50	27,174 40
Eames.....	20,168 Infantry pants	3 37½	68,067 00
Eames.....	20,748 Cavalry pants	4 50	93,366 00
Total			$4,683,585 40

Amount of net profits paid by Thomas F. Carhart to George Opdyke & Co., on the above contracts..... $172,359 55

Cross-examined—The contracts were all fair, and were fully and faithfully executed; Opdyke advanced all the capital; the last delivery was made in June, 1863, to complete the contract of May 4, 1863; after that, Opdyke had no interest in contracts whatever; we received in pay certificates of indebtedness, vouchers, and some money; the certificates bore interest for twelve months; the vouchers bore none; the vouchers sold in the market from about 92 to 96; up to the 25th of March, 1863, we received vouchers alone, and Opdyke had to carry fully a million of dollars; the contractors got nothing from the Government unless they sold these in market; after that they got part money and part certificates, and sometimes one-quarter, sometimes one-half money, or, for small amounts, sometimes all money; the certificates were always below par—say between 92½ and 96 or 97.

Q.—If they had sold these burdens in the market instead of carrying them, would there have been any profit at all on the contracts, and if so, what? A.—I do not think there would have been any at all.

Q.—Were any of these contracts obtained by Opdyke or any member of his firm? A.—No, Sir.

Q.—Was there any secrecy in the arrangement between you and Opdyke? A.—No, Sir; when I bought the goods, I did it generally on his credit, and had the bills sent in to that firm.

Q.—Were not such arrangements as these, to share the profits, very common? A.—Yes, Sir.

Q.—Are there not eminent firms in New-York engaged in that practice? [Objected to and excluded.]

Re-direct—The last settlement with the Government, I think, was on the 18th of August, 1863, but the mass had been closed before; I conducted all the purchases; a small portion were with my own money; it was known that Opdyke was interested; there was no publication of the fact, except in buying and selling the goods; the sellers knew that he participated in the profits; I told them; I presume they did not know the shares; most of the purchases were at 30 days, some at 60 and 90, and some cash; I got most of the contracts myself at New-York, Philadelphia and Cincinnati, of the Quartermasters, none at Washington; Opdyke gave his security in all cases; it was not required that the security should be other than a party interested, only that no Member of Congress should be admitted; all the expenses, interest, &c., that Opdyke had charged, went in before the profits were ascertained; I believe Opdyke did obtain the contract for 16,000 infantry frock coats; we received some 7-30's in payment, which were sold below par; that was the only case in which the securities were sacrificed by Opdyke; I had very little to do with the financial part; when I wanted money I went there and got it; we had a controversy about the 7-30's; I insisted upon their being sold; I think they brought 99¾, and the quarter was charged into the account, properly so; I presume the certificates were not sold above par; they were not convertible.

Re-cross-Examined—We did not sacrifice the securities; the contract I got of Opdyke was the Churchill contract; I paid about one-fifth of the cost for the making up; we had large facilities for making clothing; our establishment is over the American Express Company, in Hudson-street.

William B. Cogswell sworn.—Examined by counsel for defendant—I have been engaged about eleven years as a machinist; the depreciation in gun machinery in use from early in 1862 to July, 1863, would be from 50 to 60 per cent.; the number of tool-makers required for 150 men, after being first furnished, would be three or four.

Cross-Examined.—I am now master machinist at the Navy-yard, and superintend repairs and construction; I never made or used gun machinery; I know considerable about it; my estimate of the depreciation is based upon its being sold in the market, and not the value of it to the men using it.

Charles P. Haughian called by defendant; I am a gunmaker, and have been such all my life, except nine months that I worked in a machine shop; the depreciation in gun machinery in use from early in 1862 to July 1863 would be from 50 to 60 per cent; to keep machinery in repair for 150 men would require a great number of men, probably 20; where the factory is supplied with tools it would need seven or eight men, may be more; I mean small tools, and milling machines, but not engine lathes, if the business was conducted by the day, and the proprietors agreed to keep up the tools, it would require 25 or 30 men; business is usually done by piece work; in that case the men keep up the tools; if it was conducted in that way in this establishment it would require about three men to keep the tools up.

Cross-examined—If the guns are not made by piece work it would require from 25 to 35 men where they turn out 50 guns a day; I never sold anything but separate parts of the machinery of an establishment.

Wm. Thompson sworn, examined by defendant's counsel—I am a machinist and tool maker; have been since January 1846; I was engaged in this factory prior to the fire in July; on that day I was in this armory, within fifteen minutes of the time it was set on fire; I commenced work there in August, the year before; remained there a month; was away until the following February; then went back and remained there until the factory was burned; I knew a good deal of the condition of tools and machinery; in the first place, the tools were got up at the expense of the company, until the job was nearly ready to go on with, and then it was let by the piece to about six different parties; I took my job on the verbal agreement with Mr Kean, the Superintendent, that I should take the job as it stood, with the tools, if making any additional tools at my own expense and they furnishing the stock and material; that was the case with the rest; it was the way in which the business was conducted; I have got a book of memorandum of all the parts I completed up to the first of July; I first commenced contract for piece work on 13th of April 1863, and continued until the fire terminated it; I have a memorandum of what I expected to make the tools for on my job.

Q.—At what prices did you contract for in your work for the parts for labor and finishing. A.—The tip part was 10 cents; trigger part, 20¾ cents; trigger, 6 cents; trigger part or lever catch, 4 cents; barrel spring, 3 cents; catch spring, 12 cents; these were the actual prices paid me.

Henry D. Stover, recalled: Refers to the light bills put in evidence yesterday, headed, "Wm. W. Marston bought of the Stover Machine Company; these were not the bills paid; these are merely invoices that we send with goods; when we come to settle, a receipt is given in the receipt book, and a settlement is then made according to the understanding at the commencement of the trade; sometimes we take off ten per cent., which would not appear on the invoices; these were not paid as they are here; we sold and delivered ten milling machines, at $275 a piece, which I received pay for; there were five milling jaws sent, at $20 each, four of which were returned, and $80 credited.

Q—State the aggregate of money you received? A—$6,656 34.

Q—Do you know whether the statement you produced comprehends all the items in these right bills? A—I do not know; it contains all I ever sold and got paid for. [Retires to compare the bills and his list.] These eight bills are on my list, but differ in amount; the eight invoices do not include all we supplied.

Cross-examined—The bill of March 22, 1862, four screw lathes, $691, was paid; the bill of Feb. 24, 1862, engine lathe, six feet bed, &c., $255, was not paid as there; $230 was paid instead; bill of April 8, 1862, a milling machine and cartage, $279, was paid; the cartage was paid as a separate item; the bill of April 19, 1862, was all paid except the jaw.

Q—Will you say there was a deduction on any of the articles named in these eight bills, except the seven feet bed, reduced from $255 to $230? A—I cannot; I would not swear to these at all until I went through them; milling machines can be worked without jaws; it is a unusual thing to put jaws in; do not know whether Marston put another jaws when they returned mine.

Question by Juror—I understand you to say that the cost of milling machines was $275; did that include the cost of delivery at the factory? A.—No, Sir; I testified as to what the machines were worth, not the extra cost for freight, &c.

Q.—Since you were examined the day before yesterday, did you reflect about my question to you as to your alleged conviction? Were you sentenced to pay a fine and be imprisoned? A.—I was not—not to my knowledge.

Q.—Do you known Charles B. Sedgwick? A.—I do very well; I know he gouged me out of $10,000 at the fort, while another lawyer gouged me out of $25,000.

Q.—You got out through Mr. Sedgwick? A.—No, Sir.

Re-direct.—Q.—Tell us what you mean about Mr. Sedgwick getting money out of you while in the fort? A.—As I stated the other day, I was to Washington to attend to my business, and I got into difficulty by det

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, FRIDAY, DEC. 23, 1864.

Amusements this Evening.

BARNUM'S MUSEUM.—PANORAMA 2,000 FEET LONG, THREE MAMMOTH FAT GIRLS, WEIGHING One Ton! THREE GIANTS, TWO DWARFS, INDIAN WARRIORS, FRENCH AUTOMATONS, &c. DRAMATIC ENTERTAINMENTS MORNING, AFTERNOON AND EVENING.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—FRA DIAVOLO.

WALLACK'S—HOW SHE LOVES HIM.

OLYMPIC THEATRE—THE STREETS OF NEW-YORK.

BROADWAY THEATRE—SWEET HEARTS AND WIVES—THE PEOPLE'S LAWYER.

NIBLO'S—THE FAIRY CIRCLE—THE CUSTOMS OF THE COUNTRY.

WINTER GARDEN—HAMLET.

VAN AMBURGH & CO.'S MENAGERIE—(Nos. 539 and 541 Broadway)—DAY AND EVENING.

HELLER'S—(No. 585 Broadway)—MAGIC.

HIPPOTHEATRON—EQUESTRIANISM, GYMNASTICS and ACROBATIC PERFORMANCES.

DODWORTH HALL—ARTEMUS WARD.

THEATRE FRANCAIS, (Niblo's Saloon)—Every Tuesday and Saturday Evenings.

CRAYON ART GALLERY—PAINTINGS.

NEW STADT THEATRE—OTHELLO.

TURKISH HALL, 720 Broadway—MEDDAH.

The List of Letters.

The list of letters remaining uncalled for in the Post-office, published officially in the columns of the NEW-YORK TIMES, can be consulted in the Business Office of the TIMES. It will be found upon a bulletin inside the building.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

THE REBELLION.

The latest news from Gen. THOMAS places his headquarters at Columbia, Tenn., with HOOD crossing Duck River with the remnant of his army. It is estimated that he has lost fully 20,000 men since he entered Tennessee, and that his remaining force is not over 20,000, cavalry included. The country around Nashville and Franklin is filled with deserters, who are daily coming and delivering themselves up. The roads were bad, and pursuit had become very difficult.

According to the Washington *Republican*, of Wednesday, dispatches received from Gen. THOMAS, say: The storm was too severe for any operations on Tuesday, the 20th, and the *only* thing accomplished in the pursuit was the capture of *one thousand three hundred of Hood's army!*

The steamer *Columbia* arrived here yesterday morning with Havana dates of the 17th inst. The rebel steamer *Alexandria*, now called the *Mary*, has been seized at Nassau for a violation of the neutrality laws, being an armed vessel, but she has most probably been released. The lucky blockade-runner *Denbigh* came in on the 15th with about 800 bales of cotton. The Houston *Telegraph* announces officially the capture of the United States steamer *Sonora*. She was on her way to New-Orleans from Santiago. She was taken on the 18th ult., by Capt. CONWAY and six men. Negotiations were going on there for exchanging 500 Union prisoners at Camp Grace, Texas.

The news brought by the *Columbia* yesterday, of the capture of the United States gunboat *Sonora*, is not true in some particulars. There is no gunboat of that name in the navy. We have the *Sanoma*, but she is attached to the South Atlantic Blockading Squadron, and is probably at this time one of the fleet operating against Savannah, Ga. Naval vessels are not usually captured by *one Captain and six men*. The *Sonora* is probably either a transport or a private merchant vessel.

CONGRESS.

In the Senate yesterday, Mr. WILSON, from the Military Committee, reported adversely upon the bill to drop unemployed general officers. Mr. SUMNER presented a petition asking for a proclamation of amnesty for all Indians who would cease their hostility to the Government. Mr. LANE, of Kansas, introduced a resolution to suspend the land sales of Sac and Fox Indians to December, 1865, which was agreed to. The bill requiring lawyers practising in the United States Supreme Court to take the oath of allegiance was passed. Mr. WILSON reported an amendment to the House bill increasing the pay and emoluments of army officers, which provides that brevet rank does not entitle any officer to increase of pay, and also that bounties due to deceased soldiers may regularly descend to their heirs. The Senate then adjourned to January 5.

In the House the Secretary of War was directed to communicate, if not inconsistent with the public interests, the report of Major-Gen. CANDY, concerning the purchase by the United States of the products of States now in rebellion. The House then found itself without a quorum, and adjourned for the holidays.

FROM EUROPE.

The steamship *Africa*, from Liverpool, Dec 10, with one week's later news, arrived at Halifax yesterday. Prof. GOLDWIN SMITH, in the London *Daily News*, pronounces the Army of the Potomac the best-equipped army in the world. The result of SHERMAN'S operations were awaited with much interest. The obsequies of Mr. DAYTON took place on the 6th, at the American Church, in Paris. Dr. SUNDERLAND performed the religious services, and a detachment of troops escorted the remains as a guard of honor. Mr. FORSTER, at a reform demonstration at Bradford, spoke in favor of the North. The Earl of Carlisle died on the 5th. All the money reward in MULLER'S case has been allotted to the cab driver MATTHEWS. Gen. Tom Thumb and wife had been received by the Emperor at Compeigne, Dec. 8.

GENERAL NEWS.

The two hundred and forty-fourth anniversary of the landing of the Pilgrims was celebrated by a banquet at the Astor House, last evening, given by the New-England Society of the City of New-York. Among the guests present who addressed the meeting were Vice-Admiral Farragut, Commodore Drayton, Capt. Winslow, of the *Kearsarge*, Geo. Bancroft, William Cullen Bryant, Hon. Mr. Phelps, of Maryland, Rev. E. H. Chapin, Chas. P. Kirtland, Hon. E. W. Gantt and others. Letters were read from the President and the different members of the Cabinet, O. W. Holmes, Govs. Fenton and Andrew, Geo. W. Curtis and others. At the business meeting of the N. E. Society held yesterday, the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: President—WILLIAM CURTIS NOYES. First Vice-President, Joseph H. Choate; Second Vice-President, Elliott C. Cowdin; Counsellors, E. D. Morgan, W. N. Blakeman, C. A. Stetson, S. N. Stebbins: Assistant Counsellors, Nathaniel Hayden, John W. Quincy, Wm. Borden, Frank E. Howe, T. G. Churchill, W. H. Lee, Isaac H. Bailey. Chas. S. Smith; Treasurer, Luther B. Wyman; Secretary, L. P. Hubbard.

A daring attempt was made on Wednesday evening, by JAMES TENNANT, a police patrolman of the Twenty-first Precinct, to murder Police Capt. J. W. HARTT, of the Nineteenth Precinct. TENNANT went to the Captain's station-house, in Fifty-ninth-street, accosted the latter in an insolent manner, using epithets of the vilest nature. When HARTT remonstrated with him, TENNANT drew a revolver and used his best efforts to shoot him. Fortunately Roundsman FITZGERALD and officer CLARK were at hand, and, with their assistance TENNANT was overcome, disarmed and locked in a cell. He there became so violent in his attempts to injure persons and property, that Capt. HARTT was compelled to have him handcuffed. Yesterday morning Justice KELLY committed him to answer. The cause of this outrage has not transpired. The Police Commissioners will promptly investigate the case.

The United States steamer *Bermuda*, Acting Volunteer Lieut. J. W. SMITH commanding, arrived off the Philadelphia Navy-yard yesterday, from the West Gulf Squadron. She brings the mails, 13 officers and 81 sick and discharged seamen. The *Bermuda* sailed from the Rio Grande Dec. 2 at 10 P. M., Pass Caballo Dec. 3, off Galveston Dec. 5, New-Orleans Dec. 10, Mobile Bay Dec. 12, Pensacola 13th, Key West 16th, and arrived at Hampton Roads Dec. 20 at 2 P. M. She reports the arrival of Capt. SEMMES, late of the privateer *Alabama*, at the Rio Grande, and of his going into the Confederacy via Texas. There is no news of importance from New-Orleans. The weather was extremely cold; overcoats in great demand. At Mobile Bay, all was quiet. Most of the vessels were lying off Dog River Bar, the *Richmond*, Commodore JENKINS, being the senior ship at Key West. The weather was warm, and the health generally good. The execution of DAVID STOKE, private of Company I, Second United States Infantry, (colored,) took place on Friday, Dec. 16, at 4 P. M. He was hanged for shooting the sergeant of his company about one year ago, while the regiment was stationed at Ship Island.

Gov. CURTIN, of Pennsylvania, has found the Congressional election in the Sixteenth District of that State too much for him. He declines to issue a certificate to either of the contesting candidates, and both Messrs. KOONTZ & COFFROTH will have to submit their claims to Congress.

The rebel Gen. LYON, who went into the Western part of Kentucky on a plundering and conscripting expedition, when HOOD sat down before Nashville, has also been defeated. Gen. ED. McCOOK, on the 16th and 18th inst., fought two engagements with him, routing his command and capturing his artillery.

Five buildings, belonging to JOHN GARRISON & SON, of the Highland House, Garrison, N. Y., were destroyed by fire Wednesday night. The fire was the work of an incendiary. Partially insured.

The President has recognized DENNIS DONOHUE as Consul of Her Britannic Majesty at New-Orleans.

There was a sharp demand for money in Wall-street, and from the Stock Exchange, yesterday, which depressed the market for Stocks, including Governments. Gold 221¼ ₩ cent., as against 225 at close of Wednesday.

Produce and merchandise attracted less attention, and prices generally tended downward. Very light freight engagements were reported, though rates favored shippers.

The Duty of the Country—The Work of the Army.

It is so important that the rebels should not enjoy any leisure during the coming Winter, and it is so unlikely that either SHERMAN or THOMAS will let them enjoy it, if they are properly supplied with men, that we sincerely trust everybody will strain every nerve to meet the call which has just been made, not next Spring, but *now*. We are close on the end of the year, and yet hostilities were never carried on with greater vigor and activity on our side than at this moment. SHERMAN has, to say nothing of the City of Savannah, 15,000 men and one of the enemy's best Generals, almost in his hand; the greatest naval expedition we have ever fitted out is, probably, by this time, thundering against Wilmington; THOMAS is pressing HOOD with a tenacity which promises results as fruitful if not as brilliant as those he has already secured. In fact, there has been no period since the beginning of the war, when the Union army and navy were busier than they are at this moment, though we are already near mid-Winter.

What is wanted, we firmly believe, to bring this terrible contest into the guerrilla stage by next Summer, is, that this activity should undergo no diminution during the next six months—that the rebels should not be granted their usual annual respite. They have always used it hitherto to gather up their stragglers and deserters, enforce their conscriptions, accumulate stores at their depots, issue clothing to their men, and fortify their roads and towns; so that we have generally found that in Spring they had a number of fresh nuts prepared for us, which it has taken the ensuing Summer to crack.

This Winter, if we let them alone, they will draw HOOD'S army down toward Macon, sweep up all that is left of the male population of Georgia to reinforce it, reorganize its artillery, repair the railroads that SHERMAN has destroyed, and probably adopt Gen. LEE'S alleged suggestion and create a column of blacks, or blacks and whites, to neutralize SHERMAN'S army, and deliver LEE'S communications from the peril which is now impending over them. No doubt these devices would not prove sufficient to avert the doom of the Confederacy; but they might prove effectual in postponing it; they might give us another Summer's fighting to do, cause the loss of a great many valuable lives, and the addition of one or two hundred millions to the National debt.

Now, there is little doubt that in Virginia the mud is an all but insurmountable obstacle to active operations. But it is not in Virginia only that Richmond can be assailed. LEE feels operations in North and South Carolina and Georgia just as much as those immediately in his front; and he can be sorely harassed during the Winter, and perhaps compelled to evacuate Richmond, though the Army of the Potomac never fired a shot.

We need not fear that GRANT and SHERMAN are not alive to these things, and that they will not keep the ball rolling, if they are only supplied with the means; but this the country must do.

Those who want to hasten the end, to diminish bloodshed, and keep down the public debt, will, therefore, push on volunteering, and thus keep the ranks of the army full. One man now is worth two or three, four or five months later. Steady "pegging away" never promised results so gratifying as at present, and it will be our fault if it undergoes during the next half year the slightest intermission.

THE SPECIAL EXCHANGE OF PRISONERS FINISHED.—We are advised by our correspondent at Port Royal of the conclusion of the special exchange business at Charleston. The last boat-load of the miserable victims of rebel cruelty was brought down and delivered on the 16th inst., making an aggregate of upward of *eleven thousand* who have been released. On the 17th inst. the siege of Charleton was resumed, and hostilities are probably now in fiercer progress, after the brief respite during the continuance of the truce. The exchange just concluded was brought about solely through the efforts of Lieut.-Col. JOHN E. MULFORD, the Assistant Agent for Exchange, who has conducted the whole delicate business with singular ability and prudence. Col. MULFORD has long been known as an accomplished officer, and a noble-souled gentleman. His name, which, from his long connection with the matter of exchanges, has been a household word in thousands of families, will hereafter be doubly endeared to the soldiers just released, on account of his unflagging and active personal interest in all that could add to their comfort and welfare.

Rebel Treatment of Our Prisoners.

The following private letter from an eminent public man in the interior of this State only repeats in strong terms what reaches us daily from many quarters:

SYRACUSE, Tuesday, Nov. 29, 1864.

MY DEAR SIR: For months past we have all been reading accounts of the atrocious conduct of the rebels toward our prisoners. No language can do it justice. The heart sickens at the sad recital. But have we not already spent time enough in detailing these unheard of outrages? Why not stop reciting them and turn our attention to the remedy? I have no hesitation in saying that we have a perfect remedy, and that no apology can be made for the Government in not long, long since applying it. There is but one way to deal with these barbarians, and that is by a severity which they shall appreciate and feel. We must retaliate their heathenism upon themselves. Months ago the President ought to have given notice to JEFFERSON DAVIS in writing, that unless within thirty days he had the most satisfactory evidence that our prisoners in all the rebel pens were in all respects provided for according to the usages of civilized nations, that every rebel prisoner in our possession should at once be turned into an open pen, without a shingle to cover him; that he would be stripped of his shoes and stockings, his hat, coat and vest, and shirt, if he had one; that he would be fed on the poorest and scantiest fare, and that they would remain in that condition till our prisoners were properly cared for, and perfect evidence furnished of the fact.

Would this be cruel and inhuman? Just the reverse. It would put an end to cruelty and inhumanity. Our soldiers would be relieved from their sufferings in thirty days.

Would it not be effectual? Think you JEFF. DAVIS would let 40,000 rebels suffer starvation and death for the sake of starving our soldiers in his hands?

But if he would, then let them suffer. But he would not.

Now, why does not the Government apply the remedy? Are 20,000 more of our friends to be starved in their pens before we fight them with the only weapons that they can feel? For the sake of God and humanity, and our poor starved, diseased and dying soldiers and friends, let us have the only remedy within our reach.

You are nearer to the seat of power than I am. You can call on Mr. LINCOLN and ask him to save the lives of those not yet dead. Why will you not act in this matter, and call down the blessings of thousands and tens of thousands, starving, rotting and dying in worse than Southern slave pens, and forever oblige Your friend and humble servant,

HON. H. J. RAYMOND.

The above represents the public sentiment of a very large portion of the country. There is not a shadow of doubt that the rebel authorities have deliberately and intentionally treated our prisoners in their hands with the most barbarous and inhuman cruelty. They have starved them, exposed them to rain and cold without clothing or shelter, withheld from them decent attendance and care in case of sickness and wounds, and encouraged their guards, by applause and rewards, to shoot them in cold blood for technical and unintentional violations of arbitrary and useless rules. They have done this steadily and systematically, for many long months, against the remonstrances of their own Surgeons, and in infamous disregard of the rules of war and the interests of humanity. Upon all these points, the testimony we have published from time to time from our own correspondents leaves no room for doubt.

Justice and public sentiment demand that these tortures should be stopped. By what measures that can be done is a problem of no little difficulty. The Government has not been heedless of the subject, but has been as anxious as the most zealous of the people, to afford relief. The rebels have some 45,000 of our troops prisoners in their hands, and we have some 55,000 of their troops in ours. A wholesale exchange would place forthwith in the ranks of their armies 45,000 strong, healthy, able-bodied men, and would thus enable them to prolong the war, and kill, maim or capture many thousands more of our soldiers,—while it would not increase the strength of our forces by a single man. The Government may, in our opinion, very properly take this fact into consideration as one of the arguments to which weight is due in deciding upon the policy to be pursued. It is *possible* that such an exchange, if it could be effected, would, in the long run, cause more suffering than it would cure; if it should seem certain to do so, the Government can hardly be denounced for hesitating to adopt it.

If this is not adopted, *retaliation* seems to be the next mode of seeking redress. The whole instinct of common humanity revolts at its infliction in kind. We doubt whether men could be found in the North, who as guards or commanding officers, who could possibly enforce it. They could not hold the prisoners under their charge to the horrors of starvation, exposure and unrelieved sickness, and watch their tortures, day by day, under such a *regime* as this. They have not had the training requisite for the infliction of such savage barbarities. It takes the discipline of years in the cruelties of slavery to fit human beings for such a service. But our Government may very well adopt *some* measures of retaliation. They can at least put their prisoners upon the diet of prisoners in our penitentiaries, and subject them to restraints sufficiently severe to be seriously felt. Whether they can go as far as our correspondent suggests and urges, is a matter for them to determine; we do not believe that, with just regard for the national character, and with necessary deference to public sentiment, they can do so.

The agreement already made and in progress of execution, by which we can send blankets, clothing, food and other necessaries to our prisoners in rebel hands, will do much toward alleviating the horrors of their condition. If it is carried out with sufficient vigor, and if the rebels permit our commissioners to discharge their functions in this matter thoroughly and steadily, the evils hitherto sustained may be, in good part, remedied. And until this experiment has been faithfully tried, the Government will probably be indisposed to resort to either of the other modes suggested.

Vice-Admiral Farragut.

Congress and the Executive displayed the most admirable promptitude in the matter of the bill creating the naval grade of Vice-Admiral, and in the practical application of its provisions. The bill was introduced into the Senate on Tuesday, was immediately considered and passed, was passed on the same day by the House, was next day signed by the President, who at once nominated Rear-Admiral FARRAGUT to the position, which appointment was immediately confirmed by the Senate, without the usual formality of referring it to a standing committee. Vice-Admiral FARRAGUT, who is in this city, was immediately notified by telegraph of the mark of distinction conferred upon him.

Never was an honor more nobly earned, or more worthily bestowed. FARRAGUT had the fortune to have opportunities of distinction, and had the genius to take grand advantage of them. There has never been anything in naval warfare more perfect, more heroic, or more triumphant, as there never has been anything more difficult of achievement. than his operations at New-Orleans and at Mobile. In his whole career he has exhibited the highest and the noblest qualities of the great sailor—both personal and practical; and his nomination to the highest grade in the navy secures him a position which he will greatly adorn.

The rank of Vice-Admiral, which has been conferred upon FARRAGUT, bears some resemblance to the rank of Lieutenant-General, which was conferred upon GRANT one year ago. The position, however, differs, we suppose in this, that while GRANT, as Lieutenant-eral, has command of all the armies of the United States, wherever they may be operating, FARRAGUT, as Rear-Admiral, will not have command of all the naval forces of the United States. It is practicable for one officer, in a central position, to command or direct all the land forces; but it would hardly be practicable for one officer to command all the naval forces on the Atlantic, the Gulf and the inland rivers. He might, it is true, under the Secretary of the Navy, give a general direction to naval operations, but we do not understand that his duties in the future are to be of this character. He will still continue to serve his country and glorify his flag from the deck of the "dear old *Hartford*," as Mrs. FARRAGUT fondly calls the gallant Admiral's flagship.

THE FRENCH MISSION—A WORD OF PERSONALITY.—The following appears in the Washington correspondence of a morning journal, and is similar in sentiment to paragraphs on the same subject which have appeared in various other papers:

"Those most intimate with the purposes of the Administration insist that *pledges heretofore made to* HENRY J. RAYMOND must now be fulfilled by his appointment to the French Mission."

In simple justice to the Administration we take the liberty of saying that not only has it never given any "pledges" of the sort here referred to, but, so far as we are aware, there has never been the slightest hint, direct or indirect, personally or through third parties, either that Mr. RAYMOND expected or desired an appointment of any sort at home or abroad, or that the Administration wished or was willing to give him one if he did desire it. To the best of our knowledge and belief, not one syllable has ever been said on this subject, either by Mr. R. or to him, in any official quarter, or in any quarter that could be supposed to represent the sentiments and purposes of the Administration. All that has been said in regard to this matter in the newspapers, has been purely the coinage of the ingenious and well-meaning gentlemen who have said it.

We depart from our custom in thus alluding to this personal matter, lest the Administration should be accused of having *violated* the "pledges" it is assumed to have made, when it comes to fill the vacancy created by Mr. DAYTON'S death. So far as Mr. RAYMOND is concerned, he neither seeks, expects nor desires this or any other office under the Government. He has been elected to be a member of the next Congress, and he intends to fulfill the duties of that position to the best of his ability, and with entire fidelity to those who placed him in it.

THE STREETS AND THE HORSE CARS.—At a slight expense in the time usually made on a clear track by the city horse cars, we are relieved from the salt nuisance which used to make the streets a puddle, on the occurrence even of a dry snow-storm. Yesterday was one of those rare days for New-York, when the snow held its own on almost every foot, both of the tracks and carriage-ways. And we owe the agreeable change, in great part, to the abatement of the salt nuisance—a feature in our past social economy worthy of a race of unmixed barbarians.

THE BORDERS.—A correspondent at Quebec writes us that the number of Provincial militia ordered to the borders is three thousand; and that they will be commanded by officers who have seen service in the British army. The number is certainly not excessive; but if they perform their duty vigilantly, they ought to be able to do tolerably effective police duty on a large portion of the frontier.

LORD CARLISLE.—Lord CARLISLE, whose death is announced, was one of the few members of the ruling families in Great Britain whose sympathies were steadily and consistently with freedom in this country. For twenty years in the British House of Commons he was a steadfast friend of liberal measures. His travels in the United States and his experience in Ireland had rubbed off the narrow prejudices which cling to so many Englishmen of his class, as well as to their snobbish imitators of a lower order. And there were few public men in the British Islands or in Europe, who could look with a more intelligent or dispassionate judgment upon the struggle through which this Republic has now all but passed. His opinions on American affairs were valuable alike from his personal character, his intellectual acumen, and his vast social influence. Like his former colleague, Sir CORNWALL LEWIS, Lord CARLISLE refused, even in the darkest days through which we have passed, to believe that JEFF. DAVIS had created a new nation; and like that able and conscientious man, he likewise refused to become the worshiper and servant of a political confederacy founded upon human slavery. Honor to his memory!

Amusements.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.—AUBER'S charming comic opera of "Fra Diavolo" will be given here to-night for the second time in America. The work, on its production, Wednesday night, achieved an unmistakable success—a result which was merited, both by the music and the manner it was rendered. It was no slight task to bring out a light work of this character with artists who have exclusively been accustomed to a totally different and much stiffer school. Mr. MARETZEK has succeeded in a remarkable degree, and the enjoyment of the audience on Wednesday night proved that he has once more struck the public taste.

SUNDRIES.—Mr. J. E. OWENS has appeared as *Billy Lackaday* in the two-act farce of "Sweethearts and Wives." The piece has no redeeming point. The dialogue is commonplace; the characters conventional; the situations silly. Mr. OWENS is too great an artist to waste himself on such old-fashioned crudities. It is surely within the scope of modern drama to find a better foil for *Solon Shingle* than this ricketty bit of buffoonery.... Mr. HELLER'S programme No. 4 was introduced to the public successfully on Monday. The tricks were excellent; the piano solos charming, and the pantomime was—well the public had better judge for itself.... Mr. OSCANYAN, the oriental lecturer, has opened the upper hall of Hope Chapel (No. 720 Broadway) for the purpose of giving his Turkish entertainment. Several effective interiors have been painted, and these and the living illustrations contribute materially to the vividness of the impression of Eastern life which Mr. OSCANYAN produces. The lecture is instructive and amusing .... Mr. ARTEMUS WARD will bring his present season to an end on Saturday next. This is rendered necessary by the fact, that not anticipating so long and prosperous a season here, Mr. ARTEMUS WARD had previously made arrangements with various halls in the country, and is now compelled to use them. He will return in a few weeks, and once more amuse and delight the public with his eccentricities.

—An unusually interesting event takes place to-night at the Stadt Theatre. The performances are set apart for the benefit of that exceedingly deserving and studious young artiste, Mme. METHUA-SCHELLER, who, it will be remembered, has appeared with distinction on the English stage. The play selected for the occasion is the German version of SHAKESPEARE'S "Othello." Mme. METHUA-SCHELLER is the *Desdemona*, and for this occasion, Mr. CHARLES POPE, the American actor, will assume the part of the Moor, playing it in German, of which language he is said to be a proficient. Thus do we already commence paying back our debts to foreign stages. Mr. LEONARD SCHEARR is the *Iago*. We hope Mme. SCHELLER will have a good house, and Mr. POPE a hearty reception. Mr. STEPHEN MASSETT is making a very successful tour through Connecticut, where his "Drifting About" seems to give universal satisfaction.

NIBLO'S GARDEN—BENEFIT OF MR. BARNEY WILLIAMS.—This clever artist takes his first benefit this evening, appearing with his charming wife in three of their very best pieces, "The Fairy Circle," "The Customs of the Country," and "Barney the Baron." We advise our readers to apply early at the box-office and secure their seats, as a crowd may be expected, as deserved.

MILITARY.—Col. M. B. BREWSTER of the Excelsior Brigade, has been appointed by the President Brigader-General by brevet for gallant and meritorious conduct on the field.

PROCEEDINGS OF CONGRESS.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, Thursday, Dec. 22.

Mr. CLARK, President *pro tem.* in the Chair.

FOG SIGNALS.

Mr. SPRAGUE, of Rhode Island, (Union,) presented some papers, accompanied by a letter from the Secretary of the Treasury, in relation to fog signals between Providence and New-York, which were referred to the Committee on Commerce.

INCREASE OF PAY.

Mr. WILSON, of Massachusetts, (Union,) presented the petition of several officers in the army, asking for increased pay, which was referred to the Military Committee.

THE UNEMPLOYED OFFICERS.

Mr. WILSON, from the Military Committee, reported adversely to the House bill to drop from the rolls certain officers in the army. The report states that the House bill does not leave any discrimination to be used in the matter, while it is evident that much discrimination ought to be used. It alleges that the President has already as much power in the matter as is necessary or expedient. The report was ordered to be printed.

AMNESTY ASKED FOR HOSTILE INDIANS.

Mr. SUMNER, of Massachusetts (Union) presented the petition of JOHN BERSON, asking for a proclamation of amnesty to all Indians who would cease their hostility to the Government of the United States, which was referred to the Committee on Indian Affairs.

RECIPROCITY TREATY.

Mr. SUMNER reported back several petitions in relation to the Reciprocity Treaty, which had been referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations, asking for the discharge of the committee, as the subject had been reported upon.

THE SOLDIERS' HOME.

Mr. WILSON, of Massachusetts, (Union,) offered a resolution, which was adopted, instructing the Committee on Military Affairs to inquire into the manner in which the Soldier's Home has been managed, and whether the benevolent object of the Government in establishing the Home could not be better achieved in some other way.

SUSPENSION OF LAND SALES.

Mr. LANE, of Kansas, (Union,) offered a resolution to suspend the sale of the land of the Kansas Sac and Fox Indians to the 15th of December, 1865.

Mr. HARLAN, of Iowa, (Union,) inquired what was the object of the resolution.

Mr. LANE replied at this time appointed for the sale, the people of his country were engaged in the campaign against PRICE, and the consequence was that the land had been purchased by speculators.

At the request of Mr. HARLAN the subject was postponed for a short time.

LOYALTY OF LAWYERS.

On motion of Mr. SUMNER, a bill offered by him last session, requiring all lawyers practicing in United States courts, to take the oath of allegiance, was taken up.

Mr. JOHNSON, of Maryland (Dem.), suggested that the bill be amended so as to read that the oath should be taken on or before the 4th day of March, instead of from and after the passage of the bill. He wished this done so the courts could have notice.

Mr. SUMNER accepted the amendment, and the bill was passed after some remarks against its provisions by Messrs. SAULSBURY and DAVIS. The vote stood 21 yeas against 4 nays. Those voting in the negative were Messrs. BUCKALEW, DAVIS, RICHARDSON and SAULSBURY.

PAY AND EMOLUMENT OF ARMY OFFICERS.

Mr. WILSON introduced an amendment to the House bill to define the pay and emolument of certain officers in the army. This amendment provides: First, that it is not within the intent of the act of March, 1863, entitled "An act to authorize the breveting of volunteer and other officers in the United States service," to make a distinction as to pay between officers of volunteer and other forces, including the regular army; but that such brevet rank does not entitle any officer to increase of pay. Second, that if a soldier, discharged for wounds received in battle, die before receiving the bounty provided by the act of March, 1863, entitled, "An act to amend an act to authorize the employment of volunteers," the bounty due shall descend to his heirs, in the same manner and order of succession as if he had died in the service.

The amendment was ordered to be printed.

THE MILITIA OF DELAWARE.

Mr. SAULSBURY, of Delaware, (Dem.,) offered a resolution, which was adopted, calling on the Secretary of War for information as to whether the militia of Delaware, called out for thirty and one hundred days last July, were exempt from draft.

THE KANSAS LAND SALES AGAIN.

Mr. POMEROY, of Kansas, (Union,) called up the resolution of Mr. LANE in relation to the sale of Indian lands. He moved to amend it by postponing the the sale to July 1, instead of Dec. 1, 1864.

Mr. LANE accepted the amendment and the resolution was passed.

PAY OF CAPITOL EMPLOYES.

Mr. HENDERSON, of Missouri, (Dem.,) called up the House resolution to increase the pay of the employes of the Capitol.

Mr. GRIMES, of Iowa, (Union,) was opposed to increasing the pay of the employes of the Capitol. If there was any increase of pay, it should be in favor of the soldiers and sailors.

On motion of Mr. SHERMAN, the resolution was referred to the Committee on Finance.

At 1½ o'clock the Senate adjourned, to meet on Thursday, the 5th of January, 1865.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

WASHINGTON, Thursday, Dec. 22.

TRADE WITH REBELLIOUS STATES.

On motion of Mr. ELIOT, of Massachusetts, (Union,) it was resolved that the Secretary of War be directed to communicate, if not inconsistent with the public interests, the report of Maj.-Gen. CANBY concerning the purchase by the United States of the products of States declared to be in insurrection.

NO NO QUORUM PRESENT.

There not being a quorum of members present, the House was called to obtain one.

One less than a quorum answered to their names. It was subsequently ascertained that some of the members had retired, thus leaving the House six less than a quorum.

THE HOLIDAY ADJOURNMENT.

At 1:30 o'clock the House adjourned to the 5th of January.

THE PILGRIM FATHERS.

Anniversary of the Landing on Plymouth Rock—Festival of the New-England Society.

The two hundred and forty-fourth anniversary of the landing of the Pilgrims at Plymouth, and the fifty-fourth anniversary of the New-England Society of the City of New-York, was celebrated by a banquet at the Astor House, last evening. The dining-hall of the Astor was tastefully decorated for the occasion with natural and artificial flowers, with portraits of WASHINGTON, WEBSTER and FRANKLIN, and with the national colors.

Upon the tables were ornamented pieces, representing the landing on Plymouth Rock, the ship *Mayflower*, MILES STANDISH, a New-England cottage, a Temple of Liberty, &c.

The President of the Society, Mr. HENRY A. HURLBUT, presided at the festive board, and on his right were Capt. WINSLOW, of the *Kearsarge*; Vice-Admiral FARRAGUT, Commodore DRAYTON, W. C. BRYANT and WM. C. NOYES, and on his left GEORGE BANCROFT, the historian, Rev. E. H. CHAPIN, and Drs. STRICKLAND and HATFIELD. About 250 persons, mostly members of the Society, sat down to the tables, which were supplied in a manner that did credit to the ancient reputation of the Astor.

After the removal of the cloth and returning of thanks by Rev. Dr. PUTNAM, of Brooklyn, the President opened the speaking by invoking the spirit of old MILES STANDISH, the fighting pilgrim, to preside over the festivities of the evening. These, are times of war, and he should not venture, as he had done two years ago, to predict peace, until the close of the war. He alluded to SHERMAN, GRANT, THOMAS, and WINSLOW—at the mention of which last name the whole audience arose and greeted the Commander of the *Kearsarge*, who sat by his side. He closed by congratulating the Society on the favorable auspices under which their present meeting was held. Mr. HURLBUT then proceeded to read the regular toasts, as follows:

1. *The Day we celebrate.*

Mr. STERN sang with much effect the well-known hymn of Mrs. HEMANS on the landing of the Pilgrims, after which the President introduced the Rev. Dr. CHAPIN, who said that the "day we celebrate" was not only New-England Day, but an American day. This was not a time for sectional appropriations, but a day for national congratulations. Referring to Capt. SEMMES, he said he made one of the quickest last wills and testaments that he ever heard of. He bequeathed his ship to the ocean, his crew to the sharks, and his body to the British. [Applause.] God sends strong and earnest men to do the rough work of the world—and such, in some respects, were the Puritans, who settled New-England, although they had been greatly belied and misrepresented. They were grave and solemn men, for they lived in grave and solemn times. They couldn't dance and fiddle while England was suffering under the sword strokes of tyranny.

2. *The President of the United States.*

Drank with the honors.

3. *The State of New-York.*

In reply to this toast, Mr. CHOATE read a letter from Gov. FENTON, which he introduced by saying that he congratulated the audience that in ten days from now New-York would have a Governor who understood the principles of the Puritans, and was not ashamed to own them. (Applause.)

4. *The City of New-York.*

CHAS. P. KIRTLAND ESQ., responded, and excused himself for filling the place properly belonging to the Mayor by saying that the New-England Society had too much mercy to invite a man into the presence of Capt. WINSLOW who did not desire to illuminate the city in honor of Union victories; but believed that "oblivion was the highest reward" of those who fought for their country. [Applause.] Mr. KIRTLAND continued in a facetious strain, which drew forth continued laughter and plaudits from his hearers.

5. *The Poets of New-England.*

"New-England, I Love Thee," was sung by a glee club, at the close of which Vice-Admiral FARRAGUT entered the dining-room, and was hailed with nine cheers from the audience, who simultaneously arose and greeted him with the wildest enthusiasm. Commodore DRAYTON, who accompanied Admiral FARRAGUT, was also greeted with cheers, and both gentlemen were furnished with seats at the head of the table, on the right of the President.

After the excitement had subsided the President called upon WILLIAM C. BRYANT to respond to the fifth regular toast.

Mr. BRYANT said: He wished, for his part, that all the poets of New-England were present to listen to the praise that had been bestowed on him. It was a theory with some historians that the history of nations had its origin in poetry. He compared the rude strains of the poets of the pilgrimage with the poetry of New-England of the present day. We were now drifting into the purity of refined poetry. The poets of New-England are worthy of the high praise that is accorded to the inspiration that fills their verse. He rejoiced that he lived in an age when heroism was coincident with humanity. He thanked God in His Providence he had not destined the country to short duration, but that He had destined it for a long duration of peace and victory.

6.—*The Army and the Navy of the United States.*

After the reading of a letter from Gen. GRANT, the President called upon Vice-Admiral FARRAGUT, who, on rising, was greeted with the most boisterous applause. After the applause had subsided, he spoke as follows:

Gentlemen, I do not know what your expectations may be of Vice-Admiral FARRAGUT, but I have seen enough of Rear-Admiral FARRAGUT to know that he is not very well qualified to make such a speech as you would wish to listen to. I am happy to return my thanks for the hospitable reception and enthusiastic honor I have always received in this hall. When I saw you last, I promised to go abroad as soon as possible, to keep up a sympathetic feeling with your association in another quarter. [Applause.] I only wish I could return my thanks as the General has done by a letter, but we have some odd notions in the navy, and one is that we share our shot as we do our prize-money, and hence the higher the rank we have the more the responsibility; and hence I suppose I am called upon. Iean back up what the gentleman (Mr. BRYANT) has said of the manner in which the sons of New England, as well as of other States, have poured out their blood in the South. God knows they have poured it out freely. [Loud cheering.]

As Admiral FARRAGUT took his seat, there were loud calls for WINSLOW.

Capt. WINSLOW responded by saying that he could only repeat the thanks expressed by Vice-Admiral FARRAGUT at the warm reception that had been extended to him, and he hoped the audience would excuse him from any further remarks at this time. (Applause.)

Com. DRAYTON was then wildly called for. In response, he said that there was an old idea in the navy that no navy-officer could speak. He thought that the reverse had been shown to-night. His great fortune lay in his association with Admiral FARRAGUT, for anybody who came in contact with him, caught a little of his spirit. Although he had not done much for his country, he had all that circumstances, opportunity and his ability had permitted. Com. DRAYTON closed by renewing his acknowledgments of the courtesies extended to him in his reception.

Col. STETSON then addressed the audience, and paid a beautiful tribute to Com. DRAYTON as a son of South Carolina.

7. *Free Maryland.*

Col. PHELPS, member elect of Congress from the Baltimore District, responded, and said that he knew of no place where a triumph of liberty could be more appropriately celebrated than at a festive encourse of New-Englanders. The immediate and uncompensated emancipation of 80,000 slaves, and the importation into Maryland of New-England common schools, were some of the cardinal features of the reformation that was now in progress in that State. The change was from chivalry to common *sense*. [Great applause.] Slavery is dead in the goodly land of HENRY and MARIA. The Puritan principles of freedom and progress are now the fundamental law in the colony of the ancient cavalier. In the name of her people and of her loyal Governor, he thanked them for the remembrance of his regenerated State on this occasion. [Applause.]

Letters were read from President LINCOLN, Secretaries Seward, Fessenden, Usher and Welles, and Govs. Fenton and Andrew, Oliver Wendell Holmes, Geo. W. Curtis, Commander Cushing and Gen. Grant.

Other appropriate toasts were read, which were replied to by Mr. Bancroft, the historian, Rev. Dr. Hatfield, of Brooklyn, and Gen. Gantt, of TEXAS, soon after which the meeting adjourned.

President Petroleum Company.

This company promises to become one of the best-paying and managed in the country. It has an actual working capital of One Hundred Thousand Dollars, a greater portion of which has already been paid into its treasury, and is now being judiciously expended in the development of its lands, which have been put into the company at cost, being only one hundred dollars per acre, the lowest ever known for superior oil-bearing territory. The company has already received an offer for one-quarter of its land, which, if accepted, would pay back to the stockholders the original amount of their subscriptions. Its officers are gentlemen of high standing in the community, which insures its success. For further particulars, we refer to the advertisement in our columns.

Oil Wells.

OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT PETROLEUM COMPANY, No. 71 Broadway, Room No. 56, New-York.

The Company are now ready to grant leases on liberal terms to parties who wish to sink wells. Their lands, underlaid by oil-bearing rock, are situated on the Allegany River, Hemlock and Porcupine Creeks, embracing an area of ten and one-half miles of

SUPERIOR BORING TERRITORY,

and present great inducements. For terms and particulars apply to JOHN M. CLAPP, Resident Superintendent, at President, Venango County, Penn., or at the office of the Company, as above.

AMORY EDWARDS, President.
J. E. CONANT, Secretary.

Ten Million Dollars' Worth of Cotton Destroyed by Sherman! Look out for a tremendous rise in Shirtings. But never mind if the "great staple of commerce" *does* go up; the grand staple of health is still within the reach of all. We can devise substitutes for cotton, but there is no substitute for HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, the only known guaranty against epidemic diseases, intermittent fevers, indigestion, liver complaint and sea sickness. Sold everywhere. New-York office, No. 59 Cedar-st.

The Holiday Present most acceptable to a Lady is a Grover & Baker Sewing Machine. This machine took all the first premiums at the fairs in the United States the past year. Salesrooms No. 495 Broadway, New-York, and No. 235 Fulton-st., Brooklyn.

SUBSCRIPTION OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT PETROLEUM COMPANY, No. 64 CEDAR-ST., NEW-YORK, Dec. 16, 1864.

The Subscription Books for the Reserved Capital Stock of this Company will be closed on the 1st day of January next.

L. H. SIMPSON & CO., Sole Subscription Agent, No. 64 Cedar-st.

Low Pressure Steam Heating Apparatus, BAKER, SMITH & CO., No. 183 Centre-st.

A New Perfume for the Handkerchief.

Phalon's	"Night Blooming Cereus,"
Phalon's	"Night Blooming Cereus,"
Phalon's	"Night Blooming Cereus,"
Phalon's	"Night Blooming Cereus,"
Phalon's	"Night Blooming Cereus,"
Phalon's	"Night Blooming Cereus,"
Phalon's	"Night Blooming Cereus."

A Most Exquisite, Delicate and Fragrant Perfume, Distilled from the Rare and Beautiful Flower from Which it takes its name. Manufactured only by PHALON & SON.
BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.
ASK FOR PHALON'S—TAKE NO OTHER.
Sold by druggists generally.

Perry's
MOTH AND FRECKLE LOTION.

Chloasma, or Moth Patches, Lentigo or Freckles, blemishes in the face called moth, are very annoying, particularly to ladies of light complexion, the discolored spots on the face show more strongly on blondes than brunettes; but they contribute greatly in marring the beauty on either; and anything that will effectually remove them without injuring the skin in texture or color, would be considered a great achievement in medical science. Dr. B. C. PERRY, who has made diseases of the skin a specialty, has discovered an infallible remedy for the removal of moth, freckles and other discolorations from the face without injuring the skin in texture or color. Prepared only by Dr. B. C. PERRY, Dermatologist, No. 49 Bond-st., New-York. For sale by all druggists. Call for Perry's Moth and Freckle Lotion.
WEEKS & POTTER, No. 170 Washington-st., Boston, Wholesale Agents for New England.

A Card.

THE METROPOLITAN BOOT AND SHOE EMPORIUM,
No 575 Broadway.

E. A. BROOKS, having sold his store and stock of goods in Fulton-st., will continue to carry on his business as heretofore, at his old and commodious establishment in Broadway, where he is now prepared to offer for the inspection of his patrons, the most beautiful assortment of Boots, Shoes, Gaiters, Slippers and Overshoes to be found in this city. His stock of goods comprise every variety of styles for ladies, gents, misses, boys and children. The public are invited to call and examine at No. 575 Broadway, opposite the Metropolitan Hotel.

Holiday Gift.
WILLCOX & GIBBS' SEWING-MACHINE.

It is entirely noiseless.
A patented device prevents its being turned backward.
The needle cannot be set wrong.
The hemmer, feller and braider are acknowledged to be superior to all others.
It received the Gold Medal of the American Institute in 1863.
It also received the first premium for "THE BEST SEWING-MACHINE" at the great "New-England Fair," the "Vermont State Fair," the "Pennsylvania State Fair," and the "Indiana State Fair," 1864.
Office No. 508 Broadway.

Appropriate Holiday Gifts.

The BELLEVUE or perfected STEREOSCOPE, with sliding focus and field piece, is mailed prepaid for $3, or with 12 views $6. Also, the NOVELTY MICROSCOPE for examining insects, flowers, seed, linen, bank bills, &c., is mailed for $2, or with 12 beautiful mounted objects for $3 50, by HENRY CRAIG, No. 180 Centre-st., third floor, New-York. Also, retailed by FOWLER & WELLS, No. 389 Broadway; SHELDON & CO., No. 335, and by dealers generally.

"Piles!" "Piles!!"

Dr. STRICKLAND'S PILE REMEDY, is the only Pile Remedy in the world that will effect a permanent cure of the worst cases of Blind and Bleeding Piles, and we have testimony in our possession to prove that it has cured paralysed cases of twenty and thirty years' standing. For sale by druggists everywhere. F. C. WELLS, & CO., No. 115 Franklin-st., wholesale agents.

If You Want to Know, &c., Read
MEDICAL COMMON SENSE,

A curious book for curious people, and a good book for every one. Price $1 50. To be had at all news depots. Contents tables mailed free. Address
Dr. E. B. FOOTE, No. 1,130 Broadway, N. Y

Holiday Gifts.

E. A. BROOKS would inform those about purchasing Christmas and New-Year's presents, and wish to combine usefulness with beauty in the selection, that he has a large and varied assortment of goods adapted to the present season, which cannot fail to please. Every description of boots, shoes, gaiters, slippers and overshoes for ladies, gents, misses, boys and children, may be found at his establishment, No. 575 Broadway, opposite the Metropolitan Hotel.

Richmond.
BOOTS AND SHOES.

Prices reduced since Nov. 1 from 50 cents to $2 per pair. Every variety of gents', ladies' boys', youths' misses' and children's boots, buckle-shoes, gaiters, slippers and water-proof and warm over-shoes always on hand. Gents' best French goods manufactured to measure promptly, at No. 150 Fulton-st.
C. C. RICHMOND.

Holiday Presents of
AFFECTION AND CHARITY
WHEELER & WILSON'S Highest Premium
Lock-stitch
SEWING MACHINES,
No. 625 Broadway, New-York.
See Wheeler & Wilson's Button-hole machine.

Batcheler's Hair Dye.

The best in the world, the only reliable and perfect dye known. Instantaneous and harmless. The genuine is signed WILLIAM A. BATCHELOR. Sold by all druggists and perfumers. Factory No. 81 Barclay-st.

Startling! but true.—The Volunteers are braving the dangers of Fever, Scurvy, Wounds and Cholera. Many a gallant fellow will leave his bones to bleach, who, by the aid of HOLLOWAY'S PILLS AND OINTMENT, would have returned to his family strong and healthy. Soldiers, try them. If the reader of this notice cannot get a box of Pills or Ointment from the drug-stores in his place, let him write to me, No. 80 Maiden-lane, inclosing the amount, and I will mail a box free of expense. Many dealers will not keep my medicines on hand because they cannot make as much profit as on other persons' make. 35 cents, 88 cents, and $1 40 per box or pot.

Bardsall's Arnica Liniment.—An infallible cure for Burns, Scalds, Sprains, Rheumatism, Inflammation, &c. A single application allays the pain from a burn the instant it is applied. No family should be without it. Depot No. 81 Barclay-st., New-York.

Marvin's Patent Alum and Dry Plaster Fire and Burglar Safes for offices and dwellings never moloid their contents. MARVIN & Co., No. 265 Broadway

Trusses, &c.—MARSH & CO.'S Radical Cure Truss Office, only at No. 2 Vesey-st. Also, supporters, bandages, silk elastic stockings, &c. A lady attendant.

33 Second-hand Safes, of different Makers, (taken in exchange,) for sale cheap, by MARVIN & CO., No. 265 Broadway.

A Holiday Present of a Livelihood for life, for $60 to $100. WEED Sewing-Machine Company. Highest Premium Lock-Stitch Machines.
No. 506 Broadway, New-York.

Holiday Presents.

The sleighing is good, and so is trade at No. 216 Broadway. Ladies shopping for furs for themselves and children will find an endless variety. Civilians, also army and navy officers, will find everything desirable for head-gear. Military equipments generally.
WHITE, No. 216 Broadway, under the Museum.

New Things on Ice.
THE SKATING CAPS,
SKATING GLOVES AND
FUR COMFORTERS, AT
GENIN'S, No. 513 Broadway.

No More Acceptable Present can be Given to old or young, than one of the ELLIPTIC LOCK-STITCH SEWING-MACHINES. No. 537 Broadway.

New Modes in Muffs, Collars, Cuffs, Capes, Victorines, Cloaks, Gauntlets, &c.,
in every description
OF FURS, AT
GENIN'S, No. 513 Broadway.

Hill's Hair Dye, 50 cents, Black or Brown. Reliable. Depot, No. 1 Barclay-st. Sold by all Druggists.

Second-Hand Safes for Sale
CHEAP FOR CASH,
At No. 100 Maiden-lane.

Ivory and Pearl Jewelry, Latest Styles.—WM. M. WELLING, No. 571 Broadway, sign of the Golden Elephant.

Christmas Present.—WILLCOX & GIBBS' NOISELESS SEWING MACHINE. Office, No. 508 Broadway.

MARRIED.

DUDLEY—MANSFIELD.—At Yamoyden, Warren County, Ohio, on Wednesday, Dec. 7, by Rev. Professor Allen, of Lane Seminary, Rev. ADOLPHUS S. DUDLEY and ELIZABETH PHIPPS MANSFIELD, daughter of Edward D. Mansfield, Esq.

DENHAM—STEVENS.—On Thursday, Dec. 22, by Rev. Dr. Carlton, at his residence, in Elizabeth, N. J., DANIEL DENHAM, Jr., and LUCY A. STEVENS, sister-in-law of the officiating clergyman.

EVARTS—WESCOTT.—On Thursday, Dec. 22, at the Reformed Dutch Church, by Rev. A. Elmendorf, D. D., JAMES W. EVARTS and SARAH E., daughter of James R. Wescott, all of Brooklyn, L. I.

☞ New-Haven papers please copy.

DIED.

COLEMAN.—On Tuesday, Dec. 20, ROBERT W. COLEMAN, Esq., of Cornwall, Lebanon County, Penn.
The funeral services will take place in the chapel at Laurel Hill, Philadelphia, at 3 P. M., on Friday next.

DAVISON.—Drowned at Pernambuco, on Wednesday, Nov. 2, ELIAS E. DAVISON, son of Edward and Emeline Davison, of New-York.

GUION.—On Wednesday, Dec. 21, JOHN H. GUION, aged 54 years.
His relatives and friends of the family, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral services, at the Church of the Transfiguration, 29th-st., near 5th-av., on Friday morning, Dec. 23, at 10 o'clock, without further invitation.

HENDERSON.—On Wednesday afternoon, Dec. 21, of inflammation of the lungs, FRANCIS HENDERSON, aged 66 years.
His relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, without further notice, on Friday, at 2 o'clock P. M., from his late residence, No. 6 Carroll-st., South Brooklyn.

HYER.—On Thursday morning, Dec. 22, Miss CATHARINE M. HYER, in the 74th year of her age.
Her relatives and friends, and those of her nephews, Daniel D. S., William D. S., and L. Mortimer Hyer, are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, from the Church of the Epiphany, (Rev. Lot Jones,) in Stanton, near Essex-st., on Saturday, the 24th inst., at 2 o'clock P. M.

KING.—On Thursday, Dec. 22, CHARLES, infant son of Henry and Abigail King.
The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, on Saturday morning, at 9 o'clock, from the residence of his parents, No. 493 West 22d-st.

PIETSCH.—In Sunday, Dec. 4, JOHN PRALL, son of Herman and Sarah J. Pietsch, aged 2 years and 4 months. (Interred in Greenwood.) Also, on Tuesday, Dec 20, JANE VORIS, only daughter of Herman and Sarah J. Pietsch, aged 4 years and 6 months.
The friends and relatives of the family are invited to attend the funeral, this day, (Thursday,) at 2 P. M., from the residence of her parents, No. 183 Delancy st., New-York.

MCCULLOH.—On Wednesday, Dec. 21, at the residence of her son-in-law, Wm. J. Brown, in Orange, N. J., Mrs. ABBY S. MCCULLOH, widow of the late James W. McCulloh, of Baltimore, in the 66th year of her age.
☞ Baltimore papers please copy.

PURDY.—On Wednesday, Dec. 21, AUGUSTUS, son of Elijah F. and Sophia Purdy.
The funeral service will take place this day, (Friday,) the 23d inst., at 3 P. M., from his late residence, No. 83 Ludlow st. The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend, without further notice. The remains will be taken to the family burying-ground at White Plains, on Saturday morning, for interment.

STAGG.—On Thursday, Dec. 22, PHILIP STAGG, aged 74 years.
The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral services, at St. Thomas' Church, on Saturday, the 24th inst., at 12 M., without further notice. The remains will be taken to Greenwood.

SHAW.—On Thursday, Dec. 22, JAMES W. SHAW, in the 98th year of his age.
His friends and relatives, and those of his sons, Robert L. Shaw and James E. Shaw, are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, without further invitation, at his late residence, No. 141 West 47th-st., between 6th and 7th avs., on Saturday afternoon, the 24th inst., at 1½ o'clock.

CHRISTMAS APPEAL FOR POOR CHILDREN.

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY, CLINTON HALL, ASTOR-PLACE, NEW-YORK, December, 1864.

The day is approaching which, as the happiest in the history of the world, ought to be made the happiest in the year to the poor and unfortunate. On Christmas Day, all those who are enjoying the reunion of friends and dear ones at the family festival, who sit at well-filled tables and by cheerful hearths, and who call up all the sacred and social associations of the holiday, should remember the thousands and thousands of our city poor who have not even a home; who are weak with hunger and shiver with cold, while others have abundance; whom no man calls friend, and who live neglected and unhappy. Especially should the children of the more highly favored and well-off think on that happy day of the children of the poor and the unfortunate. Let them remember, then, how many a little boy has, through all the great city, not a place he can call *home*; but must sleep in boxes and cellar-ways; how many a little girl has no shoes, or hood or outside garment for the Winter's cold; how many a child runs barefooted to the industrial school through the December snow, and many a little mouth gets its first meal at the school dinner.

Will not the children do their part to make Christmas day joyful to the poor children of New-York by their kind gifts?

It is well known that the Children's Aid Society has under its charge now several thousands of these poor children. We propose, if the public second this appeal, to give a joyful festival to these unfortunate little ones.

Some who are homeless, and who are willing to go, we shall provide with a Christmas home, by sending them, under charge of our experienced agent, Mr. FRIEDGEN, to good families in the West.

To others, we shall give gratuitous lodgings in the News Boys' Lodging-house and the Girls' Lodging-house; hundreds of others will be provided with shoes and stockings, and warm garments, and at least one good meal.

Who will give a home to the homeless boys and girls? The expenses for this have increased and will amount now to at least $20. Who will send money for a pair of shoes, or a hood, or warm garment, or a tea-comforter for these destitute little ones? Who will give them a dinner?

The festival for each school and lodging-house is stated below, and the money can be sent for one or all, as the donor desires. Articles and food can be sent for, if required.

It will be a great encouragement to the poor children if our friends can be present at some of these festivals.

Donations may be sent (the object specified) either to the President, WILLIAM A. BOOTH, Esq., No. 95 Front-street, or to the Treasurer, J. E. WILLIAMS, Esq., Metropolitan Bank, or to the Secretary, C. L. BRACE, No. 11 Clinton Hall, Astor-place, New-York.

The German Social and Industrial School, No. 227 Rivington-st., will hold their festival in the lecture-room of the German Reformed Dutch Church, No. 129 Norfolk-st., between Rivington and Stanton sts., on Thursday, Dec. 22, at 7½ o'clock P. M., with about two hundred young girls.

The Hudson River School, corner of 25th-st. and 9th-av., will celebrate Christmas on Saturday, Dec. 24, at 11 o'clock A. M.

The newsboys, at the Newsboys' Lodging-house, No. 128 Fulton-st., top floor, will hold their festival on Monday, Dec 26, at 7 o'clock P. M.

The children of the East River School, No. 132 East 40th-st., will hold their festival at their school-room, on Tuesday, Dec. 27, at 11 o'clock A. M.

The First Ward School, No. 50 Trinity-place, near Rector-st., will hold theirs at the school, on Tuesday, Dec. 27, at 2½ o'clock P. M.

The Boys' School, with about 100 boys, will have a festival at their school-room, No. 276 East 11th-st., on Wednesday, Dec 28, at 10 o'clock.

The Italian children will hold their festival on Thursday, Dec. 29, at 7½ o'clock P. M., at the House of Industry, No. 155 Worth-st.

The children of the Franklin-street School will have a festival at their school, No. 106 Franklin-street, on Wednesday, Jan. 4, 1865, at 2½ o'clock P. M.

The Fourteenth Ward School, corner of Baxter and Canal streets, at the school, on Thursday, Jan. 5, 1865, at 2½ o'clock P. M.

The Park School hold theirs at the school-room, corner of 10th-st. and Broadway, on Monday, Jan. 9, 1865, at 11 o'clock A. M.

The Hamersley st. School, No. 204 Bleecker st., entrance on Cottage-place, with about 250 children, have their festival on Tuesday, Jan. 10, at 3 o'clock P. M.

The girls, at the Girls' Lodging-house, No. 205 Canal-st., hold their festival on Thursday, Jan. 12, at 7½ o'clock P. M.

HOLIDAY GOODS.
LADIES' AND GENTS'.
MOROCCO TRAVELING BAGS,
RETICULES
and
WORK-BOXES,
CHEAP.
J. H. & J. G. CUNNINGHAM & CO.,
No. 371 Broadway,
New-York.

CABINET FURNITURE.

In consequence of the fall in gold we offer our Stock at greatly reduced prices, consisting of parlor, library, dining, reception and bedroom sets, made of the best selected material and in the latest fashionable styles, under the direct superintendence of Mr. J. E. Braunsdorf. All goods warranted.
WEIL & BRAUNSDORF,
between Essex and Norfolk sts., No. 125 and 227 Rivington-st.
The Belt Railroad and Cortlandt-st. stages pass within two blocks of the store.

DOWNING, LATE OF NO. 3 BROAD-ST., will serve for New-Year's Day, as usual, his superior pickled oysters and boned turkeys. Mr. Delatour has kindly consented to have orders left at his soda water establishment, No. 25½ Wall-st.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

300 fine Velvet and Cloth Cloaks, comprising many Cloaks imported from Paris, will be sold at auction TODAY, 23d inst., at 11 o'clock, at store

NO. 499 BROADWAY.

RICHARD WALTERS,
Auctioneer for Sheriff.

EAGLE GAS STOVES,
FOR
HEATING AND COOKING.

Every stove warranted as represented.
Call or send for descriptive catalogues.
EAGLE GAS STOVE MANUFACTURING COMPANY,
No. 474 Broadway, New-York.

WHEELER & WILSON'S
SEWING MACHINES

For sale and to let at No. 939 Broadway, corner 22d-st., up stairs, by J. T. ELLIS.
Mr. J. T. ELLIS has long been in the employ of the Wheeler & Wilson Manufacturing Company, and is well known. His establishment will be found a great convenience in supplying the necessities of those who use the machines in the upper part of the city, while to those purchasing machines he will be a competent instructor.—*Tribune.*
During the past year, as above, the press of the city have been liberal in their notices of the only place up town where Wheeler & Wilson's Machines are to be obtained. While we solicit the continued patronage of our old customers, all about ordering are invited to call and examine before purchasing. Machines carefully repaired. Silk, cotton, needles, &c. Machines and operators sent into families. Brown's Baby-Tender supplied. "Superior to most human baby-tenders."—*Tribune.*
J. T. ELLIS.

CHEVALIER'S
LIFE FOR THE HAIR.

Restores gray hair to its original color, stops its falling out in three days, keeps the head clean, cool and healthy, will not stain the skin, or soil the whitest fabric. The best hair-dressing ever offered to the public. Can be used freely; contains nothing injurious; strengthens and promotes the growth of the weakest hair. *It is recommended and used by the first medical authority in New-York.* All are freely invited to examine this wonderful triumph of science. Sold at the drug-stores and at my office, No. 1,123 Broadway, where advice as to the treatment of the hair will be gratuitously given. Price $1 per bottle; $5 per half dozen, in fancy boxes. Can be sent by express. SARAH A. CHEVALIER, M. D.

A FULL ASSORTMENT OF
INDIA-RUBBER JEWELRY.

Vest Chains, Chatelaines, Bracelets, Brooches, Buckles, Charms, Rings, &c., &c. Also,
INDIA-RUBBER TOYS, BALLS, DOLL-HEADS, AND FANCY ARTICLES
in great variety, for sale by
GOODYEAR'S I. R. G. M'F'G. COMPANY,
NO. 205 BROADWAY, NEAR FULTON-ST.

RICH FANCY GOODS
FOR THE HOLIDAYS.

Consisting of clocks, bronzes, fine fans, vases, card receivers, gilt goods, opera-glasses, work, jewel and odor-boxes, dressing-cases, velvet and leather bags, fancy combs, hairpins, head ornaments and a variety of articles suitable for presents.
For sale by the importers, AT RETAIL, during the Holidays.
FREEMAN & RYER,
No. 391 Broadway

ESTABLISHED 1809.
ENOCH MORGAN'S SONS,
Manufacturers of
SOAP AND CANDLES.
Pearl Mottled Best Family, Genuine Castile, Toilet and other soaps constantly on hand.
Store No. 211 Washington-st.; Factory No. 440 West-st

FINE TABLE AND POCKET CUTLERY,
SILVER PLATED GOODS,
BOY'S SLEIGHS, SKATES AND TOOL CHESTS.
The largest assortment of ENGLISH SKATES in the city for ladies and gentlemen.
W. N. SEYMOUR & CO., No. 4 Chatham-square.

CHEAP RENT AND CHEAP BOOKS.
A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF
HOLIDAY GIFT AND JUVENILE BOOKS AT
WHOLESALE PRICES FOR TWO WEEKS,
At W. I. POOLEY'S, No. 331 Pearl-st., under Harper & Brothers' building.
Orders received for any books advertised.

CHAPPED HANDS, FACE, LIPS, SUNBURN, ETC.—CERTAIN AND IMMEDIATE CURE.—HEGEMAN & CO.'S CAMPHOR ICE WITH GLYCERINE, if used according to the directions, will keep the hands soft in the coldest weather. Price 25 cents. Sent by mail on receipt of 30 cents. HEGEMAN & CO., Chemists and Druggists, Nos. 203, 399, 511 and 756 Broadway, and corner 17th-st and 4th-av. Sold by druggists.

FOR SALE—A FILE OF THE NEW-YORK TIMES complete, including the Sunday edition, from Dec. 1, 1860, to the present time. Apply to or address SUBSCRIPTION CLERK, *Times* office.

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Mr. G. Parker, in a letter dated Nov. 9, 1864, relative to these lands, says, (speaking of the title as settled in the U. S. Court of Western Virginia:)

At the April term of said Court, 1859, at Charleston, Kanawa County, a trial was had before a jury, with Judge Brockenborough presiding, which lasted thirty-one days, and resulted in a verdict for the plaintiff, and at the April term, 1860, a judgment upon the verdict. * * * The title, therefore, has been judicially settled, by one of the ablest courts in the country.

* * * * * * *

As the value of Petroleum Oil was unappreciated when the eminent geologists explored the property in 1854, and so neither looked for, nor spoken of by them, I will briefly state what the prospects are in this respect, so far as they have come to my knowledge. "The geographical position and geological formation of the property, as exhibited by the maps and reports, are eminently favorable, being IDENTICAL WITH LOCATIONS THAT YIELD IN GREAT ABUNDANCE. The burning springs upon the Little and Great Kanawha, on the one side, and upon the Big Sandy on the other, are very indicative of what intervenes. My attention was first called to the subject in March, 1861, Gentlemen of Marietta, Ohio, viz.: Messrs. MILLS AND WATERS, PRESIDENT AND CASHIER OF THE MARIETTA BANK, AND THE TWO MESSRS. ANDREWS, CONNECTED WITH THE MARIETTA COLLEGE—one as its President and the other as Professor of Geology—sent an agent to explore the Guyandotte country, and, upon his report, a company of twenty was formed, including himself and the gentlemen before named, with myself and others of Cabell County. We at once commenced sinking two wells, one near the Guyandotte Falls, and the other near Salt Rock Bank, near our lower line, and in the vicinity of old salt wells, worked some fifty years ago, when gas and gum all troubled them much, and they tubed it out. We had sunk these wells about sixty feet when hostilities commenced, which obliged us to abandon them. OIL WAS DISCOVERED in small quantities, and the gentleman superintending the work having had large experience in the business, expressed entire confidence of success. The surface in ficatons were everywhere favorable, AT MANY PLACES THE OIL SHOWING ITSELF IN THE CREEKS, and I was informed that, in some localities of our tract, gas was emitted, which, when ignited, burned for days.

The inexhaustible stores of coals of every description, except anthracite, with the iron and salt which are known to underlie the property; the forests of valuable timber of every kind which cover much of its surface, render the property, in my judgment, second to none either of the kind in the country. And with the oil that does exist, though in quantities undetermined, superadded, possess a value, when properly managed and brought out, almost without calculation. With great respect, I remain, yours truly, G. PARKER.

For letters and reports of Professor Locke, of Cincinnati, Ohio; Professor Buchanan, of London, England; Col. Parker, of Wellsburgh, West Virginia; A. M. Burt, Esq., of New-York; R. C. Taylor, Esq., Gen. McNeil and L. A. Sykes, Esq., and for the official reports of Professors Rogers, Shepherd and Gill to the Board of Public Works of Virginia, and of Col. Moore, corroborating all that is said above in regard to the immense value and resources of the property, see published pamphlets which can be obtained at the office of the following gentlemen, where SUBSCRIPTIONS from persons who wish to participate in the profits to be derived from the purchase of this magnificent land will be received:

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Extravagant illustrations of difficulties on Broadway about Christmas.
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"THE CHEAPEST AND MOST ELEGANT GIFTS OF THE SEASON."
GEMS FROM EUROPEAN PRICE GALLERIES.
ONE HUNDRED HIGHLY FINISHED ENGRAVINGS ON STEEL, after the most celebrated ancient and modern masters, viz.;
MURILLO, RUBENS, RAPHAEL, VAN DYKE, CORREGGIO, PAUL VERONESE, CARLO DOLCI, GUIDO, GERARD DOW, GIORGEONE, TENIERS, WOUVERMANS, VAN DE VELDE, &c., &c.
In a neat Portfolio.....$7 50
THE SAME WITH 50 ENGRAVINGS.... 4 50
Imported by
J. W. BOUTON, No. 481 Broadway,
and sold by all respectable Booksellers.

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE SALEM LEG.
UNDER THE PATRONAGE
OF THE
UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT.
This is the leg which is steadily supplanting the many "best legs in the world."
The reasons for this may be learned from "CIRCULAR NO. 5," just issued, which DESCRIBES the leg, sets forth its ADVANTAGES, and contains TESTIMONIALS and all other needful information.
Soldiers entitled to a government leg can receive the Salem Leg WITHOUT CHARGE. Address
SALEM LEG CO., Salem, Mass.

MARBLE MANTELS.
The best place in the city to purchase cheap and well finished mantels is at
MARTIN OLSEN'S
MANTEL MANUFACTORY,
No. 326 Navy-st., and No. 66 Flatbush-av., Brooklyn Long Island, N.Y.

VALENTINES.
I am now manufacturing, and ready to fill orders. Catalogues sent free on addressing
B. W. HITCHCOCK,
Valentine Headquarters, No. 14 Chambers-st., N. Y.

THE BEST AND CHEAPEST INK.
AMERICAN UNION INK, jet black ink, flows freely and does not corrode. Sold at No. 5 Ludlow-st., and at the stationers generally.
JESSE G. REYS.

FOR SALE—HAY.—FIFTY TONS OF FIRST quality red top salt meadow Hay, located in the English Neighborhood, New-Jersey, a few miles from New-York. The Hay is so situated that it can be reached either by railroad or navigation. To be sold cheap.
J. G. HUSCAK, No. 421 Broadway.

NOTICE.—AN ELECTION FOR FIVE TRUSTees of the Greenwood Cemetery, will be held at the office of the Cemetery, No. 30 Broadway, on WEDNESDAY, the 28th inst., between the hours of 1 and 2 o'clock P. M.
J. A. PERRY, Secretary.

WHEELER & WILSON SEWING-MACHINE FOR SALE—With a handsome walnut case, all in perfect order, and but little used; has all the recent improvements; worth $160; will sell it for $100. Apply at No. 82 Lexington-av., after 8 P. M.

BAKERS TOOLS WANTED.—BAKE-HOUSE tools and store furniture wanted: cases and counters. Address A. M., Station G.

THE COMMITTEE ON CROTON AQUEDUCT of the Board of Councilmen will meet on SATURDAYS, at 1 o'clock P. M., in Room No. 5 City Hall.
All parties interested in papers referred to the committee are invited to attend.
Councilman HEALY,
Councilman HEFFERNAN,
Councilman FITZGERALD,
Committee on Croton Aqueduct Department.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

THE COMING DRAFT.
IMPORTANT NOTICE
TO ALL WHO ARE ENROLLED AS
LIABLE TO DRAFT.

The New-York County Committee on Volunteering have reason to believe that a further call is likely soon to be made by the President for men.

Hitherto, great complaint has been made that the quotas demanded of the County of New-York have been excessive.

As all quotas are based upon the enrollment, it is evident that no relief can be expected except by a reduction of the enrollment to its proper standard.

Although appeals have hitherto been made to citizens to correct the enrollment, there has been little or no disposition shown by the public to discharge its duty in this particular.

It is evident that this duty must be performed by the public authorities, or it will not be performed at all.

By consent of the War Department and the advice of the Governor, the New-York County Committee on Volunteering has determined to undertake the herculean labor of correcting the Enrollment of the County.

No means will be spared to make this correction thorough and satisfactory both to the people and the Government.

Our only object is to correct the enrollment and place it at a proper standard, and every citizen owes it alike to himself and his neighbor to assist in this work.

In addition to other means which will be brought into requisition for the accomplishment of this object, a complete copy of the existing enrollment of each Ward or Election District will be printed and furnished to every enrolled citizen of the Ward or Election District.

This will prevent the excuse which so many who are exempt have made, that they did not know they were enrolled, and hence did not attend to having their names taken from the roll.

It will also afford the opportunity for every man enrolled to see whether or not his neighbor is enrolled, and enable him to secure that those liable and not enrolled shall be put down.

Every person enrolled is requested to aid in the gigantic labor which we have undertaken, by complying with the following conditions:

I. Whenever a name appears of any person who is not enrolled but liable, notice of the fact should be given to the Provost-Marshal of the District, by any person who may be cognizant of the fact, in order that the same may be recorded.

II. Whenever a name appears of any person who has removed, notice of the fact should be given at the Provost-Marshal's office, that the name may be stricken from the roll of that District and recorded where it properly belongs.

III. Whenever a name appears which is known to be fictitious, or any one is aware that the person indicated is not a resident as described, notice should be given at the Provost-Marshal's office, that the name may be stricken from the roll.

IV. Whenever cause of exemption exists to any reason, notice should be given to the Provost-Marshal of the District by the exempt person himself, that the name may be stricken from the roll.

The following are the recognized causes of exemption:
1. Over 45 years of age.
2. Under 20 years of age.
3. Being an alien, and never having voted.
4. Having furnished a substitute in anticipation of the draft.
5. Having been drafted and furnished a substitute.
6. Having been drafted and paid commutation.
7. Having been drafted and received a certificate of permanent physical disability.
8. Being permanently physically disqualified.
9. Having served two years in the Army or Navy during the present War, and being honorably discharged.

In addition to this, so far as possible, every enrolled man will be waited upon personally by authorized agents, deputed to ascertain the liability of all enrolled men, to have those improperly enrolled taken off, and to add those not on, but who should be enrolled.

As this is an effort to correct and not to increase the enrollment, it is to the interest of every person to give correct and true answers to any and all questions which may be put to them, and any person declining to answer or giving false answers render themselves liable to arrest and imprisonment.

This is probably the last attempt which will be made to secure a correct Enrollment of the County of New-York. To be successful the coöperation of every resident of this city and county is absolutely required.

The Government officials have evinced a disposition to afford us every facility to attain the object in view. If, therefore, through the indisposition and apathy of the public, who are most concerned, this effort to correct the enrollment prove abortive, and further excessive quotas are demanded of us, because of the incorrectness of the enrollment, the people of this city and county will be themselves responsible, and they will have none but themselves to blame.

Dated NEW-YORK, Dec. 1, 1864.
C. GODFREY GUNTHER, Mayor.
MATTHEW T. BRENNAN, Comptroller.
WM. M. TWEED, Supervisor.
ORISON BLUNT, Supervisor.
ELIJAH F. PURDY, Supervisor.
WM. R. STEWART, Supervisor.
CORNELIUS CORSON, Chief of Enrolling Bureau.
ORISON BLUNT, Chairman of Committee.

CORPORATION NOTICE.—PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given to the owner or owners, occupant or occupants, of all houses and lots, improved or unimproved lands affected thereby, that the following assessments have been completed and are lodged in the office of the Board of Assessors for examination by all persons interested, viz.:

Paving Twenty-second-street, from Fifth to Sixth-avenue, with trap-block.
Paving Fortieth-street, from Ninth to Tenth-avenue, with trap-block.
Paving Forty-seventh-street, from Third-avenue to east side of First-avenue, with trap-block.
Paving William-street, from Fulton to John-street, with trap block.
Paving Forty-eighth-street, from Second to Third-avenue, with trap-block.

The limits embraced by such assessment include all the several houses and lots of ground, vacant lots, pieces and parcels of land, situated on both sides of Twenty-second-street, to the extent of half the block from Fifth to Sixth avenues.

Also, all the lots on both sides of Fortieth-street, to the extent of half the block from Ninth to Tenth avenues.

Also, all the lots on both sides of Forty-seventh street, to the extent of half the block from Third-avenue to Avenue A.

Also, all the lots on both sides of William-street to the extent of half the block from Fulton to John streets.

Also, all the lots on both sides of Forty-eighth-street, to the extent of one-half the block from Second and Third avenues.

(This notice is a readvertisement of all the assessment lists herein referred to.)

All persons whose interests are affected by the above-named assessments, and who are opposed to the same, or either of them, are requested to present their objections in writing to one of the undersigned, at their office, number thirty-two Chambers-street, basement new Court House, within thirty days from the date of this notice.

DANIEL L. DEALMAN,
MORGAN L. HARRIS,
DANIEL D. CONOVER,
Board of Assessors.
OFFICE BOARD OF ASSESSORS,
NEW-COURT HOUSE, Dec. 22, 1864.

OFFICE OF THE COLLECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE, 32D DISTRICT, STATE OF NEW-YORK, 1ST, 2D AND 4TH WARDS CITY OF NEW-YORK, No. 130 BROADWAY.

SPECIAL INCOME TAX.—NOTICE IS HEREby given, that the list of taxes assessed in accordance with the provisions of the joint resolution of Congress, approved July 4, 1864, imposing a special tax of five per centum upon the gains, profits or income for the year ending Dec. 31, 1863, has been returned to me by the Assessor of the District, and that said taxes are now due and payable, and payment thereof is hereby DEMANDED.

A personal notice by mailing, demanding payment within ten days from its service, will be mailed to the address of each person on the list who shall omit to pay such tax for more than ten days from the date hereof, for which a fee of twenty cents will be added. And all persons who shall neglect to pay the sum so demanded within the time specified in such special notice will be liable to pay *ten per centum* additional, and a fee of twenty cents each for the service of the notice. Office open from 10 o'clock A. M. to 3 o'clock P. M.
NEW-YORK, Dec. 12, 1864.
SHERIDAN SHOOK, Collector.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, NEW-YORK, COLLECTOR'S OFFICE, December 15, 1864.

THE FOLLOWING MERCHANDISE, VIZ:—Two hundred and fifty-five tuns Kirkless Hall Cannel Coal, imported per ship *Constantine* from Liverpool, December 15, 1863, having remained in store unclaimed beyond the period allowed by law, will be sold at public auction, by JOHN H. DRAPER & CO., Auctioneers, at Wheeler's Stores, Atlantic Dock, on MONDAY, January 16, 1865, at 12 o'clock, M.
S. DRAPER, Collector.

THE COMMITTEE ON SALARIES AND Offices of the Board of Councilmen, will meet every MONDAY, at 2 o'clock, P. M.
All parties having business before the Committee are requested to attend.
CHARLES RILEY,
MICHAEL C. GROSS,
JOHN BRICE,
Committee on Salaries and Offices.

THE COMMITTEE ON CLEANING STREETS of the Board of Councilmen will meet on MONDAYS, at 1 o'clock P. M., in Room No. 5 City Hall.
All parties interested in papers referred to the committee are invited to attend.
Councilman HAGERTY,
Councilman KOSTER,
Councilman HAVILAND,
Committee on Cleaning Streets.

THE COMMITTEE ON STREETS OF THE Board of Councilmen will meet on WEDNESDAYS, at 1 o'clock P. M., in Room No. 5 City Hall.
All parties interested in papers referred to the committee are invited to attend.
PATRICK H. KEENAN,
PATRICK RUSSELL,
MICHAEL BROPHY,
Committee on Streets.

THE COMMITTEE ON FIRE DEPARTMENT of the Board of Councilmen will meet every MONDAY, at 2 o'clock P. M. All parties having business with the Committee are invited to attend.
GEORGE McGRATH,
JEREMIAH HEFFERNAN,
CHARLES REILY,
Committee on Fire Department.

THE COMMITTEE ON MARKETS OF the Board of Councilmen will meet every MONDAY, at 2 o'clock P. M., in Room No. 5 City Hall.
All parties interested in papers referred to the committee are invited to attend.
Councilman HAGERTY,
Councilman SCHAEFER,
Councilman COOK,
Committee on Markets.

THE COMMITTEE ON DONATIONS AND Charities of the Board of Councilmen, will meet every SATURDAY, at 12 o'clock M., in Room No. 5 City Hall.
All parties having business before the Committee are requested to attend.
SAMUEL WEBSTER,
WM. S. OPDYKE,
JOHN BRICE,
Committee on Donations and Charities.

THE COMMITTEE ON ROADS OF THE Board of Councilmen will hold a meeting in Room No. 5 City Hall, on every WEDNESDAY, at 1 o'clock P. M. Parties having business with the Committee are invited to attend.
PATRICK RUSSELL,
MICHAEL BROPHY,
WM. JOYCE,
Committee on Roads.

LEGAL NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT.—IN THE MATTER OF the application of THE MAYOR, ALDERMEN, AND COMMONALTY OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK, by the Croton Aqueduct Board of said city, relative to the acquiring of lands for a Reservoir and appurtenances thereto in the said city, between One Hundred and Seventy-second and One Hundred and Seventy-fifth streets, and the Tenth-avenue and the Harlem River, in the said city, for the purpose of supplying such parts of said city with Croton Water as are not now supplied with the same.

The Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of New-York, by the Croton Aqueduct Board of said city, pursuant to chapter ninety-five of the laws of this State, passed April Seventh, Eighteen Hundred and Sixty-three, and chapter two hundred and sixty-seven of the laws of this State, passed April Twenty-first, Eighteen Hundred and Sixty-four, hereby give notice to the owners, lessees, parties or persons respectively entitled unto or interested in the lands, tenements, hereditaments, and premises hereinafter mentioned and described, that they will apply to the Supreme Court of the State of New-York, at a special term of said court, to be held at the City Hall of the City of New-York, on MONDAY, the Twenty-third day of January, Eighteen Hundred and Sixty-five, at the opening of the court on that day, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, for the appointment of three Commissioners of Appraisal in the above-entitled matter, to estimate in favor of the several owners, lessees, parties and persons interested as aforesaid, a just and equitable compensation for taking all those lands, tenements, hereditaments and premises as lie between One hundred and Seventy-second and One hundred and Seventy-fifth streets and the Tenth-avenue and the Harlem River in said city, which said lands, tenements, hereditaments and premises the said Croton Aqueduct Board deem necessary for the building a new reservoir and appurtenances thereto, in the city of New-York, for the purpose of supplying such parts of the city of New-York with Croton water as are not now supplied with the same, which said lands and premises are laid out and described and are of the extent following, that is to say: commencing at the point where the line between the land of Eliza B. Jumel and of Richard F. Carman intersects the Croton Aqueduct land line, near the gate-house at High Bridge, in the Twelfth Ward of said city, and running thence north fifty degrees, twenty-eight minutes west on said Jumel's and Carman's line six hundred and forty-nine two-tenths feet to the southeasterly corner of Tenth-avenue and One hundred and Seventy-fourth street; thence south thirty four degrees, west five hundred and sixteen eight-tenths feet on the easterly line of Tenth-avenue to the north easterly corner of One hundred and Seventy-second-street, thence at right angles to the last line south, fifty-six degrees east along the northerly line of One hundred and Seventy-second-street five hundred and eighty one-tenth feet to land line of Croton Aqueduct, thence on said last-mentioned land line north forty-seven degrees, sixteen minutes east three hundred and forty-six nine-tenths feet, thence also on said last-mentioned land line, north twenty-five degrees, twelve minutes east one hundred and four five-tenths feet, thence also on said last-mentioned land line, north two degrees, thirty-three minutes east thirteen seven-tenths feet to the place of beginning, containing three hundred and five two hundred and six thirty-five one hundred square feet, or seven eight-one thousand acres.

Also, commencing at a point where the line between the land of Richard F. Carman and of Eliza B. Jumel intersects the westerly line of the Croton Aqueduct lands, near the gate-house, on the Manhattan end of High Bridge, thence on the said line, between the said Croton Aqueduct lands and lands of Richard F. Carman, west forty-six degrees thirty-three minutes east forty six feet, thence on said line, between said Carman's land and lands of Croton Aqueduct, south seventy-eight degrees thirteen minutes, east three hundred and thirty-five feet, more or less, to low water mark; thence north eleven degrees seven minutes, east seventy-nine and five-tenths feet, thence north seventy-eight degrees thirteen minutes; west three hundred and ninety-two and six-tenths feet, to a point near foot-bridge; thence south thirty-nine degrees thirty-two minutes, west to dividing line between the lands of said Carman and Jumel, eighty-nine three-tenths feet, thence south fifty degrees twenty-eight minutes, east eighty-two five-tenths feet, to the point of beginning, containing thirty-four thousand seven hundred and fifty-four seventy-nine one-hundredth square feet, or seven hundred and ninety-eight-one-thousandths of an acre.

JOHN E. DEVELIN,
Counsel to Corporation.
DATED NEW-YORK, December 15, 1864.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.—SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW-YORK, ss.—Whereas, a libel of information hath been filed in the District Court of the United States of America, for the Southern District of New-York, on the seventeenth day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four, by E. Delafield Smith, Esq., United States District-Attorney for the Southern District of New-York, on behalf of the United States, against the steamer *Vixen*, her tackle, &c., and cargo; and whereas the substance of the said libel of information is that said steamer and cargo was captured as lawful prize on or about the first day of December, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four, on the Atlantic Ocean, off Wilmington, N. C., by the United States steamer *Rhode Island*, Commander Stephen D. Trenchard, United States Navy, commanding, and brought to the port of New-York, and praying that the said steamer, her tackle, &c., and cargo, may be condemned as lawful prize to the use of the United States. Now, therefore, in pursuance of the monition, under the seal of the said Court, to me directed and delivered, I do hereby give public notice to all persons claiming the said steamer, her tackle, &c., and cargo, or in any manner interested therein, that they be and appear before the said District Court to be held at the City of New-York, in and for the said Southern District of New-York, on the 27th day of December, inst., at eleven o'clock in the forenoon of that day, (provided the same shall be a day of jurisdiction, otherwise on the next day of jurisdiction thereafter,) then and there to interpose their claims, and to make their allegations in that behalf.
—Dated this 17th day of December, 1864.
ROBERT MURRAY, U. S. Marshal, &c.
E. DELAFIELD SMITH, U. S. District Attorney, &c.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW-YORK, ss.—Whereas, a libel of information hath been filed in the District Court of the United States of America, for the Southern District of New-York, on the 17th day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four, by E. Delafield Smith, Esq., United States District-Attorney for the Southern District of New-York, on behalf of the United States, against the steamer *Emma Henry*, her tackle, &c., and cargo; and whereas the substance of the said libel of information is that said steamer and cargo was captured as lawful prize on the 8th day of December, 1864, on the Atlantic Ocean, in latitude 34° 12', north longitude 76° 43' west, by the U. S. steamer *Cherokee*, Act.-Vol. Lieut. Wm E. Dennison, U.S. Navy, commanding, and brought to the port of New-York. And praying that the said steamer, her tackle, &c., and cargo may be condemned as lawful prize to the use of the United States. Now, therefore, in pursuance of the monition under the seal of the said Court, to me directed and delivered, I do hereby give public notice to all persons claiming the said steamer her tackle, &c. and cargo, or in any manner interested therein, that they be and appear before the said District Court, to be held at the City of New-York, in and for the said Southern District of New-York, on the twenty-seventh day of December instant, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon of that day, (provided the same shall be a day of jurisdiction, otherwise on the next day of jurisdiction thereafter,) then and there to interpose their claims, and to make their allegations in that behalf. Dated this 17th day of December, 1864.
ROBERT MURRAY, United States Marshal, &c.
E. DELAFIELD SMITH, United States District-Attorney, &c.

DIVIDENDS.

OFFICE OF THE ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD CO., NEW-YORK, Dec. 22, 1864.

AT A MEETING OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS, held this day, it was resolved that a dividend of five per cent. in cash, free of Government tax, be paid on the first day of February next, to the holders of full-paid shares of this Company, registered the 20th day of January next, and that the transfer books be closed on the said 20th day of January, and opened on the 3d day of February.
THOMAS E. WALKER, Treasurer.

OFFICE OF THE ROME, WATERTOWN AND OGDENSBURGH RAILROAD CO., WATERTOWN, Dec. 21, 1864.

DIVIDEND NO. FIVE.—THE BOARD OF DIrectors of this Company have declared a dividend of Five per cent. and Government Tax, payable on the 16th day of January next, to stockholders of record at the close of business on the 31st inst., from which date until the date of payment the transfer books will be closed.
Dividends on stock registered in New-York will be paid at the MERCHANTS' BANK. Scrip for the new stock will be delivered at the same time, on the surrender of the receipts held by the subscribers thereto.
R. E. HUNGERFORD, Treasurer.

OFFICE OF M. K. JESUP & CO., No. 59 EXCHANGE-PLACE, COR. BROAD-ST., NEW-YORK, Dec. 23, 1864.

THE QUARTERLY DIVIDEND OF ONE and three-quarters (1¾) per cent., free from Government tax, due Jan. 1, 1865, on Joliet and Chicago Railroad stock, and on Alton and St. Louis Railroad stock, will be paid on and after the 3d day of January next, by the United States Trust Co., No. 48 Wall-st., New-York.
M. K. JESUP & CO., Transfer Agents.

MECHANICS' BANK, NEW-YORK, Dec. 21, 1864.

DIVIDEND.—THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS have this day declared a Dividend of five per cent., free from Government tax, payable to the stockholders on and after the 3d of January next. The transfer book will be closed from this date until Jan. 3.
W. H. COX, Cashier.

HOUSES & ROOMS WANTED.

WANTED TO PURCHASE—A GOOD GRAZing farm, from 400 to 1,000 acres; good improvements, within 300 miles of New-York City, N. Y., or New-Jersey preferred. Apply to W. P. SEYMOUR, No. 171 Broadway.

HOUSE WANTED—IN THIS CITY, WELL located, below 34th-st. If necessary, would purchase whole or part of the furniture. Must have possession before Feb. 1. Address F. G. T., Box No. 5,362 P. O.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

BOARD WANTED IN A PRIVATE FAMily—A gentleman removing to the city, with his wife,

SHIPPING.

MAIL STEAMERS TO FRANCE DIRECT

THE GENERAL TRANSATLANTIC COMPANY'S NEW LINE OF FIRST-CLASS SIDE-WHEEL STEAMSHIPS BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND HAVRE.

The first five splendid vessels intended to be put upon this favorite route for the Continent, are the following:

WASHINGTON	3,224 tons	900-horse power
LAFAYETTE	3,204 tons	900-horse power
EUROPE	(Afloat)	900-horse power
FRANCE	Afloat)	900-horse power
NAPOLEON III	Building)	1,100-horse power

Until the completion of the entire list, the service will be performed by the

WASHINGTON, A. DUCHESNE;
LAFAYETTE, A. BOCANDE;

as follows:

FROM NEW-YORK TO HAVRE.

LAFAYETTE.....WEDNESDAY.....Jan. 4
WASHINGTON.....WEDNESDAY.....Feb. 1

First Cabin, (including table wine).....$135
Second Cabin, (including table wine).....$70 or $80

Payable in gold, or its equivalent in United States currency.

Medical attendance free of charge.

For freight or passage, apply to
GEO. MACKENZIE, Agent,
No. 7 Broadway, New-York.

At Paris, 12 Boulevard des Capucines, (Grand Hotel.)
At Havre, WM. 18ELIN & CO.

NATIONAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO.
(Limited.)
NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL.
Calling at Queenstown to land passengers.

Ship.	Tons	Commander.
QUEEN—building	3,613	.....
ONTARIO—building	3,221	.....
HELVETIA—building	3,209	.....
ERIN	3,318	Grace.
LOUISIANA	2,166	Prowse.
VIRGINIA	2,876	Lewis.
PENNSYLVANIA	2,972	Brooking.

Leaving Pier No. 47, North River, as follows:
ERIN—Lewis.....Saturday, Dec. 31.
AND EVERY ALTERNATE SATURDAY THEREAFTER.

The Cabin accommodations on board these steamers are unsurpassed, and the rates lower than by any other line.

Cabin passage, $125 in currency: Steerage, $45 in currency.

The owners of these vessels will not be accountable for specie or valuables unless Bills of Lading (having their value expressed therein) are signed therefor.

For freight or cabin passage apply to
WILLIAMS & GUION, No. 71 Wall-st.

For steerage passage apply to
WILLIAMS & GUION, 29 Broadway, N. Y.

NEW-YORK MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S
Line of Side-Wheel Steamers to
NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.
Will sail as follows:

EVENING STAR	Bell	Saturday, Jan. 7.
GUIDING STAR	Knapp	Saturday, Jan. 14.
MORNING STAR	Nelson	Saturday, Jan. 21.
EVENING STAR	Bell	Saturday, Feb. 4.
MORNING STAR	Nelson	Saturday, Feb. 11.
GUIDING STAR	Knapp	Saturday, Feb. 18.
DAY STAR	(Building.)	

At 3 o'clock, P. M.,
From Pier 46 North River, foot above Canal-st., N. Y.

PASSAGE—Chief cabin staterooms, $75 to $100, according to location of stateroom. Second cabin, $50.

The *Morning Star* is 2,048 tons, the *Evening Star* 2,015, the *Guiding Star* 2,416, the *Day Star* 2,778, custom-house measurement. Their passenger accommodations are not excelled by those upon any other steamers.

No freight received on the day of sailing. Freight or Passage apply to JAMES A. RAYNOR, No. 10 Barclay-st.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS,
BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT CORK HARBOR.
AND BETWEEN BOSTON AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT HALIFAX AND CORK HARBOR.

ASIA leaves Boston Wednesday, Dec. 7.
CHINA leaves New-York Wednesday, Dec. 14.
CANADA leaves Boston Wednesday, Dec. 21.
CUBA leaves New-York Wednesday, Dec 28.
AFRICA leaves Boston Wednesday, Jan. 4.
AUSTRALASIAN leaves New-York Wednesday, Jan. 11.

FROM NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL.
Chief Cabin Passage.....$132 50
Second Cabin Passage.....80 00

FROM BOSTON TO LIVERPOOL.
Chief Cabin Passage.....$112 50
Second Cabin Passage.....65 00

payable in gold, or its equivalent in United States currency.

Berths not secured until paid for.

An experienced Surgeon on board.

The owners of these ships will not be accountable for Specie or Valuables unless Bills of lading having the value expressed are signed therefor.

For freight or passage apply to
E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

REGULAR LINE.
FOR HAVANA DIRECT. THE NEW AND FIRST-CLASS UNITED STATES MAIL STEAMSHIP
LIBERTY,
built expressly for this trade,
THOMAS W. WILSON, Commander,
will leave Pier No 45, North River, for the above port, On SATURDAY, Dec. 24, at 3 o'clock precisely.
For freight or passage, apply to
HARGOUS & CO.,
No. 33 South-st.

The next trip will be on Jan. 14.

UNITED STATES MAIL LINE
FOR CALIFORNIA, VIA PANAMA.

The following first class side-wheel steamships will be dispatched at noon, precisely, from Pier No. 3, North River:

Dec. 23.....OCEAN QUEEN.....SEABURY.
(Connecting at Panama with GOLDEN CITY.)
Jan. 4.....NORTH STAR.....WILSON.
(Connecting at Panama with GOLDEN AGE.)
Jan. 13.....COSTA RICA.....TINKLEPAUGH.
(Connecting at Panama with CONSTITUTION.)

For freight or passage, apply to
D. B. ALLEN, No. 5 Bowling-green.

FOR HAVANA VIA NASSAU, N. P.
The British and North American Royal Mail Steam Packet Company's new steamer "CORSICA," Capt. LE MESSURIER, will sail for the above ports, from the company's wharf, at Jersey City, on MONDAY Jan. 2, MONDAY, Jan. 30.

Passage money to Nassau.....$45
Passage money to Havana.....50
(Payable in Gold or its equivalent.)

No freight received on day before sailing.
For freight or passage, apply to
E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling Green

FOR NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.
The new and first-class U. S. Mail Steamship
GEO. CROMWELL,
E. E. VAIL, Commander,
will leave Pier No. 9, North River, on SATURDAY, Dec. 31, at 3 P. M.

The cabins of this steamer have been enlarged and elegantly furnished.

For freight or passage, with unsurpassed accommodations, apply to H. B. CROMWELL & CO.,
No. 86 West-st.

The GEORGE WASHINGTON will follow.

STEAM WEEKLY TO LIVERPOOL—Touching at QUEENSTOWN, (CORK HARBOR.) The well known steamers of the Liverpool, New-York and Philadelphia Steamship Company (Inman line) carrying the U. S. mails are intended to sail as follows:

CITY OF CORK.....SATURDAY.....Dec. 24
KANGAROO.....SATURDAY.....Dec. 31
CITY OF LONDON.....SATURDAY.....Jan. 7

and every succeeding Saturday, at noon, from Pier No. 44 North River.

RATES OF PASSAGE,
PAYABLE IN GOLD, OR ITS EQUIVALENT IN CURRENCY.

First Cabin	$80	Steerage	$30
First Cabin to London	85	Steerage to London	31
First Cabin to Paris	95	Steerage to Paris	40
First Cabin to Hamburg	90	Steerage to Hamburg	37

Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Bremen, Rotterdam, Antwerp, &c., at equally low rates.

Fares from Liverpool or Queenstown—First Cabin, $75, $85, $105. Steerage, $30. Those who wish to send for their friends can buy tickets here at these rates.

For further information apply at the Company's Offices, JOHN G. DALE, Agent, No. 15 Broadway, New York.

FOR NORFOLK, VA.—REGULAR LINE.
The steamship SAXON, LAVENDER, Master, will leave Pier No. 21, North River, as above, on WEDNESDAY, Dec. 29, 1864, at 4 o'clock P. M.

For freight or passage, apply to
WHITNEY & HATHEWAY, No. 52 South-st.

OPPOSITION LINE TO CALIFORNIA, VIA NICARAGUA—SHORT ROUTE, LOW PRICES.—The Central American Transit Company will dispatch, on the 20th of every month, from Pier No. 29 North River, at noon, the fine steamship GOLDEN RULE, D. S. BABCOCK, Master, at greatly reduced rates of passage. For particulars, apply to D. N. CARRINGTON, Agent, No. 177 West-st., corner of Warren-st.

FOR HAVANA—THE NEW AND SPLENDID SIDE-WHEEL STEAMSHIP
COLUMBIA,
Capt. BARTON,
Will leave Pier No. 4, North River, on WEDNESDAY, Dec. 28, at 3 o'clock, P. M., precisely, for Havana direct. For freight or passage apply to
SPOFFORD, TILESTON & CO.,
No. 29 Broadway.

The new and splendid steamship MORRO CASTLE, ADAMS, Master, will succeed the COLUMBIA, and leave on Jan. 4.

FOR PORT ROYAL AND BEAUFORT, S. C.—REGULAR LINE. The steamship CERES, SHERWOOD, Master, will sail for Port Royal, S. C., on TUESDAY, Dec. 27, at 3 o'clock P. M from Pier No. 6, East River. For freight or passage apply to
WHITNEY & HATHEWAY, No. 52 South-st.

UNITED STATES PASSPORT BUREAU, No. 262 Broadway.—U. S. Passports, indispensable to travelers, issued by J. B. NONES, Notary Public.

MILLINERY.

CHILDREN'S BONNETS FOR HOLIDAY GIFTS—Also velvet bonnets of every color. Great bargains this week. Prices reduced. L. BINNS, Millinery, No 577 Broadway, opposite Niblo's theatre. Children's hats at $6, worth $10; velvet bonnets at $15, worth $25.

LACE CURTAINS—VERY RICH, FOR THE Holidays, from auction, at $20, $25 and $30 per pair; Broadway pr... $25, $30 and $40.
GEORGE KEYES, No 343 8th-av.

CHRISTMAS HOLIDAYS.
ONLY COME AND SEE
TURKEYS THAT WEIGH
THIRTY POUNDS.

The choicest Poultry ever seen. Land fatted especially for our customers. Excelsior Hams, English Bacon, Cheddar and Double Gloucester Cheese. Choice Table Butter by the single package, cheap.

MOORE & LEBRETON,
Produce and Provision Merchants,
No. 69 Broad-st.,
New-York

RAILROADS.

NEW RAILROAD LINE SOUTH:
BROOKLYN TO PHILADELPHIA—THROUGH IN FIVE HOURS.

Fare, $2. Excursion Ticket, $3, (good for three days.)

On and after TUESDAY, Nov. 1, 1864, by the commodious steamer JESSE HOYT, foot of Montague-st., Brooklyn, every day (Sundays excepted,) at 11 o'clock A. M., thence to Port Monmouth and by the Raritan and Delaware Bay Railroad to foot of Vine-st., Philadelphia. Returning leave Vine-st. wharf, Philadelphia, every morning at 8 A. M., (Sundays excepted.)

FIVE HOURS.

☞ Travelers from the City or New-York are notified not to apply for passage by this line, the State of New-Jersey having granted to the Camden and Amboy monopoly the exclusive privilege of carrying passengers and freight between the Cities of New-York and Philadelphia.

ATLANTIC AND GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.
NEW BROAD GAUGE ROUTE.

Passenger trains leave New-York, via the Erie Railway, from foot of Chambers-st., running through to Cleveland, Ohio, without change of cars, connecting with railroads for all principal cities in the West.

This road is being extended, and will soon be in complete running order to Mansfield, Galion, Urbana, Dayton, Cincinnati and St. Louis, without break of gauge.

R. F. SWEETZER, General Superintendent.
T. R. GOODMAN, General Ticket Agent, Meadville, Pa.

ERIE RAILWAY.—TRAINS LEAVE FROM foot of Chambers-st, via Pavonia Ferry:

7:00 A. M.—Day Express, for Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo, Salamanca and West. Connects at Buffalo with Lake Shore and Grand Trunk Railways, and at Salamanca, with Atlantic and Great Western Railway.

8:30 A. M.—Milk and Way Train, daily, for Otisville.

10:00 A. M.—Express Mail, for Buffalo, connecting with Lake Shore Railway.

4:00 P. M.—Way Train, for Port Jervis and Newburgh.

5:00 P. M.—Night Express for Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo, Salamanca and West.

6:00 P. M.—Lightning Express, daily, for Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo, Salamanca, Dunkirk, and West, connects at Buffalo with Lake Shore and Grand Trunk Railways, and at Salamanca, with Atlantic and Great Western Railway.

8:00 P. M.—Emigrant Train, daily, for Buffalo, Salamanca, Dunkirk and West.

CHARLES MINOT, General Superintendent.

LONG ISLAND RAILROAD—WINTER ARRANGEMENT.—Leave New-York, James-slip and 34th-st., East River, at 9 A. M. Mail Train for Greenport, Sag Harbor, &c.; and on Saturdays, at 3 P. M., Express Train for Greenport, stopping at stations east of Hicksville. For Farmingdale, Deer Park, Islip, Lakeland, Waverley and Yaphank at 9 A. M. and 3 P. M. For Syosset at 10.30 A. M. and 4 P. M. (Stages connect for Cold Spring, Oyster Bay and Huntington.) For Winfield, Jamaica, Hempstead, &c., at 9, 10:30 A. M. 3, 4 and 5 P. M.

Sunday train leaves 34th-st., East River, at 9:15 A. M., for Yaphank, stopping at all stations. (except Hempstead and Syosset.) Excursion tickets sold for this train.

A. REASONER, Superintendent.

HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD.—ON AND after MONDAY, Dec. 5, trains leave 30th-st. station for Albany and Troy, and places North and West, at 7:30 and 11:30 A. M., 3:40, 6, and 10:30 P. M. Sleeping cars attached to the 6 and 10:30 P. M. trains from 30th-st. All trains leave Chambers-st 30 minutes earlier than 30th-st. Sunday train, 6 P. M. from 30th-st. Through freight trains daily. J. M. TOUCEY, Ass't Sup't.

N. Y. AND FLUSHING R. R. CO.—Trains leave Flushing 5:40, 7, 8, 9, 11 A. M., and 1, 3, 5, 6, 7:15 P. M. Trains leave Hunter's Point 6:10, 7:30, 8:30, 9:30, 11:30 A. M., and 2:20, 4:20, 5:30, 6:30 and 8 P. M. Extra trains leave Flushing at 11 P. M. and Hunter's Point at 12 o'clock TUESDAY and FRIDAY EVENINGS. SUNDAY trains leave Hunter's Point at 10 A. M., 2, 5:30 and P. M.

NORTHERN R. R. OF NEW-JERSEY.—Trains leave Jersey City for Piermont at 9:15 A. M., 12:15 P. M., 4:22 P. M., and 6:05 P. M. The 9:15 A. M. and 4:22 P. M., run to Monsey.

THOS. W. DEMAREST, Sup't.
Nov. 1, 1864.

NEW-YORK AND HARLEM RAILROAD
Trains for Albany Troy, and Saratoga Springs, also connecting with the North and West, leave 26th-st. depot at 10 A. M. and 4 P. M.

THE ARMY AND NAVY.

15,000 SUBSTITUTES WANTED
FOR THE ARMY,
IN PLACE OF THE FOLLOWING CLASSES OF CITIZENS:

FIRST—For citizens enrolled and liable to draft.

SECOND—For citizens not liable to draft, because of unfitness, or non-liability from age or other causes.

TO SUBSTITUTES.

The following advantages are offered for the enlistment of Substitutes:

BOUNTY, DEPOSITED BY PERSONS REQUIRING SUBSTITUTES, CASH DOWN.

For One Year.....$200
For Two Years.....400
For Three Years.....500

PREMIUM. CASH DOWN.

For One Year Man.....$20
For Two Years' Man.....30
For Three Years' Man.....50

TO THOSE DESIRING UBSTITUTES.

Inasmuch as the authority exi for the enlistment of Substitutes for such persons as may desire to be relieved from any apprehensions of a future Draft, as also for such citizens as are not liable to Draft, because of unfitness non-liability from age or other causes, THE COUNTY VOLUNTEER COMMITTEE have resolved in addition to their business of raising Recruits, to enlist such substitutes as may be desired.

Those desiring Substitutes may deposit with the Committee the whole of either of the following sums:

For One Year.....$220
For Two Years.....430
For Three Years.....650

No portion of the money paid for Substitutes will be paid from the County funds.

C. GODFREY GUNTHER, Mayor,
MATTHEW T. BRENNAN, Comptroller,
ORISON BLUNT, Supervisor,
ELIJAH F. PURDY, Supervisor,
WM. R. STEWART, Supervisor,
WM. M. TWEED, Supervisor, Com. on Volunteering.
ORISON BLUNT, Chairman.

Rooms of Committee on Volunteering, City Hall Park, corner Broadway and Chambers-st. Nov. 1, 1864.

CAVALRY HORSES WANTED.
CAVALRY BUREAU, OFFICE OF ASST. QUARTERMASTER, No. 18 State-st., NEW-YORK, July 27, 1864.

I will purchase in OPEN MARKET all the cavalry horses that may be presented and pass inspection at the Government stables, corner of 10th-av. and 35th-st., in this city, until further notice.

Payment will be made in checks, payable in certificates of indebtedness, when seven (7) or more horses are received. Price, one hundred and sixty five ($165) each.

GEO. T. BROWNING,
Capt. and Asst. Quartermaster.

SHELDON & LEFFERTS,
NO. 40 PARK-ROW, (TIMES BUILDING) NEW-YORK
MILITARY AND NAVAL BANKERS
and Collectors; Bureau of Army and Navy Information. Officers' pay rolls, soldiers' pay, pensioners' pay. State and United States bounties collected. Clearances for officers obtained, &c.

SUBSTITUTES FURNISHED CHEAPER than by any other firm in this city, and no money required until the exemption papers are procured. Call on or address VANDERVOORT & MURRAY, No. 124 West-st, corner of Dey, up stairs.

STEAMBOATS.

THE GREAT INSIDE ROUTE FOR BOSTON.
STONINGTON STEAMBOAT LINE,
VIA GROTON AND PROVIDENCE.
THE OLDEST, QUICKEST, SAFEST AND MOST DIRECT,
AVOIDING "POINT JUDITH."
The magnificent steamer
COMMONWEALTH,
ON TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS AND SATURDAYS
The elegant steamer
PLYMOUTH ROCK,
ON MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS AND FRIDAYS,
AT 4 O'CLOCK, P. M.

These boats start from Pier No. 18 North River, (foot of Cortlandt-st.) and are acknowledged by all experienced travelers to be among the largest, strongest, most comfortable and best that have ever run in American waters. At all seasons and in all weather, these boats invariably make the passage on time. Sumptuous suppers and luxuriously furnished state rooms are marked features of these "floating palaces."

Berths and state-rooms may be secured at Harden's Express Office, No. 74 Broadway, and at No. 115 West-st., New-York, and at No. 76 Washington-st, Boston.

M. R. SIMONS, Agent,

FOR BRIDGEPORT.—THE STEAMER BRIDGEPORT leaves from Peck-slip, on and after Dec. 24, every TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY at 12 o'clock noon, arriving in time to connect with the Housatonic, Naugatuck, New-Haven, Hartford and Shore Line. Freight taken on wharf all day.

FOR NEW-HAVEN, HARTFORD AND SPRINGFIELD.—Steamers leave Peck-slip at 3:15 P. M. Trains north and east from New-Haven 11 P. M.

MUSICAL.

ESTABLISHED IN 1834.

JOHN F. DUNHAM,
MANUFACTURER OF
GRAND, SQUARE AND UPRIGHT PIANO-FORTES.
WAREROOMS AND MANUFACTORY,
NOS. 75 TO 85 EAST 13TH-ST.,
NEW-YORK.

CHICKERING & SONS

MANUFACTURERS OF GRAND, SQUARE, AND UPRIGHT PIANO-FORTES. No. 652 BROADWAY.—The superiority of these instruments has of late been amply demonstrated by the voluntary testimony of the foremost artists of the day, who claim for them excellencies of tone and workmanship hitherto unobtained by any other makers.

Mr. GOTTSCHALK'S constant use of the NEW SCALE CHICKERING GRAND PIANO-FORTES has severely tested their musical qualities, and resulted in establishing the justice of the very flattering estimation in which they are held.

Messrs. CHICKERING & SONS are Sole Agents for the celebrated Alexandre Organs for the United States.

WILLIAM B. BRADBURY'S
GOLD MEDAL
PIANO-FORTES.
Seven first premiums, including
TWO GOLD MEDALS, AND ONE SILVER MEDAL,
were awarded to Wm. B. Bradbury for the "BEST PIANO-FORTE." The only GOLD MEDAL of the American Institute of 1863 was awarded to WM. B. BRADBURY, for the "BEST PIANO-FORTE."

An assortment of these magnificent instruments at No. 427 Broome st., one block east of Broadway, New-York.

ESTABLISHED IN 1829.

RAVEN & BACON,
PIANO MANUFACTURERS,
No. 135 Grand-st., near Broadway, New-York.

The musical profession having of late become quite prominent in connection with newspaper advertisements of four or five piano manufacturers in this city, each firm claiming superiority for their instruments from the indorsement of the same distinguished artists, we fear the innocent public, unacquainted with the tricks of the trade, may find themselves mystified as to where to select the best piano for their holiday gifts.

We would state that, as our pianos have been favorably known in this market for nearly forty years, it is not been necessary for us to obtain the opinion of the profession in regard to their quality, the instruments speaking for themselves. We are continually introducing improvements in our pianos, and they are up to the age in every particular. Parties desiring pianos will do well to examine our stock and prices before making their selections.

CUMMINGS & JENNY'S,
MANUFACTURERS
OF
GRAND AND SQUARE
PIANO-FORTES,
No. 726 Broadway, New-York.

In these instruments are to be found the embodiments of those great qualities, volume, brilliancy, purity and sonority of tone, which have so often met with the highest commendations of the leading artists throughout the country, and yet, they are offered to the public at prices, from 25 to 30 per cent. lower than any other of equal quality.

Every instrument warranted for five years.

STEINWAY & SON

GOLD MEDAL GRAND AND SQUARE PIANOS are now considered the best in Europe as well as this country, having received the first Prize Medal at the World's Exhibition in London, 1862.

The principal reason why the Steinway Pianos are superior to all others is, that the firm is composed of five practical piano-forte makers, (father and four sons,) who invent all their own improvements, and under whose personal supervision every part of the instrument is manufactured. Warerooms Nos. 71 and 73 East 14th-st., between Union-square and Irving-place, New-York.

STODART PIANOS,

Known and esteemed as one of the BEST PIANOS manufactured, and for years have been used by the MOST HIGHLY CULTIVATED MUSICAL PEOPLE, and who will have none other.

Reference is made in all cases to parties who have the instrument, and they number thousands in this city alone, as to their qualities as a PERFECT PIANO in every respect. A fine assortment, recently from our factory, at our warerooms, No. 524 Broadway, opposite St. Nicholas Hotel.

STODART & MORRIS.

THE WEBER PIANO-FORTE

Is admitted the best Piano-forte made, because the maker, beside being a practical mechanic of long experience, is also a thorough musician, thus combining advantages possessed by no other manufacturer in the United States. Such is the testimony of S. B. Mills, Robert Heller, Geo. F. Bristow, Wm. Mason, C. Jerome Hopkins, Charles Fradel, Max Maretzek, Carl Anschutz, John Zundle, Maurice Strakosch, Giovani Sconcia, and every good musician in the United States. All musical ears at once admit their great superiority. Warerooms No. 155 West Broadway, near Canal-st.

MASON & HAMLIN RESPECTFULLY announce that they have now completed the occupation of their greatly enlarged factory, and effected other arrangements for the large increase of their manufacturing facilities. They therefore confidently expect to be able henceforward to supply orders for their CABINET ORGANS promptly, without that inconvenient delay to which purchasers have been subjected, from the fact that for more than a year past they have been continually several hundred instruments behind orders. An assortment of styles from $110 to $600 each may be found at their New-York warerooms, No. 7 Mercer-st.

DECKER BROTHERS,
PIANOFORTE MANUFACTURERS,
No. 91 Bleecker-st., (marble building, one block West of Broadway,) invite attention to their new
PATENT PLATE PIANOFORTES,
of which the New-York *Tribune*, April 23, 1864, said: "One of the simplest and most truly valuable improvements yet made in the pianoforte is that invented and patented by Decker Brothers."

WARRANTED FOR SEVEN YEARS.

PIANO FORTES—NOTICE.—JAS. STEEDMAN begs to inform dealers, professors and the public that he is manufacturing first-class piano-fortes, with all the recent improvements, at moderate prices. All pianos warranted for five years. No. 40 West 18th-st., between 5th and 6th avs. Pianos repaired, tuned or taken in exchange.

PIANO-FORTE.—A SECOND-HAND PIANO-forte, used but very little, and in perfect order, and almost as good as new, will be sold very low. Inquire of G. BERGQUIST, No. 44 West 15th-st.

A BEAUTIFUL ROSEWOOD PIANO—With carved legs and double carved lyre; finished back and front with heavy mouldings; pearl keys, pearl name board and key-slip; best city makers; will be sold at a bargain. Second hand pianos, $100, $7, $50.
FREDERICK BLUME, No. 208 Bowery.

SAWYER & THOMPSON'S NEW PIANOS, tone, touch and finish superb; warranted five years; prices moderate. Pianos and melodeons tuned, repaired or exchanged. SAWYER & THOMPSON, 765 Broadway, N. Y., and 59 Fulton-av., Brooklyn.

GRAND SQUARE AND COTTAGE SQUARE Pianos, and Upright or Cabinet Pianos, excellent in quality, moderate in price, by CHAMBERS & GABLER, 8th-st., corner of 4th-av., in the Bible House. Please send for a circular.

THE CELEBRATED PIANOS OF J. & C. FISCHER, the most reliable pianos made, with the best modern improvements, wholesale and retail, at moderate prices, Nos. 241, 243, 245, 247 and 249 28th-st., near 9th-av.

PIANOS, MELODEONS, HARMONIUMS.—Sole depot for Pelonbet's superior Harmoniums wholesale and retail. Prices $100 to $600. Instruments to et. J. M. PELTON, No. 241 Broadway, New-York.

IMPROVED IRON FRAMES SQUARE PIANOS at REDUCED cash prices.
J. G. DAVIES, No. 467 Broome st.

A SPLENDID GUITAR, PRICE $350, FOR sale by C. BRUNO, agent for the sale of E. F. Martin's celebrated Guitars, No. 303 Broadway, near Fulton-st., New-York.

A SECOND-HAND PIANO FOR SALE cheap—at No 726 Broadway,
CUMMINGS & JENNYS

BOARDMAN, GRAY & CO.'S PIANOS.—An elegant present for the holidays. Call at the depot, No. 748 Broadway.

FAIRS.

THE LADIES OF THE FREE CHURCH of the Epiphany will hold a fair, for the benefit of said church, in the basement of the same, No. 130 Stanton st., between Essex and Norfolk sts., on TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY and FRIDAY, Dec. 20, 21, 22 and 23, from 11 A. M. to 10 P. M.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

SLEIGH FOR SALE.—A HANDSOME PHAETON-body sleigh, suitable for two or four persons. Can be seen by applying to L. MOORE, JR., northeast corner of 9th av. and 19th-st.

FOR SALE CHEAP—A PAIR OF BLACK CARRIAGE horses, 16¾ hands high, 6 years old, sound and kind, warranted. Their owner is ill and sells them for want of use. Apply to M. T. RUNYON Madison, N. J., or to N. SULLIVAN, No. 36 Park-place.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

ARTIFICIAL HUMAN EYES MADE TO ORDER and inserted by Drs. F. BAUCH and P. GOUGELMAN, (formerly employed by Boissonneau, Paris), No. 599 Broadway, New-York.

FURNITURE.

ALL KINDS OF FURNITURE, MATTRESSES, bedding, looking-glasses, &c., cheapest at G. W. SNEDEN'S, No. 263 Bowery, between Stanton and Houston sts. Call and save money. Goods warranted and delivered free. Furniture in suites.

FINE PLATED WARE,
Manufactured by the
MANHATTAN PLATE COMPANY.

Tea sets, urns, casters, wine casters, soup tureens, vegetable dishes, &c., &c.

In great variety.

HIRAM YOUNG, No 20 John st.

AMUSEMENTS.

WALLACK'S. FRIDAY and SATURDAY
HOW SHE LOVES HIM.

Mr. Boucicault's new comedy, with entirely new scenery, dresses, furniture and appointments.

One of the greatest successes ever achieved in this theatre, given with a

POWERFUL DISTRIBUTION OF CHARACTERS,

Including the names of Messrs. Lester Wallack, Charles Fisher, John Gilbert, W. R. Floyd, Norton, John Sefton, John Moore, G. Brown, Williamson, Miss Mary Gannon, Miss Madeline Henriques, Miss Fanny Morant, Mrs. Maurice, and Miss Carman.

MONDAY—MASKS AND FACES.
TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY, and THURSDAY—
HOW SHE LOVES HIM.
FRIDAY—ROSEDALE.
THE WIFE'S SECRET.—This charming play is in rehearsal, and will be produced at the earliest possible period.
MARRIED LIFE (Buckstone's fine Comedy) is also in preparation.

Open at 7¼; overture at 7¾.

VAN AMBURGH & CO.'S MENAGERIE AND GREAT MORAL EXHIBITION,
NOS. 539 and 541 BROADWAY,
OPEN FROM 10 A. M. TO 10 P. M.
JUST ARRIVED,
From Algiers, a splendid
BISKRA DROMEDARY,
AND A BABY DROMEDARY,
The latter only nine months old, which may be seen at all hours in conjunction with the largest and
MOST COMPLETE COLLECTION
OF LIVING WILD ANIMALS
Ever brought together on this continent.
THREE PERFORMANCES DAILY
are given, at 11½ A. M., 3, and 8½ P. M., introducing
ALL THE TRAINED ANIMALS,
THE WONDERFUL PERFORMING MONKEY, Signor VICTOR, appears at each entertainment in his comical feats.—ADMISSION ONLY 25 CENTS. No half price.

THEATRE FRANCAIS.
NIBLO'S CONCERT SALOON.
Every Tuesday and Saturday, at 8 o'clock P. M.
SATURDAY DEC. 24, 1864.
PAR DROVITE DE CONQUETE,
Comedy in three acts, by M. Legouvé, of the Academy Francaise
Theatre office No. 678 Broadway, ground floor.

"THE MESSIAH."

THE NEW-YORK HARMONIC SOCIETY will give their tenth annual performance of Handel's grand oratorio, "The Messiah," at the Church of the Puritans, Broadway, corner 15th-st., on MONDAY EVENING, Dec. 26, 1864. The solos will be sustained by Mrs. S. Mozart, soprano; Miss C. V. Hutchings, alto; Mr. George L. Weeks, tenor; Mr. J. R. Thomas, bass; pianist, E. J. Connolly, Esq. A spacious platform has been provided for the chorus and orchestra. The choral force of the Society has been largely augmented during the past year. The orchestra has been selected with special reference to oratorio music, and will be composed of the best performers in the city. The whole under the direction of F. L. Ritter, Esq. Single tickets, $1; family tickets, admitting three persons, $2 25. To be had at the principal music-stores, and at the piano warerooms of T. S. Berry, Esq., Nos. 478 and 593 Broadway, and Messrs. Ilsley & Co., cor. Broome and Crosby sts. No family tickets will be sold at the door on the evening of the performance. Doors open at 6½; commence at 7½ o'clock.

IMMENSE SUCCESS.
THE MEDDAHH,
TURKISH HALL, No. 720 BROADWAY.
OSCANYAN'S
GRAND ORIENTAL ENTERTAINMENTS.
SPLENDID SCENERY.
LIVING ILLUSTRATIONS,
TABLEAUX VIVANTS,
TURKISH SINGING,
TURKISH DANCING,
The most original Entertainment in New-York City.
EVERY EVENING at 8 o'clock.
Tickets 50 cents.
Reserved seats $1.
Box Office open from 2 till 5.

SECOND MASONIC PROMENADE CONCERT,
IN AID OF THE MASONIC RELIEF ASSOCIATION OF THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF
BROOKLYN,
AT THE ACADEMY OF MUSIC,
FESTIVAL OF ST. JOHN, DEC. 27, 1864.

Tickets can be obtained from members of the fraternity and all the principal music and drug stores.

SICK AND WOUNDED SOLDIERS' BENEFIT.

DE CORDOVA will lecture THIS EVENING at Cooper Institute.

LADIES' BAZAAR FOR THE BENEFIT OF SICK AND WOUNDED SOLDIERS, will be held at the Everett Rooms, corner Broadway and 34th-st., from the 16th to the 30th of December, inclusive. Tickets of admission, 25 cents; Season tickets, 50 cents; Children half-price. The supply will consist of rich, fancy and useful articles, and a well selected assortment of Children's Toys. Store prices will be asked. The Refreshment room will form an attractive feature, being amply supplied with the delicacies of the season. In consequence of the hall being previously engaged, the Bazaar will be closed on Friday, but will reopen at the same place on SATURDAY, at 11 A. M., when the ladies earnestly solicit the patronage of their friends.

LECTURES.

MECHANICS' SOCIETY LECTURES.

Dr. HOLLAND, (Timothy Titcomb,) will deliver the fourth lecture of the course THIS (Friday) EVENING, at Irving Hall, to commence at 8 o'clock.

Subject, *Cost and Compensation.*

ROSE HILL SOLDIERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATION.—Second of the course of lectures. Grand musical and literary entertainment at Cooper Institute, FRIDAY EVENING, Dec. 23.

MR. DE CORDOVA'S
Celebrated Poem "The Soldier."
Music by Grafulla's Seventh Regiment Band.

Course tickets for the remaining lectures, $1 50; single tickets, 50 cents, to be had at Horace Waters', No. 481 Broadway; Kelly's, No 269 Broadway; Miller & Mathews', No. 737 Broadway; Appleton's, No. 443 Broadway; Howe & Ferry's, No. 76 Bowery, and at the doors on the evening of the entertainment.

Doors open at 7, to commence at 8 o'clock.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS SEAMSTRESS BY an American Protestant; can do all kinds of family sewing; can also operate on machines; would take care of grown children or assist with chamberwork if required; no objection to the country; can be seen for two days at No. 117 West 26th-st, between 7th and 8th-avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS FIRST-CLASS cook; understands soups, meats, game and poultry; the best city references. Call at No. 25 East 12th-st, near University-place, for two days.

WANTED—BY A TIDY GIRL OF 17, A SITUATION to do light chamberwork and take charge of children, or the general housework of a small family; wages $6. Call or address No. 192 East 21st-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS FIRST CLASS cook; understands the business; is a good baker; city reference. Call at No. 10 Union-court, University-place, near 12th-st. Call for a day.

MALES.

TO LAWYERS AND BUSINESS HOUSES.—A thorough business man, and graduate of Yale College; can refer as reference to first and most prominent men in the country in regard to my character and business qualifications; have had nine years' experience at the law, and I want to meet an engagement in the following capacity: Law office, correspondent clerk, traveling agent, or settlements of old accounts, or collector. Salary wanted moderate. Address JOS. B. LYMAN, East Hampton, Mass.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG MAN in business in the country, in the city as salesman or bookkeeper in any wholesale business; best reference can be given. Address ROSE, Box No. 135 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS SALESMAN. BY a young man, who has four years' experience in the clothing business; has no objection to the country. Address SALESMAN, Box No. 144 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY A single man, who understands his business thoroughly; can give several years of the highest city reference. Address M. P., Box No. 204 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS FIRST-CLASS waiter in a private family. Any commands left at No. 399 Broadway, in the drug-store, corner of Walker-st., will be attended to.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY AN ENGLISH-man as waiter, best of city references. Address or apply to J. A., No. 45 3d-av.

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—A MAN TO GO A SHORT DISTANCE in the country to care for two horses, and make himself useful about the place. Apply at 203 Greenwich-st.

TO PAPER-MAKERS.—WANTED, ONE OR two machine tenders. None but temperate men need apply to W. H. PARSONS & BROTHER, No. 74 Duane-st., New-York.

ANNIVERSARIES.

THE ANNIVERSARY OF THE ORPHAN'S HOME AND ASYLUM OF THE PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL CHURCH, will be held at the Institution, 43th-st., corner of Lexington-av., on the Innocents' Day, WEDNESDAY, Dec. 28, at 2 o'clock P. M. The Annual Report will be read, and Trustees, Managers etc., elected for the ensuing year. The Children's Christmas Tree will be exhibited immediately after. A table of refreshments

ONE WEEK LATER FROM EUROPE.

Arrival of the Africa at Halifax.

THE OBSEQUIES OF MR. DAYTON.

Anxiety to Hear About Gen. Sherman.

DEATH OF IHE EARL OF CARLISLE.

The German Troops Withdrawn from the Duchies.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

HALIFAX, Thursday, Dec. 22.

The Royal mail steamship *Africa*, which left Liverpool at 8 A. M. of the 10th, and Queenstown on the 11th inst., arrived at Halifax at 11 o'clock last night in the midst of a thick snow-storm. She has 15 passengers for Halifax and 35 for Boston.

The *Africa* sailed at 10½ A. M. to-day for Boston, where she will be due to-morrow (Friday) evening.

The steamship *Borussia*, from New-York, arrived at Southampton on the 8th.

The steamship *Australasian*, from New-York, arrived at Queenstown on the 10th.

The steamship *Caledonia*, from New-York, arrived at Glasgow on the 7th.

The steamship *City of London*, from New-York, arrived at Liverpool on the 7th.

AMERICAN TOPICS.

The *Daily News* publishes a letter from Prof. GOLDWIN SMITH, descriptive of his visit to the Army of the Potomac. He says: "Probably no army in history ever was so well cared for as this, and such being the case, it is surely very strong proof that the war is not being waged with mercenary and worthless lives. He regards the officers, in manners and cultivation, as at least the equals of any soldiers he ever saw.

MR. LINCOLN AGAIN CONGRATULATED.

At a numerously attended meeting of workingmen of South London, Rev. NEWMAN HALL presiding, an address was adopted congratulating Mr. LINCOLN on his reelection, and the consequent emphatic denunciation of slavery by the American people.

SHERMAN'S OPERATIONS.

The result of SHERMAN'S operations was awaited with much interest. The journals do not hazard conjectures. The Confederate Loan is depressed by his proceedings.

THE DEATH OF MR. DAYTON.

The Paris correspondent of the London *Times* pays a warm tribute to Mr. DAYTON, whose death caused sincere regret. He was courteous to all, and universally respected.

The details of Mr. DAYTON'S death state that he was visiting an American lady at the Hotel du Louvre when he was seized with illness. He fell senseless, was conveyed to his residence, and expired before he could be carried up stairs. His body will be embalmed and sent to Havre for shipment to New-York.

The obsequies of Mr. DAYTON took place on the 6th inst. in the American Church at Paris. The Rev. Dr. SUTHERLAND performed the religious services. A detachment of troops escorted the remains as a guard of honor. The Rue de Bern was lined with carriages. The Emperor was represented by BARON DE LAJUS, and Prince JEROME by Gen. FRANCONNIERE. The French Foreign Minister M. DROUYN DE L'HUYS and the whole diplomatic body were in attendance, and the church was crowded in every part. Dr. SUTHERLAND delivered a discourse eulogistic of the deceased, and said the cordiality which subsists between France and America is, in a great measure, owing to his thorough uprightness and manliness, and his courteous and conciliatory manners. Mr. DAYTON'S only son was chief mourner, and he was supported by Mr. REMINGTON, Secretary of Legation, Mr. BIGELOW, United States Consul, and Mr. ASPINWALL, of New-York. Most of the Americans in Paris were present, including many Southerners. The body would remain in church till the 10th, and then be sent to Havre to be embarked for New-York.

The French journals, even those most hostile to the Northern cause, pay warm tributes to Mr. DAYTON'S memory.

REBEL RECRUITING.

Prosecution against Engineer RUMBLE, for enlisting men at Sheerness for the rebel steamer *Rappahannock*, commenced in the Court of Queen's Bench on the 5th, but during the evidence the case was brought to a stop upon technical grounds, in the absence of witnesses to an alleged conversation. The case was suspended till after the next term.

MEDIATION.

An open-air meeting of factory operatives at Manchester adopted a resolution in favor of the mediation of England ans France in American affairs. An amendment in favor of continued neutrality was rejected, but both sides claimed the majority.

GREAT BRITAIN.

REFORM DEMONSTRATION.

An imposing Reform demonstration had taken place at Bradford. Resolutions demanding an extension of the elective franchise, and in favor of an energetic agitation of the question, were adopted. Sir F. CROSSLEY, and Messrs. FORSTER, BAINES and STANSFIELD, Members of Parliament, were the principal speakers. Mr. FORSTER replied to the taunts raised by the opponents of Reform as to the position of affairs in America, and denied that they furnished any argument against universal suffrage. He regarded the contest as a life and death struggle by the American democracy to free their country from the grasp of a slaveholding oligarchy, and he claimed that it was not the aristocracy, nor even the middle classes, but the workingmen, that preserved England from interfering in American affairs.

MISCELLANEOUS.

The Earl of CARLISLE died on the 5th.

Lord CLARENCE PAGET, in a speech on naval affairs at Deal, replied to Mr. COBDEN on the large expenditure in times of peace, and quoted Secretary WELLES in support of the sound policy of such expenditures.

The Home Secretary allots all the monetary reward in MULLER'S case to the cabman MATTHEWS, whose creditors claim the amount.

The London Morning *Post*, in its city article, says: "Russia is about to recognize the new Mexican Empire."

Official inquiry into the Belfast riots, after lasting a month, had been brought to a close.

FRANCE.

The weekly returns of the Bank of France exhibit an increase of cash on hand of nearly twenty-eight millions of francs.

The Bank of France, on the 8th inst., reduced its rate of discount from six to five per cent.

M. MACQUARD, private Secretary to the Emperor, died on the 9th inst.

General TOM THUMB, wife, baby, and the rest of the diminutive gentleman's suite were guests of the Emperor at Compeigne, on the 8th inst. The official journals quote the reception of the little General at the Marlboro House, by His Royal Highness the Prince of WALES as a precedent.

THE DANO-GERMAN QUESTION.

A deputation of 5,000 Schleswigers presented an address to the King of Denmark at Kolding, the concluding paragraph of which says: "Should the wishes of the inhabitants prevail in the final decision upon the destiny of Schleswig, it will then be seen how deeply love for ancient fatherland is rooted in the hearts of Schleswigers."

The city was gaily decorated and illuminated in the evening. The King of Denmark had arrived at Kolding. Several thousand inhabitants of Schleswig wanted to proceed there to render homage, but were forbidden by the authorities. Several arrests were made. The *Dagbladet* announces that the King had received a deputation of 5,000 Schleswigers.

The German Diet has, by a vote of 9 to 6, adopted the proposition for the withdrawal of the Federal troops from the Duchies.

ITALY.

The Italian Senate has passed the bill for the transfer of the capital, by 134 to 47 votes.

During debate on convention in the Senate, on the 6th, Gen. CHALDINI said no compromise was possible between Austria and Italy; and Gen. DELLA MARMORA said he shared with the views expressed by CHALDINI. Signor PELLAVECINO was in favor of going to Rome, and of making a war in Venetia. Debate still pending in Germany and Duchies. Prussian troops who have returned from the seat of the late war, entered Berlin the 7th, with the King at their head, were received with great enthusiasm.

LATEST VIA QUEENSTOWN.

LIVERPOOL, Saturday, Dec. 10—P. M.

The steamer *Iowa*, from London for New-York, which ran ashore near Cherbourg, has totally sunk.

Politics to-day unimportant.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LONDON MONEY MARKET.

The discount market is unaltered, but there is rather more demand for choice bills in open market at 6⅛. ASHERTHWAITE'S Circular says the market for American securities has been steady throughout the week, and without material change. United States 5-20s improved ⅛ per cent., whilst Illinois have given way. Virginia 6s are more inquired for, at an advance of 1@2 per cent.

LIVERPOOL PRODUCE MARKET.

LIVERPOOL, Saturday, Dec. 10.

The Brokers' Circular reports the COTTON sales for the week 68,000 bales. The market opened with an advance of ⅛d., but subsequently became flat, and the improvement was nearly all lost. The sales to speculators were 25,000 bales, and to exporters 6,000 bales. The following are the authorized quotations;

	Fair.	Middling.
Orleans	28d.	26⅜d.
Mobile	27⅛d.	26⅛d.
Uplands	27d.	26d.

The sales on Friday were 8,000 bales, the market closing quiet and unchanged.

Stock in port, 384,000 bales; of which 13,500 are American.

STATE OF TRADE.

The market is firmer, with more demand for goods and yarns.

RICHARDSON, SPENCE & Co. and GORDON, BRUCE & Co. report—FLOUR, quiet and steady; Extra State 20s @ 21s. Wheat, steady; Red Western 7s. 6d. @8s.; White Western 8s. 2@s. 5d. CORN, dull; mixed nominal at 27s. 6d. @28s.

PROVISIONS—HIGLAND, ATHYA & Co. and RICHARDSON, SPENCE & Co. report: Beef very dull. Pork quiet and steady. Bacon steady, except new, which is 1s. lower. Lard quiet and nominal, at 49s. 6d. @53s. Tallow dull and 6d. lower.

PRODUCE.—The Broker's Circular reports Ashes firmer. Pots and Pearls 29s. 6d @30s. Sugar very dull and still declining. Coffee firm but quiet. Rice steady. Linseed easier. Linseed Oil steady. Sperm Oil nominal. Resin very dull. Spirits Turpentine inactive at 61s.

BOULT, ENGLISH & BRANDON reports Petroleum steady at 1s. 9½d. @1s. 10½d. for Refined; fine Oil scarce.

LONDON MARKETS.

BARINGS' Circular report BREADSTUFFS quiet and steady. IRON quiet. SUGAR flat and 6d. lower. COFFEE steady. TEA opened with a declining tone and closed firmer. RICE steady and unchanged. TALLOW steady at 46s. 9d. @47s. SPIRITS TURPENTINE steady at 62s. @63s. PETROLEUM quiet and steady at £17 for Crude, and 2s. 1d. for refined. SPERM OIL dull and tending downward. COD OIL £53. LINSEED OIL easier. LINSEED CAKES steady. American Securities inactive. United States Five-Twenties 42¾@43¼.

Consols closed on Friday at 89¾ for money.

The Bullion in the Bank of England has decreased £149,000.

LATEST VIA QUEENSTOWN.

LIVERPOOL, Saturday, Dec. 10—P. M.

COTTON—Sales to-day 8,000 bales, including 4,000 to speculators and exporters. The market is quiet and unchanged.

BREADSTUFFS quiet and steady.

PROVISIONS dull and unchanged.

PRODUCE steady: Petroleum firmer; refined, 1s. 9½d. @1s. 11d.

LATEST LONDON MONEY MARKET.

LONDON, Saturday, Dec. 10—P. M.

Funds steady. Discount demand at Bank rather more active. There is no immediate prospect of the reduction of the rate.

Consols for money, 89¾.

Illinois Central shares, 50¾@51 discount; Erie shares, 39@40.

The *Australasian's* news was received too late for any effect to be developed to-day.

HAVRE MARKET.

HAVRE, Thursday, Dec. 8.

COTTON—Sales of the week 8,500 bales; market firmer, closing quiet and steady; New Orleans *tres ordinaire* 250fr.; do bas 235fr.

PARIS, Saturday, Dec. 10—P. M.

Bourse quiet; Rentes closed at 66fr. 10c.

Marine Disasters.

PROVINCETOWN, Cape Cod, Thursday, Dec. 22.

The following vessels are ashore at Wood End—Schooner *Halcyon*, from Frankfort, Me., for New-York, loaded with lumber.

Schooner *Burdett Hart*, of New-Haven, with a cargo of hay on Government account, bound from Wiscasset to Fortress Monroe.

Schooner *Maryland*, from Portland for Baltimore, loaded with fish.

Schooner *Quail*, from Rockland, with a cargo of stone, for New-York; gone to pieces.

The crews of all the above vessels were saved.

WOOD'S HOLL, Thursday, Dec. 22.

The schooner *Evelyn*, Capt. RYDER, from Bangor for Millville, N. J., with a cargo of lumber, is lying at anchor at Robinson's Point, dismasted.

The British schooner *Onward*, from Cornwallis, with a cargo of potatoes, for New-York, went ashore three miles north of Tarpaulin Cove, in the storm of the 21st.

NEWBURYPORT, Mass., Thursday, Dec. 22.

The schooner *E. P. Horton*, from Bangor with lumber for Boston, went ashore on the night of the 21st on Plumb Island, and was a total loss. Crew saved.

CITY NOTES.—An artist's sale of a fine collection of oil-paintings, by J. D. BARROW, Esq., is announced for 11 o'clock this morning by MINER & SOMERVILLE, No. 37 Nassau-street.... There was good skating yesterday on the Central Park Lake and the Fifth-avenue Pond.... A magnificent foreign chronometer watch and chain was presented yesterday to Capt. JOHN SMITH, of the propeller *Daniel S. Miller*, for his bravery and humanity to the passengers of the *Isaac Newton*, when that vessel was destroyed by fire. The affair came off at the office of the Merchants' Insurance Company.... Two burglars, named ISAAC SMITH and RICHARD L. STAGE, were committed each in default of $1,500 bail, on a charge of having broken open ALBERT WHITE'S billiard saloon, No. 260 Bleecker-street, and stolen cigars, liquors and billiard apparatus to the amount of $500.... J. MCNEILY, of Tenth-avenue, caused the arrest of BENJAMIN GRAY, a young baker, for stealing his horse and sleigh.. JOSEPH PHILLIPS, a young Norwegian seaman, was almost instantly killed by accidentally falling from the masthead of the steamer *City of Limerick*.... HENRY CROSBY, a counterfeiter, was caught after having passed two of the well-executed spurious $5 notes on the Buffalo City Bank. In default of $1,500 bail he was locked up.

DELICACIES FOR THE HOLIDAYS.—DOWNING, late of No. 3 Broad-street, who has been known to the public for the last forty years, has apartments in the Custom-house, where he furnishes his fine oysters the attaches and everybody else. He is preparing, as usual, for his old customers, a supply of superior pickled oysters and boned turkeys for New-Years Day. Orders may be left at DELATOUR'S, No. 25½ Wall-street.

MONETARY AFFAIRS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange—DEC. 22, 1864.

$5,000	U. S. 6s, '81..R.	110½	300	Ashburton Coal...	17⅜
10,000	do.....	110¾	100	do.....	18
4,000	do.....	111	100	N. Y. Cen. R...810	114
30,000	U. S. 6s, '81..C.	110¾	200	do.....c	114
30,500	U. S. 6s. 5-20s. C.	108¾	100	do.....s30	113¾
40,000	do.....	108¾	200	do.....s10	113⅝
70,000	do...new iss.	107⅝	200	do.....s30	113¾
50,000	do...n. is..b30	108¾	200	Erie Railway.....	89
50,000	U. S. 5s, 10-40s. C.	101¾	300	do.....	88⅜
11,500	do.....	101¾	800	do.....	88¾
5,000	U. S. 6s, 1yr. Cer.	97	500	do.....	88⅝
1,800	Mo. State 6s.....	63⅜	3200	do.....	88
2,000	do.....	63¾	200	do.....s15	88
30,000	O. & M. Cer.....	33	400	Erie R. Pref.....	100
10,000	do.....	32½	200	Hudson R. R.....	114¾
10,000	do.....	32½	600	do.....	115
70,000	do.....	32½	100	do.....b60	115
1,000	Erie 4th M.....	106	200	do.....b3	115¼
2,000	Al. & T. H. 1st M	101	700	Mich. Cen. R.....	116
1,000	do.....	100	100	Reading R.....	114⅜
5,000	To. & W. 2d M..	83	100	do.....	114¾
11,500	Clev. & P. 4th M.	80	1200	do.....	114
5,000	Mar. 1st M. B....	98	1000	M. S. & N. I.....	71
5,000	Amer. Gold..s10	223	100	do.....b10	71
120	Mer. Ex. Bank.....	105	600	do.....	70⅞
42	Am. Ex. Bank.....	130	1000	Ill. Cen. R.....	125
124	do.....	131	200	do.....s30	124¾
50	do.....	131¼	200	Cle. & Pitts.....b30	98
5	Fourth Nat. Bank.	99	100	do.....	97⅜
300	Am. Coal Co.....	84¾	400	do.....b10	97¾
100	do.....	84¼	200	do.....	97
165	Cen. National Bk.	105	600	do.....	96
960	Canton Co.....	34¾	200	do.....	95¾
200	do.....b30	35	700	do.....	96
100	do.....b30	34¾	800	do.....	94
100	Del. & Hud. C. Co...	215¾	600	do.....	93½
94	do.....	215	700	do.....	93
50	do.....	212	10	Chi. & N. W. Pr....	71
200	do.....s30	210	1000	do.....	70
300	Cum. Coal Pr.....	45	100	do.....	70¾
600	do.....	44¾	300	do.....	70¾
100	do.....s10	44¾	200	do.....s15	70¾
100	do.....b15	44¾	100	do.....b30	71
100	do.....	44½	100	do.....b30	70¾
100	Quick. Min.....	94¾	100	Chi. & R. I. R...s5	105
200	do.....	95	100	do.....	105
200	Mariposa Min	33½	300	do.....	104¾
500	do.....	33¾	1300	do.....	104¾
2000	Chi. & N. W.	40	100	P., Ft. W. & C.....	101¾
500	do.....	40¼	1500	do.....	101
100	Chi., Bur. & Q. R...	117¾	1200	do.....	101¼
300	Alt. & T. H. Pref..	75	100	do.....	101¾

SECOND BOARD.

$15,000	U. S. 6s, '81..R.	110¾	100	Erie R. Pref.....	99¾
20,000	U. S. 6s, '81..C.	110¾	100	Hudson Riv. R....	114¾
20,000	U. S. 6s, 5-20s. C. New issue.....	107⅜	150	do.....s10	114¾
5,000	U. S. 6s, 10-40s. C.	101¾	10	Mich. Cen. R.....	117
20,000	do.....	101¼	50	do.....	115
50,000	O. & Miss. Cer.	32¾	150	Ill. Cen. R.....	124
10,000	do.....s30	32¾	100	M. S. & N. I....b10	70¾
1,000	Am. Gold.....	221	600	do.....	70
200	Canton Co.....	34	750	Chi. & N. W.....	40
100	Cum Coal Pref....	44¾	200	do.....b90	40¾
150	Quick M. Co.....	94½	550	C. & N. W. Pr....	70¾
500	Cleve. & Pitts.....	94	850	Clev. & Tol.....	109
200	do.....	94¾	200	do.....s30	109
25	Ashburton Coal...	18	200	do.....s30	108
100	N. Y. Cen.....b60	114	300	Ch. & R. I. R.....	103¾
300	do.....s30	112¾	100	do.....s10	103¾
100	do.....	113	200	do.....b3	103¾
20	Erie Railway.....	88	100	P., Ft. W. & C....	101
50	do.....	87⅝	100	do.....	100⅞
800	do.....s30	87	400	do.....	100⅝
400	do.....b30	87⅜	200	do.....s10	100⅝
400	do.....	87⅜	100	do.....s60	100
500	do.....	87⅜	100	do.....	100⅝

EVENING EXCHANGE.

$10,000	Amer. Gold...	221¾	300	N. Y. Cen. R....s3	113
30,000	do.....	221⅜	1100	Reading R.....	114
5,000	do.....	221⅜	500	M. S. & N. I....b10	70
55,000	do.....	221⅜	500	do.....	70
20,000	do.....	221⅜	100	Ill. Cen. R.....s10	124
60,000	do.....	222	1000	Clev. & Pitts.....	94⅜
15,000	U. S. 5-20s, New Issue.....	107¾	200	do.....b3	94⅜
300	Erie R.....s3	87⅛	300	Chic. & R. I.....	103
			300	Chi. & N. W.....	39¾

The Delaware and Hudson Canal Company has given notice that there will be apportioned among the stockholders, on the 12th day of January next, 12,500 shares of new stock, in the ratio of one share to every seven shares of stock then held by each stockholder. Certificates of stock will be ready for delivery on and after the 1st day of January next.

Messrs. MULLER, WILKINS & Co. will hold their regular auction sale of Stocks and Bonds on Saturday, Dec. 24, 1864, at 12½ o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway.

The following memorandum in regard to a lengthy advertisement in another part of this paper of a new Oil, and Land, and Mineral enterprise in Western Virginia, comes to us from a trustworthy source. In addition to the assurances of the writer here given, it may not be improper for parties disposed to adventure in the stock to consult one or more of the numerous respectable mercantile associates as to the prospects:

In the advertising columns of the TIMES will be found the prospectus of a large enterprise in Western Virginia, with which are associated some of our leading merchants and capitalists. It is proposed to purchase 100,000 acres of Oil, Coal, Iron and Timber lands in Cabell County, at $8 85 per acre; the title being indisputable, having been finally adjudicated in the United States Courts. The purchase is divided into 650 interests or parts, at $1,500 each, which pays for the land and provides at the same time a working capital of $90,000 to develop the property, upon the basis of which it is intended to form one or more companies, (as the parties interested may determine,) the stock to be equally divided between the owners of the 650 interests. From letters of trustworthy gentlemen, reports of scientific men, and other equally reliable evidences, it seems unquestionable that the property, if developed by the skillful application of capital, possesses a very large, not to say unlimited, value. The existence of oil in large quantities is placed beyond reasonable doubt. The mineral wealth of the land is said to have been sufficiently proved. In addition, it may be stated that the high character of the gentlemen engaged in this enterprise affords a reasonable guarantee that the means invested will be properly directed.

The day's business at the office of the Assistant Treasurer United States, New-York, was as follows: Receipts, $5,650,730 94; for customs, $151,000; on account loan, $244,700; payments, $12,414,013 04; balance, $26,056,530 63.

The Maple Shade Oil Company, of Philadelphia, (originally organized by Messrs. PHILLIPS BROTHERS, of Newcastle, Western Pennsylvania,) has declared a dividend of 16 ℔ cent. for the month of December.

BANKING AND FINANCIAL.

☞ THE FOURTH NATIONAL BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK.
CAPITAL, $5,000,000.
FINANCIAL AGENT OF THE UNITED STATES,
Nos. 27 and 29 Pine-st., New-York.
This bank has ready for sale (allowing the commission to purchasers) U. S. 7 3-10 Notes, which at maturity are convertible into a six per cent. gold-bearing loan; collects warrants, certificates, maturing loans and drafts, and attends to all financial business with Government. Parties wishing to avoid the delay and inconvenience of direct correspondence with the departments, are invited to apply at this bank.
MORRIS KETCHUM, President.
D. W. VAUGHAN, Cashier.

GENERAL MARKETS.

NEW-YORK, Thursday, Dec. 22—6 P. M.

Receipts of produce since our last, 26 bbls. Ashes, 3,481 bbls. Flour, 506 bbls. and 819 bags Corn Meal, 3 330 bushels Corn, 7,680 bushels Oats, 765 bushels Malt, 2,339 pkgs. Provisions, and 185 bbls. Whisky.

ASHES—Quiet; Pots, $12; Pearls, $13@13 25 ℔ 100 lbs.

COFFEE—Continues quiet; Java, 46c. @48c.; Rio, 40c. @44c.; Laguayra and Maracaibo, 41c. @44c.; St. Domingo, 40c. ℔ lb.; 500 bags Rio were sold on private terms.

COTTON—Is in less demand at irregular prices. Sales and resales since our last, 470 bales, including Middling, at from $1 24@$1 25 ℔ lb.

FLOUR AND MEAL.—State and Western Flour has been inactive and depressed to-day. Sales since our last amount to 9,200 bbls., including very inferior to choice Superfine State and Western at $9 60@$9 90; poor to choice Extra State at $10@$10 40, chiefly $10 10@$10 25; Round-Hoop Extra Ohio, inferior to very good shipping brands, $11@$11 30 ℔ bbl.

Superfine State and Western	$9 60 @$ 9 90
Extra State	10 00 @10 40
Extra Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, &c.	10 10 @12 75
Extra Ohio, round-hoop, shp'g brands.	11 00 @11 30
Extra Ohio, trade and family brands.	11 20 @13 00
Extra Genesee	10 40 @13 00
Poor to choice Extra Missouri	10 40 @14 75

Southern Flour is quiet at drooping prices. Sales since our last 850 bbls., at $10 65@$11 75 for poor to good, and $11 80@$15 for good to choice extra brands, and $14@$15 for Phœnix Mills, ℔ bbl. Canadian Flour favors buyers; sales 450 bbls. Extra, at $10 05@$12 ℔ bbl. Rye Flour is inactive to-day, including fine and superfine, at $8 25@$9 45 ℔ bbl.; sales 150 bbls. Corn Meal is in demand, at $7 75 for Jersey, and $8 75 for Caloric, and $8 80 for Brandywine, and $11 for White Atlantic, ℔ bbl.; sales 750 bbls.

GRAIN—Wheat has been inactive, yet stiffly held. Sales, since our last, 13,000 bushels, including Amber Western, at $2 56⅜, and Red do. at $2 50 ℔ bushel. Corn is very quiet and depressed; small sales only were reported of inferior Mixed Western, at $1 86½; Jersey Yellow at $1 75@$1 80; and White Southern, on private terms. Oats are quiet at drooping prices; we quote Canada at 97c. @98c.; Western at $1 03@$1 04, afloat and in store; State at $1 01, ℔ bushel. Rye is quiet and depressed; 6,500 bushels Canada East Barley were sold at $1 90.

HAY—North River is in demand at $1 45@$1 60 for Government and shipping, and $1 60@$1 75 for small lots for city use. ℔ 100 lbs.

HOPS—New are quiet, at 30c. @52½c. for very inferior to choice, ℔ lb.

MOLASSES—Continues inactive, including New-Orleans, at $1@$1 25; Porto Rico, 85c. @$1 10; Cuba Muscovado, 70c. @90c. ℔ gallon.

OIL CAKE—Sales 127 tons Western at $75@$78 ℔ ton.

PETROLEUM—Has been in fair demand at 53c. @54c. for Crude, 75c. @76c. for Refined in bond, and 95c. @96c. for do. free, ℔ gallon; sales since our last, 3,200 bbls.

PROVISIONS—Pork has been less sought after at reduced prices. Sales have been made of 7,100 bbls., at $39 87@$40 25 cash, and regular for 1863-4 Mess, closing at $39 87½ cash; $41 50 @$42 for New Mess; $39@$40 for New Prime Mess; $39@$39 50 for Thin Mess; and $36@$37 for New Prime, ℔ bbl. Sales were also made of 500 bbls. 1863-4 Mess, December delivery, buyer's option, at $40 50; 1,000 bbls. do., January delivery, seller and buyer's options, at $41 75@$42 25; 5,700 bbls. New Mess, January, same options, at $42@$42 75; and 500 bbls. do., February, seller's option, at $42 50 ℔ bbl. Cut meats are in good demand at 17½c. @18¾c. for Shoulders, 19c. @23c., (the latter rate) for choice bagged, for Hams; sales equal to 650 pkgs. Bacon is quiet. Sales since our last 200 boxes, for January delivery, Cumberland Cut at 20¾c. ℔ lb. Dressed Hogs are in less request at 17c. @17½c. for dressed, and 14½c. @14¾c. for live, ℔ lb. Lard is unaltered. Sales 1,650 tcs. and bbls. at 20½c. @25c., the latter rate for very choice, and 160 kegs City at 27½c. @27½c. Beef is in request and firm at $21@$24 for New Extra Mess; $19@$22 for New Plain Mess; sales 1,100 bbls. Tierce Beef is quiet. Beef Hams continue unaltered; sales 150 bbls. at $27@$28 ℔ bbl. Butter is quiet at 46c. @58c. for poor to choice, and 58c. @60c. for fancy State, and 36c. @50c. for Western, ℔ lb. Cheese is inactive at 15c. @24c. for poor to very choice, ℔ lb.

SUGARS—Are inactive, at drooping prices; sales since our last, 147 hhds., including Cubs, &c., at 17¾c. @23c. ℔ lb. Refined Sugars continue inactive at 24½c. @28½c. ℔ lb.

TALLOW—Sales 84,000 lbs., at 17¼c. @18c., and 14,000 lbs. Grease, at 16c. @16¼c. ℔ lb.

WHISKY—Sales since our last, 3,500 bbls., in lots, at from $2 23@$2 30, closing at $2 25 ℔ gallon.

FREIGHTS—For Liverpool, the engagements were confined to 100 tcs. Beef, at 2s. 3d.; 10,000 Hogshead Staves, at 20s; also, by steamer, 300 bxs. Bacon, at 20s. @25s. For London, 250 tcs. Beef, at 3s. 6d.; 300 tons Logwood, at 15s.; 50 hhds. Tobacco, at 27s. 6d.

[Advertisement.]
THE USEFUL AND THE BEAUTIFUL COMBINED.—Beside books, albums, pictures, microscopes, &c., Messrs. FOWLER & WELLS, No. 389 Broadway, New-York, have busts of different sizes—Psyche, Sabina, Apollo, Diana, Flora, Clytia, Shakespeare, Milton, Scott, Burns, Byron, Plato, Homer, Virgil, Socrates, Raphael, Schiller, Goethe, Washington, Webster, Franklin, etc. Suitable for the library, reading-room, public hall, or drawing-room. They make very pretty presents.

[Advertisement.]
GOLD PENS.
The neatest goods for Holiday Presents—FOLEY'S celebrated Gold Pens and Pencils.
Sold by all the leading stationers at the manufacturer's prices.
Store and factory, No 169 Broadway.

[Advertisement.]
SPECIAL NOTICE.—All are permitted to secure their lessons at half-prices for the ensuing term by entering their names before Christmas. Lessons may be extended to May 1.

[Advertisement.]
HOLIDAY GIFT.
WILLCOX & GIBBS' SEWING MACHINE.
It is entirely noiseless.
A patented device prevents its being turned backward.
The needle cannot be set wrong.
The Hemmer, Feller and Braider are acknowledged to be superior to all others.
It received the Gold Medal of the American Institute in 1863.
It also received the first premium for "THE BEST SEWING MACHINE" at the great "NEW-ENGLAND FAIR," the "Vermont State Fair," the "Pennsylvania State Fair," and the "Indiana State Fair," 1864.
Office, No. 508 Broadway.

[Advertisement.]
KNOX'S.—The Jingling of Sleigh Bells is suggestive of Knox's superb stock of Fancy Furs, and cannot fail to remind the ladies that his establishment, No. 212 Broadway, corner of Fulton-street, is just the place to make their purchases. The gentlemen do not require a reminder, as they are well aware that his Winter style of Hats is characterized by its usual excellence and superiority over all others.

[Advertisement.]
HOLIDAY SUITS AND OVERCOATS.
{ Boys from $10 to $20. }
{ Men's from $20 to $45. }
I. V. BROKAW, No. 34 4th-av.,
Opposite Cooper Union.

[Advertisement.]
HERRING'S Patent Champion Fire proof Safes, and HERRING'S new Patent Burglar-proof Safes, with HERRING & FLOYD'S Patent Crystalized Iron—the only material which cannot be drilled—at No. 251 Broadway, New-York.

[Advertisement.]
A BEAUTIFUL NEW-YEAR'S PRESENT.—DEMOREST'S ILLUSTRATED MONTHLY, and Mme. DEMOREST'S MIRROR OF FASHIONS. A yearly subscription, with the splendid premium, would be a souvenir to any lady, and highly acceptable.

[Advertisement.]
Ladies', Misses' and Children's Rubber-sole Balmorals, warranted the cheapest and most durable shoe in the market. CANTRELL, No. 813 Broadway.

[Advertisement.]
CHRISTMAS PRESENT.—WILLCOX & GIBBS noiseless sewing machine, office No. 508 Broadway.

A MERRY CHRISTMAS.
GENUINE IRISH AND SCOTCH WHISKY.
JOHN MCAULIFFE, NOS. 41 AND 43 NASSAU-ST., offers Irish and Scotch Whisky of that ripe age and flavor for which his house is so celebrated, and that can be had no where else this season. No 13 Fulton-st., Fulton Market; No. 355 Broome-st. and Broadway.

SAVE LABOR! SAVE YOUR COAL!
If you want a Heater, Range or Stove that will require but one lighting of fires in the season, give you a pure, moist atmosphere, consume less coal and give less trouble than any other, call at No. 270 Canal-st., a few doors east of Broadway. JOHN SUMNER

DR. ROWE
CAN BE CONSULTED AT HIS RESIDENCE,
NO. 16 WEST 14TH-ST.,
EIGHT DOORS WEST OF FIFTH-AV.,
NEW-YORK,
ON
DEAFNESS
CATARRH
DISEASES OF THE
EYE, EAR AND THROAT.
CROSS EYES STRAIGHTENED WITH BUT LITTLE PAIN IN A FEW MINUTES.
HOURS, 10 A. M. TO 3 P. M.
TO
D. VAN VOORHIS, ESQ.,
Ryerson-st., near Gates-av. Brooklyn.
Dr. ROWE refers for the cure of Catarrh.
TO
W. H. BLACKLER, ESQ.,
Nos. 54 and 56 Exchange-place,
New-York.
(Residence 142 President-st., Brooklyn.)
He refers for the cure of Deafness.

DEAFNESS CURED.
From W. H. Blackler, Esq.
No. 142 President-st.,
BROOKLYN, June 10, 1864.
My daughter having been affected with partial deafness I was advised by my family physician, the late Dr. A. D Wilson, of 11th-st., New-York, to place her under the care of Dr. Rowe, by whose skill and judicious treatment a complete cure has been effected in the space of a few weeks.
W. H. BLACKLER.
Place of business, Nos. 54 and 56 Exchange-place, New York.

DEAFNESS AND DISCHARGES FROM THE EAR CURED.
From Caleb Sager, Esq., of Trenton, N. J.
TRENTON, N. J., Aug. 25, 1862.
This is to certify that my daughter, having been afflicted for eighteen years, with deafness and discharges from both ears, caused from scarlet fever, when two years old, I placed her under the care of Dr. Rowe. Now her hearing is restored; she hears quite distinctly, and the discharges from both ears are entirely stopped From my intercourse with Dr. Rowe, I feel justified in recommending him as a gentleman well versed in the diseases he makes a specialty of.
CALEB SAGER,
Steward State Lunatic Asylum.

CATARRH CURED.
From Mr. Charles Lockitt.
BROOKLYN, April 6, 1864.
I wish to add my testimony in favor of Dr. Rowe's method of treatment of catarrh.
CHAS. LOCKITT, No. 251 Fulton-st., Brooklyn.

From Mr. Thomas S. Day, of Brooklyn,
No. 223 PEARL-ST., Brooklyn, N. Y., } September 13, 1863. }
For the benefit of those similarly afflicted, I make the following statement: For ten years my daughter was afflicted with catarrh, which gradually grew worse until it had so impaired her health that we felt convinced she must die. The discharge from the head and throat was incessant, frequently accompanied by blood. After having tried every one and everything in vain, as a last resort I called on Dr. Rowe, under whose care she has been entirely cured and restored to the enjoyment of excellent health.
THOMAS S. DAY.

THOMAS R. AGNEW,
Corner of Greenwich and Murray sts.,
who is famed for selling Teas, Coffee, Flour, Fish, and all kinds of Groceries and Provisions, cheaper than any other dealer in the city, has reduced the prices of all his goods for the holidays, so that everybody can now get bargains. Just received, 1,000 assorted packages Mackerel, Nos. 1 and 2, from ½ to a barrel.

ONLY 25 CENTS PER BOTTLE.
REYNOLDS' CRINOLA
FOR THE HAIR.
Makes the hair soft, glossy, dark and beautiful, and disposes it to remain in any desired position.
Agents, NORTON & CO.,
No. 75 Bleecker-st.

PEREGO'S
PATENT BOSOM
SHIRT.
Perfect Fitting
AND
MORE DURABLE
Than any Other.
READY MADE
OR
TO ORDER.

IR

THE CITY GOVERNMENT.

[Continued from Second Page.]

McCool, Shannon, Chipp, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Masterson, Ottiwell, Long—13.

Report of Committee on Roads, in favor of adopting resolution that One Hundred and Twenty-ninth street, from the Third-avenue to the Eighth-avenue, be repaired, and crosswalks laid in the Sixth-avenue, at One Hundred and Twenty-ninth-street, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, and that the accompany ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, Jones, The President, McCool, Shannon, Chipp, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Masterson, Ottiwell, Long—13.

Report of Committee on Roads, in favor of concurring with the Board of Councilmen in adopting resolution that the sidewalks be flagged, and the curb and gutter stones set around Stuyvesant-square, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, Jones, The President, McCool, Shannon, Chipp, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Masterson, Ottiwell, Long—13.

Report of Committee on Roads, in favor of concurring with the Board of Councilmen in adopting resolution that Ninety-eighth-street, between Second and Third avenues, be curbed, guttered, and flagged, a space four feet wide, through the same, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, Jones, The President, McCool, Shannon, Chipp, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Masterson, Ottiwell, Long—13.

Report of Committee on Roads, in favor of concurring with Board of Councilmen in adopting resolution, that the curb and gutter stones be set and the sidewalks flagged, a space of four feet wide, through the middle of the same, in One Hundred and Twenty-seventh-street, between Sixth and Seventh avenues, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, Jones, The President, McCool, Shannon, Chipp, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Masterson, Ottiwell, Long—13.

Report of Committee on Roads, in favor of adopting resolution that Fifty-third street, between Fifth and Sixth avenues, be regulated, curbed, and guttered, and the sidewalks flagged four feet wide, through the centre of the same, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, Jones, The President, McCool, Shannon, Chipp, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Masterson, Ottiwell, Long—13.

Report of Committee on Sewers, in favor of adopting resolution that the curb and gutter stones be set around Stuyvesant-square, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, Jones, The President, McCool, Shannon, Chipp, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Masterson, Ottiwell, Long—13.

Report of Committee on Streets, in favor of adopting resolution that the sidewalks be flagged, and the curb and gutter stones set around Stuyvesant-square, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, Jones, The President, McCool, Shannon, Chipp, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Masterson, Ottiwell, Long—13.

Report of Committee on Roads, in favor of concurring with the Board of Councilmen in adopting resolution that Fourth-avenue, from Thirty-eighth to Forty-third-street, with Belgian pavement.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, Jones, The President, McCool, Shannon, Chipp, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Masterson, Ottiwell, Long—13.

Report of Committee on Streets, in favor of adopting resolution that the curb and gutter stones in Church-street, between Thomas and Duane streets, be set and reset where necessary, upon the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, Jones, The President, McCool, Shannon, Chipp, McKnight, Jeremiah, Ryers, Hardy, Masterson, Long—12.

Report of Committee on Sewers, in favor of adopting resolution that a sewer, with the necessary receiving basins and culverts, be built in One Hundred and Sixteenth street, commencing twenty-five feet west of Avenue A, to connect with the sewer in First-avenue, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was referred to the Committee on Streets.

Report of Committee on Sewers, in favor of adopting resolution that a sewer, with the necessary receiving basins and culverts, be built in Bleecker-street, from Perry to Hammond streets, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, Jones, The President, McCool, Shannon, Chipp, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Masterson, Ottiwell, Long—13.

Report of Committee on Sewers, in favor of adopting resolution that a receiving basin and culvert be built on the southwest corner of New-Bowery and James street, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, Jones, The President, McCool, Shannon, Chipp, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Masterson, Ottiwell, Long—13.

Report of Committee on Sewers, in favor of concurring with the Board of Councilmen, to build a sewer in Eighty-second-street, to and through First-avenue to Seventy-ninth-street.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, Jones, The President, McCool, Shannon, Chipp, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Masterson, Ottiwell, Long—13.

Report of Committee on Sewers, in favor of concurring with the Board of Councilmen to build a sewer in Gansevoort-street, from the present sewer to Hudson-street.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, Jones, The President, McCool, Shannon, Chipp, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Masterson, Ottiwell, Long—13.

Report of Committee on Sewers, in favor of concurring with the Board of Councilmen, to build a basin and culvert on the southeast corner of Forty-ninth-street and Second-avenue.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, Jones, The President, McCool, Shannon, Chipp, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Masterson, Ottiwell, Long—13.

Report of Committee on Sewers, in favor of concurring with the Board of Councilmen to build a sewer in Oak-street, from James street.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, Jones, The President, McCool, Shannon, Chipp, McKnight, Jeremiah, Hardy, Masterson, Ottiwell, Long—13.

Report of Committee on Roads, in favor of concurring with Board of Councilmen in adopting resolution that Eighty-fourth-street, between Second and Third avenues, be regulated, curbed and flagged, and the sidewalks flagged four feet wide, through the centre of the same, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, Jones, The President, McCool, Shannon, Chipp, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Masterson, Ottiwell, Long—13.

Report of Committee on Roads, in favor of adopting resolution that Avenue A, from One Hundred and Fourteenth-street to the Harlem River, be regulated and graded, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, Jones, The President, McCool, Shannon, Chipp, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Masterson, Ottiwell, Long—13.

Report of Committee on Roads, to curb, &c., Eleventh-avenue, from the Bloomingdale road to One Hundred and Thirty-first-street.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, Jones, The President, McCool, Shannon, Chipp, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Masterson, Ottiwell, Long—13.

Report of Committee on Roads, in favor of adopting resolution, that Forty-eighth-street, between the Eighth and Ninth avenues, be regulated, graded, curbed, guttered, and the sidewalks flagged a space of four feet wide, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, Jones, McCool, Shannon, Chipp, Farley, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Masterson, Ottiwell, Long—13.

Report of Committee on Roads in favor of adopting resolution that the curb and gutter stones be set, the sidewalks flagged, a space eight feet wide in Forty-ninth-street between Eighth and Ninth avenues, where not already done, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, Jones, The President, McCool, Shannon, Chipp, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Masterson, Ottiwell, Long—13.

Report of Committee on Roads in favor of adopting resolution, that Forty-eighth-street from the Fifth to the Sixth-avenues, be paved with Belgian pavement, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, Jones, The President, McCool, Shannon, Chipp, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Masterson, Ottiwell, Long—13.

Report of Committee on Roads in favor of adopting resolution that the curb and gutter stones be set, the sidewalks flagged, in Sixtieth-street between First and Second avenues, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, Jones, The President, McCool, Shannon, Chipp, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Masterson, Ottiwell, Long—13.

Report of Committee on Roads, in favor of concurring with Board of Councilmen in adopting resolution that curb and gutter stones be set between First and Second avenues, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, Jones, The President, McCool, Shannon, Chipp, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Masterson, Ottiwell, Farley, Long—13.

Report of Committee on Roads, in favor of adopting resolution that Avenue A, from One Hundred and Fourteenth-street to the Harlem River, be regulated and graded, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, Jones, The President, McCool, Shannon, Chipp, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Masterson, Ottiwell, Long—13.

Report of Committee on Roads, to curb, &c., Eleventh-avenue, from the Bloomingdale road to One Hundred and Thirty-first-street.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, Jones, The President, McCool, Shannon, Chipp, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Masterson, Ottiwell, Long—13.

Report of Committee on Roads, in favor of adopting resolution, that crosswalks be laid at the corners of Fourth-avenue and One Hundred and Thirty-first streets, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, Jones, The President, McCool, Shannon, Chipp, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Masterson, Ottiwell, Long—13.

Report of Committee on Roads, in favor of adopting resolution, that crosswalks be laid on the westerly side of Sixth-avenue, from Forty-seventh to Fifty-ninth-street, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, Jones, The President, McCool, Shannon, Chipp, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Masterson, Ottiwell, Long—13.

Report of Committee on Roads in favor of adopting resolution that the curb and gutter stones be set, the sidewalks flagged, a space eight feet wide in Forty-ninth-street between Eighth and Ninth avenues, where not already done, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, Jones, The President, McCool, Shannon, Chipp, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Masterson, Ottiwell, Long—13.

Report of Committee on Roads in favor of adopting resolution that Forty-eighth-street from the Fifth to the Sixth-avenues, be paved with Belgian pavement, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, Jones, The President, McCool, Shannon, Chipp, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Masterson, Ottiwell, Long—13.

Report of Committee on Roads in favor of adopting resolution that Forty-fifth-street between Sixth-avenue and Broadway, be paved with Belgian pavement, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, Jones, The President, McCool, Shannon, Chipp, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Masterson, Ottiwell, Long—13.

Report of Committee on Roads, in favor of adopting resolution that crosswalks be laid on the corners of Fourth-avenue and One Hundred and Thirty-first streets, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, Jones, The President, McCool, Shannon, Chipp, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Masterson, Ottiwell, Long—13.

Report of Committee on Roads, in favor of adopting resolution, that crosswalks be laid on the westerly side of Sixth-avenue, from Forty-seventh to Fifty-ninth-street, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, Jones, The President, McCool, Shannon, Chipp, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Masterson, Ottiwell, Long—13.

Report of Committee on Roads in favor of adopting resolution that the curb and gutter stones be set, the sidewalks flagged, a space eight feet wide in Forty-ninth-street between Eighth and Ninth avenues, where not already done, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, Jones, The President, McCool, Shannon, Chipp, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Masterson, Ottiwell, Long—13.

Report of Committee on Roads in favor of adopting resolution that Forty-eighth-street from the Fifth to the Sixth-avenues, be paved with Belgian pavement, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, Jones, The President, McCool, Shannon, Chipp, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Masterson, Ottiwell, Long—13.

Report of Committee on Roads in favor of adopting resolution that Forty-fifth-street between Sixth-avenue and Broadway, be paved with Belgian pavement, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, Jones, The President, McCool, Shannon, Chipp, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Masterson, Ottiwell, Long—13.

Report of Committee on Roads, in favor of concurring with the Board of Councilmen in adopting resolution that the curb and gutter stones be set and reset between Fourth and Fifth avenues, be regulated, graded, curbed and guttered, and the sidewalks flagged and reflagged, where necessary, a space four feet wide on both sides of Fifty-second-street, between Fifth and Eighth avenues, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, Jones, The President, McCool, Shannon, Chipp, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Masterson, Ottiwell, Long—13.

Report of Committee on Roads, in favor of adopting resolution that Fifty-third street, between Fifth and Sixth avenues, be regulated, curbed, guttered, and the sidewalks flagged four feet wide, through the centre of the same, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, Jones, The President, McCool, Shannon, Chipp, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Masterson, Ottiwell, Long—13.

Report of Committee on Roads, in favor of adopting resolution that Forty-eighth-street, between Second and Third avenues, be curbed, guttered, and flagged, a space four feet wide, through the centre of the same, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, Jones, The President, McCool, Shannon, Chipp, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Masterson, Ottiwell, Long—13.

Report of Committee on Roads, in favor of concurring with Board of Councilmen in adopting resolution that Ninety-eighth-street, between Second and Third avenues, be curbed, guttered, and flagged, a space four feet wide, through the centre of the same, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, Jones, The President, McCool, Shannon, Chipp, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Masterson, Ottiwell, Long—13.

Report of Committee on Roads, in favor of adopting resolution that Avenue A, from One Hundred and Fourteenth-street to the Harlem River, be regulated and graded, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, Jones, The President, McCool, Shannon, Chipp, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Masterson, Ottiwell, Long—13.

Report of Committee on Roads, to curb, &c., Eleventh-avenue, from the Bloomingdale road to One Hundred and Thirty-first-street.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, Jones, The President, McCool, Shannon, Chipp, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Masterson, Ottiwell, Long—13.

Report of Committee on Roads, in favor of adopting resolution, that crosswalks be laid on the westerly side of Sixth-avenue, from Forty-seventh to Fifty-ninth-street, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, Jones, The President, McCool, Shannon, Chipp, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Masterson, Ottiwell, Long—13.

Report of Committee on Roads in favor of adopting resolution that the curb and gutter stones be set, the sidewalks flagged, a space eight feet wide in Forty-ninth-street between Eighth and Ninth avenues, where not already done, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, Jones, The President, McCool, Shannon, Chipp, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Masterson, Ottiwell, Long—13.

Report of Committee on Roads in favor of adopting resolution that Forty-eighth-street from the Fifth to the Sixth-avenues, be paved with Belgian pavement, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, Jones, The President, McCool, Shannon, Chipp, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Masterson, Ottiwell, Long—13.

Report of Committee on Roads, in favor of concurring with Board of Councilmen in adopting resolution that curb and gutter stones be set and reset between Sixtieth and Sixty-first streets, be flagged and reflagged, where not already done, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, Jones, The President, McCool, Shannon, Chipp, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Masterson, Ottiwell, Farley, Long—13.

Report of Committee on Roads, in favor of adopting resolution that Avenue A, from One Hundred and Fourteenth-street to the Harlem River, be regulated and graded, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, Jones, The President, McCool, Shannon, Chipp, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Masterson, Ottiwell, Long—13.

Report of Committee on Roads, to curb, &c., Eleventh-avenue, from the Bloomingdale road to One Hundred and Thirty-first-street.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, Jones, The President, McCool, Shannon, Chipp, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Masterson, Ottiwell, Long—13.

Report of Committee on Roads, in favor of adopting resolution, that crosswalks be laid on the westerly side of Sixth-avenue, from Forty-seventh to Fifty-ninth-street, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, Jones, The President, McCool, Shannon, Chipp, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Masterson, Ottiwell, Long—13.

Report of Committee on Roads in favor of adopting resolution that the curb and gutter stones be set, the sidewalks flagged, a space eight feet wide in Forty-ninth-street between Eighth and Ninth avenues, where not already done, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, Jones, The President, McCool, Shannon, Chipp, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Masterson, Ottiwell, Long—13.

Report of Committee on Roads in favor of adopting resolution that Forty-eighth-street from the Fifth to the Sixth-avenues, be paved with Belgian pavement, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, Jones, The President, McCool, Shannon, Chipp, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Masterson, Ottiwell, Long—13.

Report of Committee on Roads, in favor of concurring with Board of Councilmen in adopting resolution that curb and gutter stones be set between Fifth and Sixth avenues, be flagged, and the sidewalks flagged four feet wide through the centre, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, Jones, The President, McCool, Shannon, Chipp, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Masterson, Ottiwell, Long—13.

Report of Committee on Roads, in favor of concurring with Board of Councilmen in adopting resolution that Fifty-ninth-street, between Fifth and Sixth avenues, be regulated, curbed and guttered, and the sidewalks flagged four feet wide through the centre of same, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, Jones, The President, Shannon, Chipp, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Kelly, Masterson, Long—11.

Report of Committee on Fire Department in favor of adopting resolution that the Street Commissioner be directed to advertise for proposals for the erection of a house for the use of Engine Company number Fourteen, on the site recently purchased by the Comptroller for the use of said company.

Which was laid over.

Resolution of Board of Councilmen that permission be given to the Fifth National Bank of this city, to construct an open portico in front of their banking-house, number three hundred and thirty-eight Third-avenue, said portico not to extend beyond the line heretofore granted for the portico of the Third-avenue Savings Bank and other banking-houses, the same to be done under the direction of the Street Commissioner.

Which was concurred in.

Report of Committee on Streets in favor of adopting resolution that Fifth street, from the Bowery to the Second-avenue, be paved with Belgian pavement, the property-owners to pay half of the expense and the city the remaining half, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was laid over.

MOTIONS RESUMED.

Alderman Fox moved to suspend the present order of business, in order to take up papers from the Board of Councilmen.

Which was carried.

PAPERS FROM THE BOARD OF COUNCILMEN RESUMED.

Report of Committee on Finance relative to the Fire Telegraph in the city of New-York.

Which was laid over.

Alderman Masterson moved to take up an ordinance dividing the Twenty-second Ward into convenient election districts.

Which was carried.

He then moved a reference of the paper to the Committee on Ordinances.

Which was carried.

PAPERS HERETOFORE LAID OVER RESUMED.

Report of Committee on Finance in favor of adopting resolution that the carriage of Hose Company, Number Forty-three, be repaired at an expense not to exceed the sum of two hundred and fifty dollars.

Alderman Jones moved to amend by adding, "The repairs necessary to put the carriage in complete working order, not to exceed the sum of two hundred and fifty dollars."

Which was carried.

The resolution, as amended, was then adopted.

Affirmative—Alderman Fox, Jones, The President, Shannon, Chipp, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Kelly, Masterson, Ottiwell, Farley, Long—11.

Report of Committee on Streets, in favor of concurring with Board of Councilmen in adopting resolution that Twenty-seventh-street, between Second and Third avenues, be flagged, &c., under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, Jones, The President, Shannon, Chipp, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Masterson, Farley, Long—11.

Report of Committee on Streets in favor of adopting resolution that East Twenty-second-street, between Broadway and Fourth-avenue, be paved with Belgian pavement, the property-owners to pay one-half of the expense, and the city the remaining half, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative — Alderman Fox, Jones, the President, Shannon, Chipp, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Kelly, Masterson, Long—11.

Report of Committee on Streets in favor of adopting resolution that Twenty-first-street, between Tenth and Eleventh avenues, be paved with cobble-stone pavement, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department, and that the accompanying resolution therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote.

Affirmative — Aldermen Fox, Jones, the President, Shannon, Chipp, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Kelly, Masterson, Long—11.

Resolution by Board of Councilmen, that a receiving basin and culvert be built on the northwest corner of Third-avenue and Fifty-ninth-street, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, Jones, The President, McCool, Shannon, Chipp, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Kelly, Masterson, Long—11.

Resolution that the present sewer in Thirty-eighth-street, between the sewer in Eighth-avenue to a point about 250 feet west of Eighth-avenue, be taken up and rebuilt at the usual depth of fifteen feet below the curb grade, or as near to said depth as may be found practicable, the same to be done at city expense, under the head of City Contingencies, without contract, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board.

Which was referred to Committee on Sewers.

Report of Committee on Public Health, in favor of adopting resolution that the vacant lots between Forty-sixth and Forty-eighth streets, and Third and Lexington avenues, be fenced in, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, Jones, The President, Shannon, Chipp, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Kelly, Masterson, Ottiwell, Farley, Long—11.

Report of Committee on Streets, in favor of concurring with Board of Councilmen in adopting resolution that Forty-fifth-street, between Fifth and Sixth avenues, be regulated, curbed and guttered, and the sidewalks flagged four feet wide through the centre of same, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was laid over.

Report of Committee on Streets, with resolution that the sidewalks be flagged, and the curb and gutter-stones set around Stuyvesant-square, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was referred to Committee on Streets.

Report of Committee on Streets, with resolution that the curb and gutter-stones in Church-street, from Thomas to Duane streets, be set and reset where necessary, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was referred to Committee on Streets.

Report of Committee on Sewers, with resolution that a receiving-basin and culvert be built on the southwest corner of New-Bowery and James-street, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was laid over.

Report of Committee on Sewers, with resolution that a receiving-basin and culvert be built on the southeast corner of Forty-ninth-street and Second-avenue.

Which was laid over.

Report of Committee on Sewers, with resolution that a sewer, with the necessary receiving basins and culverts, be built in Monroe-street, between Jackson and Scammel streets, to connect with the sewer now in Jackson-street, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Jones, The President, McCool, Shannon, Chipp, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Kelly, Long—10.

Resolution by Board of Councilmen, that a sewer, with the necessary receiving basins and culverts, be built on the west side of Fourth-avenue, from Seventy-first-street to connect with the sewer in Fifty-ninth-street, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Jones, The President, McCool, Shannon, Chipp, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Kelly, Long—10.

Resolution that the low land sunken lots between Fifty-fourth and Fifty-fifth streets, Lexington and Fourth avenues, be filled in under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilman Jones, the President, McCool, Shannon, Chipp, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Kelly, Long—10.

Resolution that a sewer, with the necessary receiving-basins and culverts, be built in Fifty-second-street, from the present sewer in Sixth-avenue, and to run easterly about three hundred feet from said avenue, the work to be done under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Jones, The President, McCool, Shannon, Chipp, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Kelly, Farley, Long—11.

Resolution that curb and gutter stones be set and reset where necessary, and the sidewalks flagged and reflagged, where necessary, a space four feet wide on both sides of Fifty-second street, between Fifth and Eighth avenues, under such directions as shall be given by the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Jones, The President, McCool, Shannon, Chipp, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Kelly, Masterson, Long—11.

An ordinance for paving Lexington-avenue, between Fifty-seventh and Sixty-sixth streets with trap-blocks.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Jones, The President, McCool, Shannon, Chipp, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Kelly, Long—10.

Resolution that curb and gutter stones be set, and the sidewalks flagged a space four feet wide, through the middle of the same, on both sides of Sixtieth-street, from Lexington to Fifth-avenue, under such directions as shall be given by the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Jones, The President, McCool, Shannon, Chipp, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Kelly, Masterson, Long—11.

Report of Committee on Streets, in favor of concurring with the Board of Councilmen in adopting resolution that the sidewalks on the east side of Third-avenue, between Twentieth and Twenty-first streets, be flagged and reflagged, where not already done, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted, and all authority heretofore granted to individuals or corporations to perform such work is hereby repealed.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Jones, The President, Shannon, Chipp, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Kelly, Masterson, Long—10.

Report of Committee on Roads of Board of Councilmen, with resolution that Eighty-first-street, between the Third and Fourth avenues, be regulated, curbed, guttered and flagged, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Jones, The President, McCool, Shannon, Chipp, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Kelly, Long—10.

Report of Committee on Roads, in favor of adopting resolution that the vacant lots on the south side of Forty-Fifth-street, between Tenth and Eleventh avenues, be fenced in under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, Jones, The President, Shannon, Chipp, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Kelly, Masterson, Ottiwell, Farley, Long—11.

Report of Committee on Streets, with resolution that the sidewalks be flagged, and the curb and gutter-stones set around Stuyvesant-square, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was referred to Committee on Streets.

Report of Committee on Streets, with resolution that the curb and gutter-stones in Church-street, from Thomas to Duane streets, be set and reset where necessary, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was referred to Committee on Streets.

Report of Committee on Sewers, with resolution that a receiving basin and culvert be built on the southwest corner of New-Bowery and James-street, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was laid over.

Report of Committee on Sewers, with resolution that a receiving-basin and culvert be built on the southeast corner of Second-avenue and Seventy-ninth-street, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was laid over.

MOTIONS RESUMED.

Alderman Fox moved to suspend the present order of business, in order to take up papers from the Board of Councilmen.

Which was carried.

PAPERS FROM THE BOARD OF COUNCILMEN RESUMED.

Report of Committee on Finance relative to the Fire Telegraph in the city of New-York.

Which was laid over.

Alderman Masterson moved to take up an ordinance dividing the Twenty-second Ward into convenient election districts.

Which was carried.

He then moved a reference of the paper to the Committee on Ordinances.

Which was carried.

PAPERS HERETOFORE LAID OVER RESUMED.

Report of Committee on Finance in favor of adopting resolution that the carriage of Hose Company, Number Forty-three, be repaired at an expense not to exceed the sum of two hundred and fifty dollars.

Alderman Jones moved to amend by adding, "The repairs necessary to put the carriage in complete working order, not to exceed the sum of two hundred and fifty dollars."

Which was carried.

The resolution, as amended, was then adopted.

Affirmative—Alderman Fox, Jones, The President, Shannon, Chipp, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Kelly, Masterson, Ottiwell, Farley, Long—11.

Report of Committee on Streets, in favor of concurring with Board of Councilmen in adopting resolution that Twenty-seventh-street, between Second and Third avenues, be flagged, &c., under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, Jones, The President, Shannon, Chipp, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Masterson, Farley, Long—11.

Report of Committee on Streets in favor of adopting resolution that East Twenty-second-street, between Broadway and Fourth-avenue, be paved with Belgian pavement, the property-owners to pay one-half of the expense, and the city the remaining half, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative — Alderman Fox, Jones, the President, Shannon, Chipp, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Kelly, Masterson, Long—11.

Report of Committee on Streets in favor of adopting resolution that Fifth street, from the Bowery to the Second-avenue, be paved with Belgian pavement, the property-owners to pay half of the expense and the city the remaining half, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was laid over.

MOTIONS RESUMED.

Alderman Fox moved to suspend the present order of business, in order to take up papers from the Board of Councilmen.

Which was carried.

PAPERS FROM THE BOARD OF COUNCILMEN RESUMED.

Report of Committee on Finance relative to the Fire Telegraph in the city of New-York.

Which was laid over.

Alderman Masterson moved to take up an ordinance dividing the Twenty-second Ward into convenient election districts.

Which was carried.

He then moved a reference of the paper to the Committee on Ordinances.

Which was carried.

PAPERS HERETOFORE LAID OVER RESUMED.

Report of Committee on Finance in favor of adopting resolution that the carriage of Hose Company, Number Forty-three, be repaired at an expense not to exceed the sum of two hundred and fifty dollars.

Alderman Jones moved to amend by adding, "The repairs necessary to put the carriage in complete working order, not to exceed the sum of two hundred and fifty dollars."

Which was carried.

The resolution, as amended, was then adopted.

Affirmative—Alderman Fox, Jones, The President, Shannon, Chipp, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Kelly, Masterson, Ottiwell, Farley, Long—11.

per annum, the said increase to date from March one, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four.

Councilman Opdyke moved that said resolution be referred to the Committee on Salaries and Offices.

Which was lost.

The paper was then lost for want of a sufficient number of votes, as follows:

Affirmative—Councilmen Healy, Riley, Brophy, Webster, Ryan, Gross, Repper, Houghtalin, Haviland, McGrath, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald, Joyce—16.

Negative—Councilmen Keenan, Hagerty, Hayes, Heffernan, Koster, Opdyke, Jaques, Schaefer—8.

Councilman Joyce moved that such vote be reconsidered.

Which was carried.

And the paper was laid over.

Report of Committee on Assessments, in favor of adopting resolution, that the Comptroller be and he is hereby authorized and directed to draw his warrant in favor of Thomas Harper for the sum of thirty-eight dollars and seventy-two cents, to be applied in payment of assessment on lot, (ward number forty-three, for flagging and setting curb and gutter stones in Fifty-ninth-street, between First and Second avenues, and charge the same to the account of "Donations."

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Healy, Keenan, Riley, Brophy, Hagerty, Hayes, Webster, Heffernan, Ryan, Gross, Repper, Koster, Houghtalin, Haviland, McGrath, Opdyke, Jaques, Schaefer, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald, Joyce—24.

Report of Committee on Repairs and Supplies, in favor of concurring with the Board of Aldermen in adopting resolution that the Comptroller be directed to procure a suitable court-room for the use of the Fifth Judicial Court.

Councilman Keenan moved that said resolution be laid over.

Which was lost by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Healy, Keenan, Riley, Brophy, Hagerty, Russell, Joyce—7.

Negative—Councilmen Webster, Heffernan, Ryan, Gross, Repper, Koster, Haviland, McGrath, Opdyke, Jaques, Schaefer, Cook, Brandon, Brice—14.

Councilman Keenan moved that said resolution be referred back to the Committee on Repairs and Supplies, with instructions to ascertain what rooms can be procured, and at what price.

Which was carried.

Report of Committee on Finance, in favor of adopting resolution, that the Comptroller be directed to draw his warrant in favor of James Bonaemin, for the sum of three hundred dollars, being a remuneration for loss of horse, and charge the same to the account of "Donations."

Councilman Jaques moved that said paper be recommitted to the Committee on Finance.

Which was lost.

The paper was then adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Healy, Keenan, Riley, Brophy, Hagerty, Webster, Heffernan, Ryan, Gross, Koster, Houghtalin, Haviland, McGrath, Schaefer, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald—18.

Negative—Councilmen Repper, Opdyke, Jaques, Joyce—4.

MOTIONS.

Councilman Brandon moved that, when the Board adjourn, it do so to meet on Saturday, seventeenth instant, at twelve o'clock M.

Which was carried

Councilman Joyce moved that the Committee on National Affairs be discharged from the further consideration of report of Committee on National Affairs of Board of Aldermen, with resolution that the Comptroller be directed to draw his warrant in favor of Stephen Merritt, for the sum of two hundred and twenty-six dollars, being for expenses incurred for the burial of Commodore W. D. Porter.

Which was laid over.

Councilman Brandon moved that the Committee on Salaries and Offices be discharged from the further consideration of resignation of Seymour A. Bunce as a Commissioner of Deeds, with resolution of Board of Aldermen, that Seymour A. Bunce be appointed a Commissioner of Deeds in and for the City and County of New-York, in place of Seymour A. Bunce, resigned.

Which was carried.

The action of the Board of Aldermen in accepting said resignation and adopting the resolution was concurred in.

GENERAL ORDERS RESUMED.

Report of Committee on Arts and Sciences of Board of Aldermen, with resolution, that the sum of five hundred dollars be appropriated for the purpose of procuring a portrait of ex-Mayor Opdyke, to be placed in the Governor's Room, when completed, the same to be done under the direction of the Committee on Arts and Sciences.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Healy, Keenan, Riley, Brophy, Hagerty, Webster, Heffernan, Ryan, Gross, Repper, Koster, Houghtalin, Haviland, McGrath, Opdyke, Jaques, Schaefer, Cook, Brandon, Brice, Russell, Fitzgerald, Joyce—23.

MOTIONS RESUMED.

Councilman Hagerty moved that the Board do now adjourn.

Which was carried.

Whereupon the President declared that the board stood adjourned until Saturday, the seventeenth instant, at twelve o'clock M.

JAMES M. SWEENY, Clerk.

[OFFICIAL.]

BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

STATED SESSION—SATURDAY, Dec. 17, 1864.

Present—John T. Hery, Esq., President, Aldermen Fox, McCool, Shannon, Chipp, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah Hardy, Farley, Kelly, Ottiwell, Farley.

The minutes of December fifteenth were read and approved.

RESOLUTIONS.

Resolved, That permission be and is hereby given to Richard A. Loines, to exhibit a sign and show-case in front of his premises, number ninety-four Duane-street, provided the same do not interfere with the public thoroughfare, said permission to continue only during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was adopted.

By Alderman Fox—

Resolved, That the salaries of the first and second clerks to the Chief Engineer of the Fire Department; also, the salary of the foreman of the yard, be increased from one thousand five hundred dollars to two thousand dollars per year.

Which was laid over.

MOTIONS.

Alderman Fox moved that when the board adjourns, it do adjourn to meet again on Monday next, the nineteenth instant, at two o'clock P. M.

Which was carried.

REPORTS.

The Committee on Finance presented a report in favor of paying William Dalton for loss of horse.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on Public Health presented a report to fence vacant lot on the southeast corner of Park-avenue and thirty-eighth-street.

Which was laid over.

The Committee on Sewers presented a report to build a sewer in One Hundred and Twenty-fifth-street, from Sixth to Tenth-avenue.

Which was laid over.

PAPERS FROM THE BOARD OF COUNCILMEN.

Bill of Patrick Gleman, amounting to ten dollars, for fitting up poll of Second Election District, Fourteenth Ward, for December election.

Which was concurred in.

Bill of J. M. Gunzier, amounting to ten dollars, for fitting up poll of Twelfth Election District, Seventeenth Ward, for December election.

Which was concurred in.

Bill of Samuel Weill, amounting to ten dollars, for fitting up poll of Sixteenth Election District, Seventeenth Ward, for December election.

Which was concurred in

Bill of A. Linkbardt, amounting to ten dollars, for fitting up poll of Eighteenth Election District, Seventeenth Ward, for December election.

Which was concurred in.

Resolution, That the pay of Inspectors on Sewers in the Croton Aqueduct Department, be increased to four dollars per day, the same to take effect from the first day of October, Eighteen hundred and sixty-four.

Report of Committee on Assessments, with resolution that the Comptroller be directed to draw his warrant in favor of Thomas Harper for the sum of thirty-eight dollars and seventy-two cents, to be applied in payment of an assessment on lot, (ward number forty-three,) for flagging and setting jcurb and gutter stones in Fifty-ninth-street, between First and Second avenues, and charge the same to account of "Donations."

Which was laid over.

Report of Committee on Finance, with resolution that the Comptroller be directed to draw his warrant in favor of James Bonamird for the sum of three hundred dollars, being a remuneration for loss of horse, and charge the same to the account of "Donations."

Which was laid over.

PAPERS HERETOFORE LAID OVER.

Report of Committee on Roads in favor of concurring with the Board of Councilmen in adopting resolution that Forty-sixth-street, between Lexington and Fourth-avenue (property owners to pay the whole expense,) be paved with Belgian pavement, under such direction as shall be given under the Croton Acqueduct Department, and the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Alderman Fox, The President, McCool, Shannon, Chipp, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah Hardy, Kelly, Farley—11.

Resolved, That Fourteenth-street, from the First to the Second-avenue, be regulated and graded, curbed, guttered and flagged, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Alderman Farley moved to insert in resolution, the words were not already done—Carried.

The resolution as amended, was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Alderman Fox, The President, McCool, Shannon, Chipp, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Kelly, Farley, Long—11.

Report of Committee on Streets, in favor of adopting resolution that Twentieth-street, between the Third and Fourth avenues, be paved with Belgian pavement, the property owners to pay one-half of the expense, and the city the remaining half, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, The President, McCool, Shannon, Chipp, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Kelly—10.

Resolution that Forty-second-street, between Second avenue and East River, be regulated, graded, curbed, guttered and flagged, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, The President, McCool, Shannon, Chipp, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy, Kelly—10.

Report of Committee on Sewers of Board of Councilmen, with resolution that a sewer, with the necessary receiving basins and culverts, be built in Sixtieth-street, between Broadway and Ninth-avenue, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Fox, The President, McCool, Shannon, Chipp, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Hardy—9.

Resolution from the Board of Councilmen, rescinding resolution granting permission to Fred Lewis to place a showcase in front of his premises, number six hundred and fifty-five Broadway.

Which was laid over.

On motion the Board then adjourned.

The President announced that the Board stood adjourned until next Monday, the nineteenth instant, at two o'clock P. M.

D. T. VALENTINE, Clerk.

FINANCIAL.

WASHINGTON AND WALNUT BEND OIL COMPANY.

PRESIDENT,
CHARLES F. SIMPSON.
SECRETARY AND TREASURER,
THOMAS B. SUPPLEE.

CAPITAL.....$500,000
100,000 SHARES.....$5 each.
SUBSCRIPTION PRICE.....$2
10,000 SHARES RESERVED AS A WORKING CAPITAL.

OFFICE, No. 314 MARKET-ST., Philadelphia.

No. 1. A well on Oil Creek, now pumping ten barrels per day, and increasing.

No. 2. A well on Oil Creek, now over three hundred feet deep, with large show of oil. Near this is the Cornplanter Well, which is now pumping three hundred barrels per day.

No. 3. A well on Oil Creek, five hundred and twenty feet deep, now ready for tubing, with splendid show of oil; every prospect for producing largely

No. 4. One-fifth interest in a tract of five hundred acres, on the Alleghany River; six wells, now pumping fifty barrels of oil per day; three more wells now going down; with near a mile of river front; all good boring territory.

No. 5. A half acre at Tidionte, near the Economite Wells, which are now pumping sixty barrels per day.

No. 6. Six acres in fee on Walnut Bend, on the Alleghany River; immediately surrounding this property are finely producing wells. This tract will be developed rapidly.

Subscriptions are now being received, and a large portion of the stock already taken. The prospectus and all information can be obtained at the office of the Company, now at No. 314 Market-st., Philadelphia.

NOBLE AND DELEMATER ROCK OIL COMPANY OF NEW-YORK.

Office No. 67 Wall-st.
200,000 Shares, Par Value $3. $300,0000.
Stock full paid, no future assessments.
This Company has an ample working capital, with an interest in the now largest producing well on Oil Creek.

OFFICERS
John J. Morris, Pres. Isaac A. Quackenboss, Vice-Pres.
Isaac Bemheimer, Tres. J. H. Ketcham, Secretary.
William Norton, Counsel.

TRUSTEES.
John J. Morris, Isaac O. Barker,
Isaac A. Quackenboss, Henry Cohn,
Isaac Bemheimer. Smith Barker, Jr.
John H. Rhodes.

PETROLEUM

NEW-YORK AND PHILADELPHIA PETROLEUM COMPANY.

ORGANIZED UNDER THE LAWS OF NEW-YORK.

PROPERTY IN THE VERY HEART OF THE OIL REGIONS OF VENANGO COUNTY, PENN

TRUSTEES:
FRANCIS A. PALMER, President Broadway Bank, New-York.
NATHAN RANDALL, Ex-President United States Telegraph Company, New-York.
ALBERT H. NICOLAY, of Albert H. Nicolay & Co., Brokers and Auctioneers, No. 52 William-st., New-York.
EUGENE J. JACKSON, of Polhamus & Jackson, Bankers and Brokers, No. 43 Exchange-place, New-York.
EDMUND C. STEDMAN, Secretary New-York Petroleum Stock Board, and Broker, No. 30 Broad-st., New-York.
ANDREW McHAFFEY, Philadelphia.
ROBERT CLARKSON, of CLARKSON & CO., Bankers, No. 121 South 3d-st., Philadelphia.
FRANCIS A. GODWIN, Philadelphia.
JAMES M. CLARKE, Oil City, Pennsylvania.
PRESIDENT.
ALBERT H. NICOLAY, New-York.
VICE-PRESIDENT.
ANDREW MEHAFFEY, Philadelphia.
TREASURER.
A. V. STOUT, President Shoe and Leather Bank, New-York.

OFFICES OF THE COMPANY,
No. 52 WILLIAM-ST., New-York,
No. 121 SOUTH THIRD-ST., Philadelphia.

CAPITAL STOCK . . . 300,000 SHARES.
AT THE NOMINAL PAR OF $5 EACH—SUBSCRIPTION PRICE, $2 PER SHARE.
Stock subject to no further assessment.
50,000 SHARES, OR $100,000, RESERVED FOR WORKING CAPITAL.

A large majority of the stock of this company having been already taken in New-York and Philadelphia, the subscription books will remain open but a few days longer, at the offices named below.

NEW-YORK SUBSCRIPTION AGENTS.
FRANCIS A. PALMER, at Broadway Bank, No. 237 Broadway.
ALBERT H. NICOLAY & CO., No. 52 William-st.
POLHAMUS & JACKSON, No. 43 Exchange-place.
Maps and Prospectus can be obtained on application at the office of the Company.

PRESIDENT PETROLEUM COMPANY,

PRESIDENT, VENANGO COUNTY, PENN.
OFFICERS:
President, AMORY EDWARDS, Esq., New-York.
Treasurer, L. H. SIMPSON, Esq., New-York.
Secretary, J. EDWIN CONANT, Esq., New-York.
JOHN M. CLAPP, Esq., Gen'l Resident Superintendent.
Counsel, Messrs. PLATT, GERARD & BUCKLEY, N. Y.
DIRECTORS:
AMORY EDWARDS, Esq., New-York.
EBEN B. CROCKER, Esq., of Crocker & Warren, New-York.
FLETCHER WESTRAY, Esq., of Westray, Gibbs & Hardcastle, New-York
J. M. CLAPP, Esq., President, Venango County, Penn.
L. H. SIMPSON, Esq., of L. H. Simpson & Co., N. York.

ITS LANDS ARE PUT INTO THE COMPANY AT the unprecedented low price of one hundred dollars per acre, the lowest ever known for oil-bearing territory, and forms its

CAPITAL STOCK, - - - - $5,000,000
IN SHARES OF $25 EACH, PAR VALUE—
SUBSCRIPTION PRICE, $5 PER SHARE.
Being in full payment for a $25 share. No further call or assessment to be made.
20,000 SHARES, OR $100,000, RESERVED FOR WORKING CAPITAL.

THESE LANDS are located on the Alleghany River, and on Hemlock, Porcupine and McCrea Creeks, MAKING AN OIL BORING TERRITORY OF OVER TEN AND A HALF MILES IN EXTENT.

Subscription books, maps, and all other information, can be obtained at the office of the Subscription Agents,
L. H. SIMPSON & CO.,
No. 64 Cedar-st., New-York.
Or at the office of the Company, No. 71 Broadway.

EIGHTH NATIONAL BANK.

NO. 650 BROADWAY,
Near Bleecker-st.
UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY.
Subscriptions received for the new popular
7.3-10 LOAN.
And the entire commission of $2 50 on each $1,000 allowed.
10-40 Bonds on hand for immediate delivery.
CHAS. HUDSON, Cashier.

VERMILYE & CO., BANKERS,

NO. 44 WALL-ST.,
BUY AND SELL AT MARKET RATES.
U. S. COUPON AND REGISTERED BONDS OF 1881.
U. S. COUPON AND REGISTERED 5-20 BONDS.
U. S. COUPON AND REGISTERED 10-40 BONDS.
ONE YEAR CERTIFICATE OF INDEBTEDNESS.

NEW 7-30 TREASURY NOTE LOAN USUAL COMMISSION ALLOWED.

MATURING CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNESS COLLECTED OR PURCHASED.

LIVERMORE, CLEWS & CO.,

BANKERS,
No. 32 Wall-st., New-York.
UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT AGENTS
for the sale of the
"7-3-10 NATIONAL LOAN."
All denominations ready for immediate delivery. One-quarter per cent. commission allowed in all cases, and liberal terms made with Banks, Bankers, and Dealers.
ALL DESCRIPTIONS
OF
UNITED STATES SECURITIES
purchased, and on hand, for sale.

BROWN BROTHERS & CO.,

NO. 56 WALL-ST.,
ISSUE COMMERCIAL AND TRAVELERS' CREDITS FOR USE IN THE COUNTRY AND ABROAD.

GOODYEAR BROTHERS & DURAND,

BANKERS,
NO. 18 BROAD-ST., NEW-YORK.
Interest allowed on accounts subject to check at sight, as with banks. Collections on all accessible points at the lowest rates.
ALL KINDS OF GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, R. R. STOCKS, BONDS, GOLD, &c., bought and sold on commission. Orders in Philadelphia and Boston executed without extra charge. Coupons and Interest on United States registered bonds collected.
CHAS. GOODYEAR, Banker, Schoharie Co. Bank.
GEO. GOODYEAR, New-Haven, Conn.
GEO. G. GOODYEAR, HARVEY DURAND.

THE CENTRAL NATIONAL BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK, New-York, Dec. 8, 1864.
PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a meeting of the Stockholders of this Bank, for the choice of a Board of Directors, and the transaction of such other business as may come legally before them, will be held at the Banking Rooms, No. 318 Broadway, on the 10th day of January next (being the second Tuesday of the month), commencing at 10 A. M. and closing at 4 P. M.
W. H. FOSTER, Cashier.

FOURTH NATIONAL BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK, Nos. 27 and 29 Pine-st., New-York, Dec. 8, 1864.
PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the regular annual meeting of the Shareholders of this Bank, for the election of nine Directors and of three Inspectors of Election, to serve for one year, will be held at the Banking-house of this Bank, at Nos. 27 and 29 Pine-st., in the City of New-York, on the 2d TUESDAY of January next, commencing at 12 o'clock at noon, and closing at 3 o'clock P. M. of that day.
The transfer books will be closed from Dec. 31 till after the said election.
D. W. VAUGHAN, Cashier.

COMMISSIONER FOR NEW-JERSEY and other States—No. 5 Beekman-st., Room No. 8, first floor over Park Bank.

FINANCIAL.

OIL CREEK AND MAPLE ISLAND OIL COMPANY.

CAPITAL, $500,000.
100,000 SHARES, $5 EACH.
SUBSCRIPTION PRICE, $1.
TWENTY THOUSAND SHARES RESERVED AS A WORKING CAPITAL.

PRESIDENT,
D. O. C. WARD, M. D.
SECRETARY AND TREASURER,
EDWIN E. SIMPSON.

OFFICE,
ROOM NO. 37, NO. 400 CHESTNUT-ST.,
PHILADELPHIA.

No. 1. Is fifty acres of land, in fee simple, on the Hyde Farm on Oil Creek, about three miles below Titusville. There are three runs passing through this property, all of which empty into Oil Creek. This property lies in the very heart of the oil region, and from the well-known character of Oil Creek and the surrounding territory, it would be superfluous to enter into detail of the prospects of obtaining oil in large quantities.

No. 2. Is the undivided one-sixth interest, in fee, of Maple Island, situate in the Allegheny River, between Tionesta and Pit Hole Creeks. The territory on both sides of the Allegheny River above and below this island, has proven to be good oil lands, as there are several wells now producing largely, in the immediate vicinity; and it is confidently expected that this island, when properly developed, will also yield largely.

No. 3. Is sixty-acres, in fee, on Schull's run, in Rockland Township, Venango County, Pennsylvania, seven miles from Franklin, and one mile from the Allegheny River. The indications for obtaining oil on this property are of the most flattering character; there is also a large quantity of timber, which, at the present high prices of coal, will be a great saving to the Company in developing the lands. Schull's run forks on the adjoining property, and three of its branches run through the above sixty acres. The adjoining property has been sold to a Philadelphia Company for boring purposes, and they intend developing it at once.

The above-mentioned properties have been selected with great care, the company not restricting themselves to any one locality, their sole aim being to obtain territory in well-known producing districts. The company intend developing their lands immediately. On account of the low-priced subscription, this company offers superior inducements to those wishing to invest in oil stocks. The books are now open for a limited number of subscriptions at their office.

No. 400 CHESTNUT-STREET,
Room No. 17.

HENRY A. HEISER & SON,
NO. 44 PINE ST.,
DEALERS IN
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES
BUY AND SELL
QUARTERMASTERS' CHECKS AND VOUCHERS.

5-20 BONDS,
1-YEAR CERTIFICATES,
7-30 LOAN, AND EVERY FORM OF U. S. SECURITIES.

We invite the attention of Banks and parties desiring short investments to our assortment of United States Six per Cent. Debt Certificates. We have them on hand due in every month of the year, at rates that pay better interest than any security in the market.

FISK & HATCH,
BANKERS,
and dealers in Government Securities,
No. 38 Wall-st.,
receive orders for the
NEW 7-30 LOAN
and ave the notes always on hand for
IMMEDIATE DELIVERY.
Banks, Bankers and Dealers supplied on favorable terms.
All kinds of Government Securities bought and sold at market rates.

HAMILTON FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, No. 11 Wall-street.
CHARTERED, 1853.
CAPITAL.....$150,000.
SURPLUS..... 41,000.
NOTICE.
The Annual Election for Directors of the above Company will take place at the Office on the 2d January, 1865, between the hours of 12 and 2 o'clock.
The regular semi-annual Dividend of 4 per cent., ex Government tax, will be paid on and after the 5th January.
C. WINANS, Sec.

OFFICE OF THE DELAWARE AND HUDSON CANAL COMPANY, No. 29 WILLIAM-ST., CORNER OF EXCHANGE-PLACE, NEW-YORK, Dec. 20, 1864.
NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.—IN PURSUANCE of authority given at a meeting of the stockholders of the Delaware and Hudson Canal Company, held on the 21st day of April last, there will be apportioned among such persons as shall be stockholders in said Company on the 13th day of January next, twelve thousand five hundred shares of new stock, in the ratio of one share to every seven shares of stock then held by each stockholder; certificates of stock so apportioned will be ready for delivery to those entitled to the same, on and after the 1st day of February next, (same day on which the usual cash dividend will be paid.)
No scrip will be issued for fractions of a share, but the number of shares representing the aggregate of such fractions will be sold at public auction on the 26th day of January, and the net proceeds will be paid to the stockholders on and after the 1st day of February next, according to their respective interests.
The Government tax on the above-mentioned apportionment will be paid by the Company. By order of the Board.
ISAAC N. SEYMOUR, Treasurer.

OFFICE OF THE MARIPOSA COMPANY, No. 24 Wall-st., New-York.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT AT the drawing this day made of twenty-five of the First Mortgage Bonds of the Company for redemption, the following Bonds numbered 80, 116, 141, 242, 293, 319, 400, 451, 464, 552, 606, 612, 748, 757, 765, 842, 857, 945, 990, 1037, 1168, 1217, 1314, 1372, 1383, were drawn by lot, and that the same will be paid in Gold on presentation at the office of the Company on MONDAY, the 2d day of January next, the first day of the month being Sunday. The Bonds so drawn must be presented for payment within ten days of the 1st day of January next, under penalty of the forfeiture of the right of redemption under this drawing. By order of the Board.
DATED 5th Dec., 1864. W. TITUS, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE MARIPOSA COMPANY, No. 24 Wall-st., New-York.
Notice is hereby given, that the Coupons of the First Mortgage Bonds of the Company, falling due on the 1st day of January next, will be paid in Gold, on presentation at the office of the Company, on an after MONDAY, the 2d day of January next.
DATED 5th Dec., 1864. W. TITUS, Secretary.

STATE OF ILLINOIS, TREASURER'S OFFICE, SPRINGFIELD, Dec. 7, 1864.
PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that the Treasurer of the State of Illinois will, on and after the first MONDAY of January next, until the 16th day of said month inclusive, be ready, at the American Exchange Bank, in the city of New-York, to pay the interest maturing on the first Monday of January, 1865, on the Public Debt of the State of Illinois.
The interest then due, and not called for prior to the said 16th day of January, 1865, will thereafter be paid only at the office of the Treasurer of the State of Illinois, in the city of Springfield.
Holders of Illinois and Michigan Canal Bonds, with Coupons exhausted, are required to present the bonds.
ALEXANDER STARNS,
State Treasurer of Illinois.

OFFICE OF THE ATLANTIC MUTUAL INS. CO., No. 51 Wall-st., NEW-YORK, Dec. 14, 1864.
THE BOOKS OF THIS COMPANY WILL close on the 31st inst., preparatory to its annual statement. Persons holding policies on risks which shall have terminated during the year, prior to 1st January next, are requested to furnish an account of the premiums thereon, and a statement of all claims for return of premiums to prevent discrepancies in the accounts.
J. H. CHAPMAN, Acting Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE PACIFIC MUTUAL INSURANCE CO., TRINITY BUILDING, No. 111 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, Dec. 19, 1864.
THE BOOKS OF THIS COMPANY WILL close on the 31st inst., preparatory to its annual statement. Persons holding policies on risks which shall have terminated during the year, are requested to furnish an account of the premiums thereon, and a statement of all claims for return of premium, to prevent discrepancies in the accounts.
THOS. HALE, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE HARMONY FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE CO., No. 50 Wall-st., NEW-YORK, Dec. 19, 1864.
THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS and Inspectors of Election of this Company, will be held at the office, No. 50 Wall-st., on MONDAY, the second day of January next.
Polls open from 10½ until 11 o'clock A. M.
DANIEL D. GASSNER, Secretary.

OFFICE SANDUSKY, MANSFIELD AND NEWARK RAILROAD CO., SANDUSKY, Dec. 20, 1864.
THE HOLDERS OF THE BONDS OF this Company are hereby notified that the interest warrants falling due on the first day of January, 1865, issued with bonds, will be paid at maturity at the office of E. T. H. Gibson, Esq., No. 54 William-st., New-York.
C. L. BOALT, President.

TO PETROLEUM COMPANIES AND OPERATORS IN OIL STOCKS.—I solicit orders for the sale of oil stocks and subscription agencies for new companies. ALVIN WILKINS, Stock Broker.
Detroit, Michigan.

EIGHTH NATIONAL BANK, No. 650 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, Dec. 15, 1864.
THE ANNUAL ELECTION OF DIRECTORS of this bank will be held at the banking rooms, on TUESDAY, Jan. 10, 1865. Polls open from 12 M. to 1 P. M. CHAS. HUDSON, Cashier.

CHOICE PETROLEUM LANDS AND Leases for sale, selected by a competent and experienced agent. Correspondence is invited. Apply to or address D. C. STURGES & CO., McConnellsville, Morgan County, Ohio.

FOR SALE—$300,000 COLUMBUS AND INDIANAPOLIS Central Railway First Mortgage Sinking Fund, seven per cent. Bond, 40 years to run, by
G. S. ROBBINS & SON, No. 54 William-st.

MONEY TO LOAN ON BOND AND MORTGAGE—In sums of from $3,000 to $20,000. Apply to ADAMS & YOUNG, No. 170 Broadway.

FINANCIAL.

OIL PROPERTY FOR SALE.

BURNETT PROPERTY,
ON
PAINT CREEK,

About two miles from its mouth, on the Clarion River. Saw-mills on this property, and heavily covered with white pine and other timber, which alone would pay a dividend on $500,000. Also, coal in abundance, one large vein now being developed. At the present price of coal in this county, a large sum could be derived from this branch alone, 250 acres.

KANE FARM, 250 acres, on Clarion River, 10 miles above Clarion town, and 14 miles from Brookfield, the capital of Jefferson County. This territory has one and a half miles front on Clarion River, and from surface indications there is no better oil lands in this State—wells are now going down on the adjoining properties, with good show of oil. This land can bought at the low price of $100 per acre.

Nine acres in Cherry Tree Run, a most valuable piece of oil property, surrounded by large flowing and producing wells. This piece of land, once developed, will prove as remunerative as the entire territory of the most favored oil companies, and can be bought low.

106 acres on Patchel Run, in Sugar Creek Township. This property is only two miles from the town of Franklin. There are two runs through this land, with several deep cuts or ravines, well adapted for boring purposes. Also, on this land there is limestone, and five feet veins of coal. Timber in abundance for all purposes. Can be had for $18,000.

193 acres near Franklin and near French Creek. Through a portion of this land there is coal, varying from two to five feet thick; also, in one end limestone, which is now much wanted in this region, can be had in abundance. About 30 acres of this land shows the most favored prospects for oil yet discovered on French Creek. This entire piece of land can now be bought for $25,000.

318 acres valuable coal land near the Alleghany River, being directly in the rear of the Roberts Oil Company's property. Three feet coal veins now open and working. This piece of land could be made to prove most profitable if in the hands of an energetic company.

160 acres land near East Sandy, in Cranberry Township, heavily timbered, and underlaid with many large veins of coal, which would prove a great saving to any company who possessed this territory. About eighty acres of this land is adapted to boring purposes, showing the same surface indications as are to be found on Oil Creek and Cherry Run. Price, $25,000.

185 acres of land in Jefferson County, Penn., near the great oil region of the Clarion River. On this property there is valuable timber, and underlaid with heavy coal veins, a few of which have already been opened. The oil indications are very similar to those met with on Cherry Run. This piece of property can now be purchased at a very low price. As yet, there has been but little attention paid to this region, but, from present indications, the land in this region will shortly command as fabulous prices as land on Oil Creek. The coal alone on this territory, calculated at two cents per bushel, will more than pay for the whole property in eighteen months.

106 acres in Cranberry Township, Venango County, being near East Sandy, and not far from the Alleghany River. Williams Run goes through this entire property. Near by there are several runs, one of which is now producing largely. Coal is found on adjoining territory. Prospects of this land proving largely productive, either for oil or coal, are not surpassed by any land in this county. This farm can be had for $16,000.

1 acre and 22 perches, being a small piece of valuable boring land in Venango County, which can be had either on lease or can be purchased in fee simple. There are few opportunities for purchasing such a small piece of land in this county. Can be bought cheap.

1,000 acres of land in the Western oil region of Virginia. This territory is located near and is surrounded by some of the most valuable oil territory in this State. Can be bought either in part or the whole tract.

SIMPSON, JANNEY & CO.,
Room No. 17, No. 400 Chestnut-st., Philadelphia.

H. J. MESSENGER,
BANKER,
NO. 129 BROADWAY,
Will receive subscriptions to the NEW 7-30 TREASURY NOTES, and 10-40 BONDS, and allow the usual commissions.
We buy and sell at market rates,
U. S. 5-20 BONDS.
U. S. 6s, OF 1881.
U. S. ONE-YEAR CERTIFICATES,
U. S. QUARTERMASTER'S CHECKS.
U. S. 7-30 NOTES converted into 6s of '81.
U. S. CERTIFICATES COLLECTED.
Also, Gold, Silver, Canada and Uncurrent Money Bought and Sold at best rates,
ACCOUNTS of Banks, Bankers and Individuals received on favorable terms.

OFFICE WELLS, FARGO &, Co., No. 84 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, Oct. 20, 1864.
TELEGRAPH TRANSFERS OF MONEY TO CALIFORNIA AND OREGON made, and Exchange on
SAN FRANCISCO,
LONDON,
DUBLIN and
PARIS.
For sale by
WELLS, FARGO & CO.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK.
JERSEY CITY, Dec. 14, 1864.
The undersigned, Commissioners to receive subscriptions to the increased capital stock of this Bank, hereby gives notice that 500 shares of such increased capital at $100 per share remains unawarded to the present stockholders, and are open for subscription by the public until the 26th day of December inst., at 12 o'clock M., when it will be awarded to the highest bidders for the same, but no bids will be received at less than par, and the Commissioners reserve the right to reject any bids not deemed for the interest of the Bank.
Payments for the stock when awarded will be required to be made at the Bank, on or before the 1st day of January next, with interest from November 1st, 1864.
J. S. FOX,
S. ALOFSEN,
A. H. WALLIS,
Commissioners.

WISCONSIN STATE BONDS.
We are authorized to offer a limited amount of the Bonds of the State of Wisconsin on favorable terms. The Bonds draw interest at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum, and have Coupons attached payable in the City of New-York. They are redeemable at different periods from 1877 to 1888, and the principal is also payable in the City of New-York.
The entire debt of the State is but $2,050,000, and these Bonds are in every respect a choice investment.
Further particulars may be obtained upon inquiry at our office.
Fiek & HATCH, Bankers,
No. 36 Wall-st., New-York.

OFFICE OF SHELDEN AND COLUMBIA COPPER CO., No. 22 WILLIAM-ST., NEW-YORK, Nov. 22, 1864.
SALES OF FORFEITED STOCK.—THE following stock in the Sheldon and Columbia Copper Company is forfeited for non-payment of installment due Sept. 26, 1864, and that the same will be sold at public auction at the office of the Secretary of the company, No. 22 William-st., on the 31st day of December, at 3 o'clock P. M., unless previously redeemed, viz.: Certificate No. 34, name of W. H. Morton, 50 shares; No. 20, John Simpkins, 25 shares; No. 49, B. F. Woodward, 5 shares; No. 55, Herman Brahe, 25 shares; No. 72, James M. Shute, Jr., 50 shares; No. 77, John Richardson, 25 shares.
HENRY PHELPS, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE TRUSTEES OF CREDITORS AND STOCKHOLDERS OF THE OHIO AND MISSISSIPPI R. R. COMPANY, (EASTERN DIVISION,) No. 88 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK, Dec. 19, 1864.
THE INTEREST DUE JAN. 1, 1865, ON the Preferred Certificates issued by this Trust will be paid on and after the 3d day of January, at this office, to those in whose name said Certificates stand registered, on the 24th inst.
The transfer books, both of Common and Preferred Certificates, will be closed at 2 P. M., on the 24th inst., and opened Jan. 5, 1865, at 10 A. M.
By order of the Trustees.
ALLAN CAMPBELL, Chairman.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE, BUREAU OF THE RECEIVER OF TAXES, No. 32 CHAMBERS-STREET.
NOTICE TO TAXPAYERS.—NOTICE IS hereby given that an additional One Per Cent. will be added on the 15th inst., to all taxes unpaid on that day. On the 1st of January following, interest at the rate of Twelve Per Cent. will accrue, to be calculated from the 10th day of October, 1864, to the date of payment.
JOHN MURPHY, Receiver.

DIVIDENDS.

ATLANTIC BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK, New-York, Dec. 20, 1864.
DIVIDEND.—THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS have this day declared, out of the profits of the last six months, a Dividend of Five per Cent., payable to stockholders, free of Government tax, on and after Jan. 3, 1865. The book of transfer will be closed from Dec. 28 to Jan. 4. By order. R. W. R. FREEMAN, Cashier.

IMPORTERS' AND TRADERS' BANK, NEW-YORK, Dec. 21, 1864.
A DIVIDEND OF FIVE PER CENT. OUT of the earnings of the past six months, free from Government tax, will be paid to the Stockholders of this bank on and after the 3d day of January next, until which time the transfer books will be closed. By order of the board. JAMES BUELL, Cashier.

THE PARK BANK, NEW-YORK, Dec. 20, 1864.
DIVIDEND NOTICE.—THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS have this day declared a Semi-annual Dividend of Six Per Cent. on the capital stock, free of Government tax, payable to the stockholders on the 31st December inst. The transfer books will be closed from the 21st to 31st December, inclusive.
J. L. WORTH, Cashier.

MANUFACTURERS' AND MERCHANTS' BANK, New-York, Dec. 13, 1864.
DIVIDEND.—THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS have this day declared a dividend of five per cent., payable to stockholders, free of Government tax, on and after the 3d day of January next.
Transfer Books will be closed from Dec. 27 to 31 January, inclusive.
A. MASTERTON, Cashier.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.—EIGHTH NATIONAL BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK.—The Board of Directors have this day declared a dividend of five per cent. (free from Government tax) out of the profits of the Bank, payable on and after the 3d January, 1865. The transfer books will be closed from the 26th inst. to 4th prox.
CHAS. HUDSON, Cashier.

A DIVIDEND OF THREE DOLLARS PER share (free from Government tax) has been declared